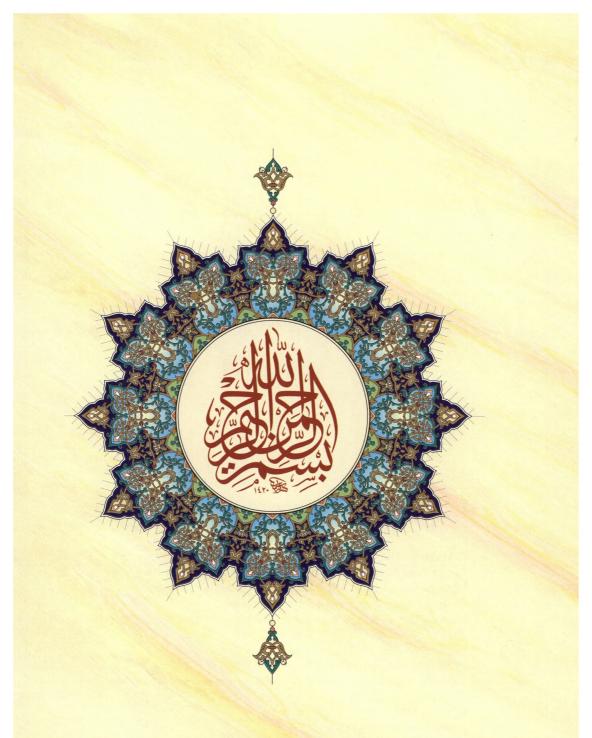
Study the Noble Qur'ân Word-for-Word

Volume 2

(Part 1150) The first Coloured Word-for-Word English translation to understand the meanings of Arabic Verses along with grammatical terms

> Compiled by Darussalam





In the Name of Allah, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful

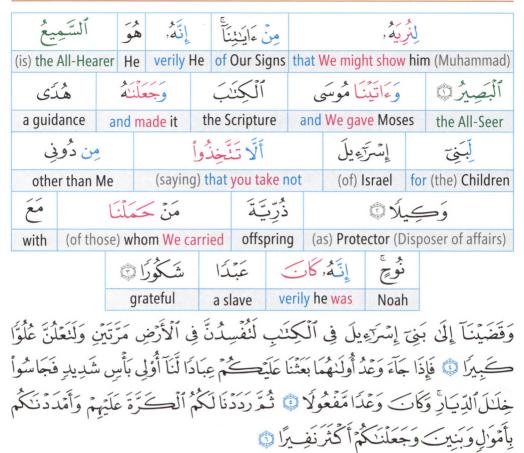
سُبْحَنَ ٱلَّذِى آَسَرَى بِعَبَدِهِ لَيْلَامِّنِ ٱلْمَسْجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ إِلَى ٱلْمَسْجِدِ ٱلْأَقْصَا ٱلَّذِى بَرَكُنَاحَوْلَهُ, لِنُرِيَهُ, مِنْ اَيَنِنَأَ إِنَّهُ, هُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ ٱلْبَصِيرُ ۞وَ اتَيْنَامُوسَى ٱلْكِنَبَ وَجَعَلْنَهُ هُدَى لِبَنِي إِسْرَةٍ بِلَ أَلَّا تَنَحِذُواْ مِن دُونِي وَكِيلًا ۞ ذُرِّيَّةَ مَنْ حَمَلْنَا مَعَ نُوحَ إِنَّهُ, كَانَ عَبْدَا شَكُورًا ۞

Surah Al-Isra' (The Journey by Night) 17

In the Name of Allāh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

1. Glorified (and Exalted) is He (Allāh) [above all that (evil) they associate with Him] Who took His slave (Muhammad **ﷺ**) for a journey by night from *Al-Masjid Al-Harām* (at Makkah) to *Al-Masjid Al-Aqsā* (in Jerusalem), the neighbourhood whereof We have blessed, in order that We might show him (Muhammad **ﷺ**) of Our *Ayāt* (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, etc.). Verily, He is the All-Hearer, the All-Seer. 2. And We gave Mūsā (Moses) the Scripture and made it a guidance for the Children of Israel (saying): "Take none other than Me as (your) *Wakīl* (Protector, Lord, or Disposer of your affairs, etc). 3. "O offspring of those whom We carried (in the ship) with Nūh (Noah)! Verily, he was a grateful slave."

ٱلْرَحِيَتِ		ٱلرَّحْمَرِي			مَنْ اللَّهِ			
the Most Merciful		the Most (Gracious	I	In the Name (of) Allah			
بعبده		ٱلَّذِيٓ أَسْرَىٰ			سبتحن			
His slave (Muhammad)	rney)	Glorified	(and	d Exalted is)				
إِلَى ٱلْمَسْجِدِ		ٱلْحَرَامِ	مِّن ٱلْمَسْجِدِ			لَيْلًا		
to the Mosque (in Jerus	alem)	Sacred	from the Mosque (at Makkal			h)	(by) night	
لْأَقْصَا ٱلَّذِى بَنَرَكْنَا حَوْلَهُ.								
We blessed around it	whereof)	W	hich		farthest			

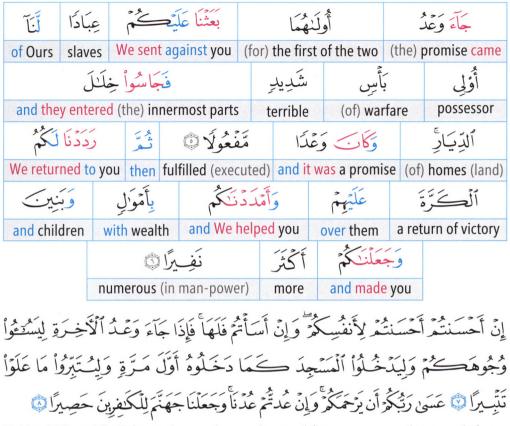


4. And We decreed for the Children of Israel in the Scripture: indeed you would do mischief in the land twice and you will become tyrants and extremely arrogant! 5. So, when the promise came for the first of the two, We sent against you slaves of Ours given to terrible warfare. They entered the very innermost parts of your homes. And it was a promise (completely) fulfilled. 6. Then We gave you a return of victory over them. And We helped you with wealth and children and made you more numerous in man-power.

كِنْبِ	فِي ٱلْ	يلَ	إِسْرَاءِ	إِلَىٰ بَنِيَ	وَقَضَيْنَا			
in the Sc	ripture	(of)	Israel	for (the) Children	and We decreed			
يني	مرَّت		لَنُفْسِدُنَّ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ					
tw	vice		indeed you would do mischief in the earth					
فَإِذَا	كَبِيرًا ١			عَلَنَّ عَلَوًا	وَلَنَ			
so when	(with) ext	reme	and indeed you will become tyrants (and) arroga					

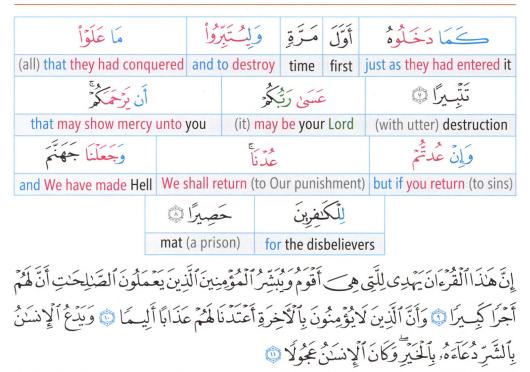
Part - 15

Part - 15



7. (And We said): "If you do good, you do good for your ownselves, and if you do evil (you do it) against yourselves." Then, when the second promise came to pass, (We permitted your enemies) to disgrace your faces and to enter the mosque (of Jerusalem) as they had entered it before, and to destroy with utter destruction all that fell in their hands. 8. [And We said in the Taurāt (Torah)]: "It may be that your Lord may show mercy to you, but if you return (to sins), We shall return (to Our punishment). And We have made Hell a prison for the disbelievers.

وَإِنْ أَسَاتُهُمُ)	<u>يل</u> : -	المُو لِأَنفُسِكُمُ	إِنْ أَحْسَنْتُمُ		
and if you do e	evil	you	do good for y	vourselves	if you do good	
ٱلْأَخِرَةِ	عَدُ	جَاءَ وَ	فَإِذَا	فلها		
the last (second)	came	promise	then when	then (it is) for	it (against yourselves)	
جِدَ	وَ ٱلْمَسَ	28-	لِيَسْتَعُوا وُجُوهَ			
and to enter	the Mo	sque (of J	to disgrace your faces			



9. Verily, this Qur'ān guides to that which is most just and right and gives glad tidings to the believers (in the Oneness of Allāh and His Messenger Muhammad **ﷺ**), who work deeds of righteousness, that they shall have a great reward (Paradise). 10. And that those who believe not in the Hereafter, for them We have prepared a painful torment (Hell). 11. And man invokes (Allāh) for evil as he invokes (Allāh) for good and man is ever hasty [i.e., if he is angry with somebody, he invokes (saying): "O Allāh! Curse him," and that one should not do, but one should be patient].

	أقوم		\leq	-A		لِلَّتِي	ړی	ř.	ٱنَ	ٱلْقُرْء	ذا	í	ا الت
(is) mo	st just (right)	wh	hich guides to		s to f	o that Qur		ur'an	th	is	verily	
أَنَّ					ن يع	وَيُبَشِّرُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ٱلْنَدِينَ يَعَ							
that	that righteous deeds				who do and gives glad tidings to the b					oelievers			
خرة	بِٱلْأ	بنُونَ	د يۇ	لَّذِينَ ٱ	Ĩ	5	وأ	يرًا	كَب	أجرا	:		A A
in the He	ereafter	those w	vho <mark>b</mark>	elieve	not	and	that	gre	eat	a rewa	rd th	ey (s	hall) <mark>have</mark>
بِٱلشَّرِ	ر م سن	عُ ٱلْإِذ	ويد		مَا	أَلِي	Ĺ	عَذَا		ſ	نا هُ	أعتد	Ē
for evil	and	man <mark>inv</mark>	okes	pa	ainfu	IL	a to	a torment We have prepared f			for them		

art - 1

عَجُولًا ٢	وَكَانَ ٱلْإِنسَكْنُ	بِٱلْحَايَرِ	دعاءة و
hasty	and man is	for the good	(as) he invokes

وَجَعَلْنَا ٱلَيَّلَ وَٱلنَّهَارَ ءَايَنَيْنَ فَمَحَوْنَاءَايَةَ ٱلَيَّلِ وَجَعَلْنَاءَايَةَ ٱلنَّهَارِ مُبْصِرَةً لِتَبْتَغُواْ فَضْلًا مِّن رَّبِكُمْ وَلِتَعْلَمُواْ عَكَدَدَ ٱلسِّنِينَ وَٱلْحِسَابَ وَكُلَّ شَىْءٍ فَصَلْنَهُ تَفْصِيلًا ۞ وَكُلَّ إِنسَنٍ ٱلْزَمْنَهُ طَبَيِرَهُ, فِي عُنْقِهِ - وَنْخُرْجُ لَهُ, يَوْمَ ٱلْقِينَمَةِ حِتَبًا يَلْقَدُهُ مَنْشُورًا ۞

12. And We have appointed the night and the day as two *Ayāt* (signs etc.). Then, We have obliterated the sign of the night (with darkness) while We have made the sign of the day illuminating, that you may seek bounty from your Lord, and that you may know the number of the years and the reckoning. And We have explained everything (in detail) with full explanation. 13. And We have fastened every man's deeds to his neck, and on the Day of Resurrection, We shall bring out for him a Book which he will find wide open.

ر بر ^{سط} بناین	le	لنَّهَارَ	وأ			لَيْتَلَ	جَعَلْنَا أ	9		
(as) two	signs	and the	day	y and We have made (appointed					he night	
Ĩ	مَعَلْنًا ءَايَ	ر . و ر	لِ	فَمَحَوْنًا ءَايَةً						
and We ha	ave made	(the) sign	(of) th	ne night	1	then We ha	ave obli	terated	(the) sign	
ڗۜڹؚؚڴۄۛ	مِّن	ر تغوأ فَضَ	لِتَبْ		بَّهَادِ مُبْصِرَةً					
from you	ır Lord	may see	k bount	y	illuminating (of) the da					
ت د	وٱلجساب	لينينَ	ٱللِّ	وَلِتَعْ لَمُوا عَـدَدَ						
and the re	ckoning	(counting)	(of) the	years	an	d that you	may kn	ow (the	e) number	
وَڪُلَ		تَغْصِيلًا			كُلَّ شَىءٍ فَصَّلْنَهُ					
and every	(with) f u	III explanati	on We l	nave ex	olair	n <mark>ed</mark> [it] (in	detail)	thing	and every	
وو <u>س</u> عنقرمے	في ا	تېرە.	Í			ألزمنك			إِنْسَنِ	
to his I	to his neck his d			We	e ha	ve fastene	<mark>d to</mark> him	1 I	man	
ك	ٱلْقِيَنَمَةِ كِتَبًا			يو		که و لکه و		ونخرج		
a Book	(of) Res	surrection	ection (on the			for him	and W	/e shall	bring out	

مَنشُورًا ٢ بكقنه wide open which he will find

ٱقْرَأْ كِنْبَكَ كَفَى بِنَفْسِكَ ٱلْيَوْمَ عَلَيْكَ حَسِيبًا ٥ مَّنِ ٱهْتَدَىٰ فَإِنَّمَا يَهْتَدِى لِنَفْسِحِ وَمَن ضَلَّ فَإِنَّ مَا يَضِلُّ عَلَيْها وَلَا نَزِرُ وَازِرَةٌ وِزَرَ أَخْرَى وَمَا كُنَّا مُعَذِّبِينَ حَتَّى نَبْعَثَ رَسُولًا ۞ وَإِذَا أَرَدْنَا أَن نُهُ لِكَ قَرْيَةً أَمَرْنَا مُتَرَفِبِها فَفَسَقُواْ فِبِها فَحَقَّ عَلَيْها ٱلْقَوْلُ فَدَمَّرْنَهَا تَدْمِيرًا ۞

14. (It will be said to him): "Read your Book. You yourself are sufficient as a reckoner against you this Day." 15. Whoever goes right, then he goes right only for the benefit of his ownself. And whoever goes astray, then he goes astray to his own loss. No one laden with burdens can bear another's burden. And We never punish until We have sent a Messenger (to give warning). 16. And when We decide to destroy a town (population), We (first) send a definite order (to obey Allāh and be righteous) to those among them [or We (first) increase in number those of its population] who lead a life of luxury. Then, they transgress therein, and thus the word (of torment) is justified against it (them). Then We destroy it with complete destruction.

عَلَيْكَ	ٱلْيَوْم		فمسيك	كفي بِنَ		کَ	ٱقْرَأْ كِنْبَلَ
against you	today (this Day	you you	ourself	are suffi	read	d your Book	
فَإِنَّمَا	دَىٰ	مَّنِ أَهْمَ	حَسِيبًا ٢				
then only	whoeve	r goes right		(as) a	a reck	oner (ad	countant)
فَإِنَّمَا	وَمَن		یَہْتَدِی لِنَفْسِهِ ۖ			يَهْتَا	
then only	and whoeve	er goes astra	ay	he goes right for his ownself			
	وَلَا نُزِرُ وَازِرَةٌ		يَضِلُّ عَلَيْهَا				
and one lade	n with burdens <mark>ca</mark>	n not bear	le l	ne goes as	stray a	against l	nis ownself
, رَسُولًا ٢	حَتّى نَبْعَث	يَدْبِينَ	ور و کنا مع	وَمَا	قلم پی	<u>م</u> أخر	وِزْرَ
until We have s	<mark>ent</mark> a Messenger	and We are	e not p	unishing	(of) a	nother	(the) burden
فيبها		، قَرْيَةً	أَن تُجْلِكَ		نا	وَإِذَا أَرَدْنَا	
We order its we	ople to des	stroy a	village (t	own)	and wh	en We decide	

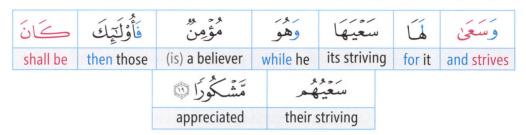
AL-ISRĀ'-17 PART-15

ٱلْقَوْلُ		عَلَيْهَا	حقّ	ف	فيها		ففسقوا
the word (of torr	ment)	against <mark>it</mark>	thus is ju	istified	in it	the	n they transgress
		تَدْمِيرًا ٢	Ś	فك مردنها			
	(with complete) destruction then We destroy it						
إبَصِيرًا ۞ مَّن كَانَ	ہے خبِیر	بِذُنُوبِ عِبَادِهِ	وَكَفَىٰ بِرَبِّكَ	يد ب ^{و ند} تعدِ نوج	ونِ مِنْ بَ	، القر	وَكُمْ أَهْلَكُنَا مِنَ
يَصْلَنها مَذْمُومًا	جَهُتُمَ	مر جعَلْنَا لَهُ	ین بر مرج کن نیرِید ث	مَانَشَآءُ لِهُ	، فيها أ	لَنَا لَهُ	يُرِيدُ ٱلْعَاجِلَةَ عَجَّ
أُوْلَبِيكَ كَانَ	ؤَمِنٌ فَ	م میکا وہو م	مَىٰ لَهُمَا سَ	رة وَسَ	اً أَلْأَخِ	أراد	مَّدْخُورًا ۞ وَمَنْ
							سَعْيَهُم مَّشْكُورًا

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17. And how many generations have We destroyed after Nūh (Noah)! And Sufficient is your Lord as Well-Acquainted and All-Beholder of the sins of His slaves. 18. Whoever desires the quick-passing (transitory enjoyment of this world), We readily grant him what We will for whom We like. Then, afterwards, We have appointed for him Hell; he will burn therein disgraced and rejected (far away from Allāh's Mercy). 19. And whoever desires the Hereafter and strives for it, with the necessary effort due for it (i.e. does righteous deeds of Allāh's obedience) while he is a believer (in the Oneness of Allāh – Islamic Monotheism) – then such are the ones whose striving shall be appreciated, (thanked and rewarded by Allāh).

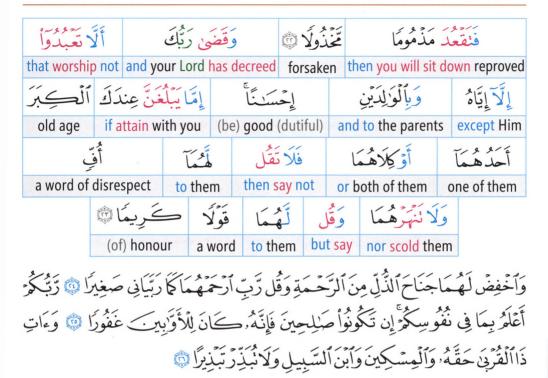
بو قلم نوج	مِنْ بَعْدِ			وكم أهلكنا							
Noah	after	[from] th	ne generat	ions (cent	uries)	and ho	ow man	y We	have o	destroyed	
بيرًا					بِرَبِّكَ بِذُنُوبِ عِبَادِ				وكفى		
All-See	er (as)	All-Know	ver (of) l	His slaves	<mark>of</mark> (th	(the) sins your Lord			and Sufficient		
فيهكا		عَجَّلْنَا لَهُ	-		يُرِيدُ ٱلْعَاجِلَةَ					مَّن	
in it	We quic	kly grant	[<mark>for</mark>] him	wishes (v	vants)	the qui	ck-pass	ing	[was]	whoever	
جهتم		کې له	جعكنا		مر ثمر	بر ل	بَن نَّر <u>ِب</u>	ل	و و	مَا نَشَآ	
Hell	We ha	ve appoin	i <mark>ted</mark> (made	e) for him	then	to wh	oever <mark>V</mark>	Ve wi	ll wha	at We like	
رة	وَمَنْ أَرَادَ ٱلْآخِرَةَ				للدحو	وِمًا أَ	مذمو		يصكنها		
desire	desires the Hereafter and who			ver rej	ected	disg	raced	he v	e will burn therein		



كُلَّا نُمِدُ هَتَوُلَاً وَهِنَوُلاً مِنْ عَطاء رَبِّكَ وَمَاكَانَ عَطاء رَبِّكَ مَعْفُورً ٥ ٱنظر كَيْفَ فَضَّلْنَا بَعْضَهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضٍ وَلَلاَخِرَةُ أَكْبَرُ دَرَجَنتِ وَأَكْبَرُ تَفْضِيلَا ٥ لَآبَحَ اللَّهِ إِلَىهَاءَ اخَرَ فَنَقَعُدَ مَذْمُومًا تَخْذُولًا ٥ ٢ وَقَضَى رَبُّكَ أَلَّا تَعْبُدُوٓا إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ وَبِٱلْوَلِدَيْنِ إِحْسَنَاً إِمَّا يَبْلُغَنَ عِندَكَ ٱلْحِبَرَ أَحَدُهُمَا أَوْكِلَاهُ مَافَلا تَقْبُدُوٓا إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ وَبِالْوَلِدَيْنِ وَقُل لَهُ مَا فَرًا نَقُل لَهُ مَا فَرَا تَقُرُ هُمَا أَوْ وَلَا نَهُ مُعْلَا مَعْ أَعْرَ

20. On each – these as well as those – We bestow from the Bounties of your Lord. And the Bounties of your Lord can never be forbidden. 21. See how We prefer some of them to others (in this world), and verily, the Hereafter will be greater in degrees and greater in preferment. 22. Set not up with Allāh any other *ilāh* (god), (O man)! (This Verse is addressed to Prophet Muhammad **20**, but its implication is general to all mankind), or you will sit down reproved, forsaken (in the Hell-fire). 23. And your Lord has decreed that you worship none but Him. And that you be dutiful to your parents. If one of them or both of them attain old age in your life, say not to them a word of disrespect, nor shout at them but address them in terms of honour.

رَبِّک		مِنْ عَطَآءِ		وَهَنَؤُلَاءِ	هَتَوُ ^ل اًء	و د	م تم	Ĭ
(of) your	Lord	from (the) Bounty (gi	ft)	and those	these	We p	orovide	each
نظر کَیفَ	Ĩ	<u>مَحْظُورًا</u>		رَبِّك	طآء	14	كَانَ	وَمَا
see how	fo	orbidden (restricted)	(of)	your Lord	(the) Bo	unty	and w	as not
كَبَرُ	Î	<u>وَلَلْأَ</u> خِرَةُ		عَلَى بَعْضٍ	5	د رو د عضها	ضَّلْنَا بَ	ف
(will be) g	reater	and verily the Herea	after	over other	rs We pr	eferred	some c	of them
ءَاخُوَ	إِلَىٰهًا	لَّا تَجْعَلُ مَعَ ٱللَّهِ	C	فضِيلًا	بر ت	وَأَدْ	نت	درج
another	god	set not up with Alla	h (i	n) preferenc	e and g	reater	(in) degrees	



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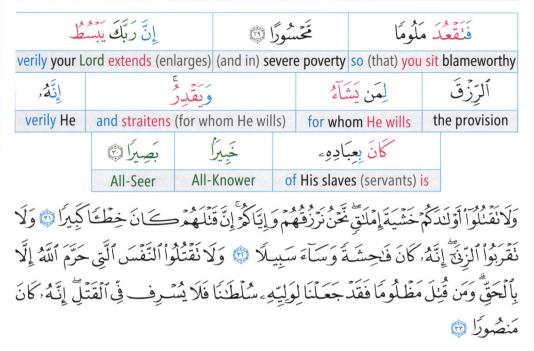
24. And lower to them the wing of submission and humility through mercy, and say: "My Lord! Bestow on them Your Mercy as they did bring me up when I was young." 25. Your Lord knows best what is in your inner-selves. If you are righteous, then, verily, He is Ever Most Forgiving to those who turn to Him again and again in obedience, and in repentance. 26. And give to the kinsman his due and to the *Miskīn* (needy) and to the wayfarer. But spend not wastefully (your wealth) in the manner of a spendthrift.

وَقُل) ٱلرَّحْمَةِ	مِنَ	ٱلذَّلِ		نَاحَ	í.	لَهُمَا	وٱخْفِضْ
and say	through me	ercy	(of) submission (hun	(the) wing		to them	and lower	
Į.	صَغِيرًا ١		كما رَبَّيَانِي	رَّبِّ ٱرْحَمَّهُمَا				
(when I w	vas) small (yo	oung)	as they raised me	ord bestow on them Mercy				
مَنْلِحِينَ	إِن تَكُونُوا م		في نفو سِکُو	بم		أُعْلَمُ	ڗۜڹؙؙۜڮۄ	
if you ar	e righteous	(is)	in your inner-selves	[of]	what	kno	ws best	your Lord
فَإِنَّهُ. كَانَ لِلْأُوَّابِينَ غَفُورًا ٢								
is Most-Forgiving to those who often turn (unto Him) then verily He								



27. Verily, the spendthrifts are brothers of the *Shayātīn* (devils), and the *Shaitān* (Devil-Satan) is ever ungrateful to his Lord. 28. And if you (O Muhammad) turn away from them (kindred, needy, wayfarer, whom We have ordered you to give their rights, but if you have no money at the time they ask you for it) and you are awaiting a mercy from your Lord for which you hope, then, speak to them a soft, kind word (i.e. Allāh will give me and I shall give you). 29. And let not your hand be tied (like a miser) to your neck, nor stretch it forth to its utmost reach (like a spendthrift), so that you become blameworthy and in severe poverty. 30. Truly, your Lord enlarges the provision for whom He wills and straitens (for whom He wills). Verily, He is Ever Well-Acquainted, All-Seer of His slaves.

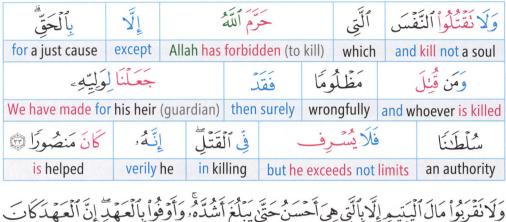
لرَبِّمِء	0				ؘ ڵۺ <u>ۜ</u> ؽؘڟؚؾؚ	إِخُوْنَ ٱ	كَانُوَأ		إِنَّ ٱلْمُبَدِّرِينَ		
to his Lord	and	the Devil	-Satan	n is (of) the dev	ils are bro	others verily the spendthr				
بِن رَّبِّك	يْغَاءَ رَحْمَةٍ مِن رَّبِكَ		يتفآء	أب	یو رود تعرضت عنهم			وَإِمَّا		كَفُورًا	
from your Lord a mercy		a mercy	seeki	ng y	you turn away from ther			em and if		(ever) ungrateful	
، يَدَكَ	تجعأ	وَلَا	م يَسُورًا ٢		قَوْلَا	ل محمر	نًل		١	یدو م ترجوه	
and let no	ot you	ir hand	kin	nd	a word to them		then	say	whic	n you hope	
ٱلْبَسْطِ	كُلَّ ٱلْبَسَطِ			وَلَا نَبْسُطُهُ			عنقيك		فَلُولَةً إِلَى عُنُقِدَ		مَغْلُولَةً
reach (to its) utmost a		and	d stretch it not forth			our r	neck	be tied			



31. And kill not your children for fear of poverty. We shall provide for them as well as for you. Surely, the killing of them is a great sin. 32. And come not near to illegal sexual intercourse. Verily, it is a *Fāhishah* (i.e. anything that transgresses its limits: a great sin), and an evil way (that leads one to Hell unless Allāh forgives him). 33. And do not kill anyone whose killing Allāh has forbidden, except for a just cause. And whoever is killed wrongfully (*Mazlūman* intentionally with hostility and oppression and not by mistake), We have given his heir the authority [to demand *Qisās*, Law of Equality in punishment or to forgive, or to take *Diyah* (blood money)]. But let him not exceed limits in the matter of taking life (i.e. he should not kill except the killer). Verily, he is helped (by the Islamic law).

د جری م روجه م	نَرْزُ هُ هُمْ نَرْزُ هُ هُمْ		<u>سر</u> س	إِمْكُ	خشية	ندكم	وَلَا نُقْنِلُوا أَوْلَا			
provide for	provide for them		(of) poverty		(for) fear	and kill	not your children			
كَبِيرًا					بَاكُمْ إِنَّ قَنْلَهُمْ					
great	is	a sin (mis	stake)	verily	(the) killing	e) killing of them and (for) you				
كَانَ فَنْحِشَةً وَسَاءَ سَبِيلًا ٢				إنَّهُ	وَلَا نَقَرَبُوا ٱلزِّنَةَ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال					
and worst way is a great sin			at sin	verily it	erily it and approach (come near) not a					

سُورَةُ الإِسْرَاءِ -17 الجزء -15



وَلانَقْرَبُوا مَالَ الْمَتِيمِ إِلابِالَتِي هِى آحَسَنُ حَتَّى يَبَلَغُ أَشَدَّهُ، وَأَوْفُوا بِالْعَهْدِ إِنَّ ٱلْعَهْدَكَانَ مَسْخُولًا ۞ وَأَوْفُوا ٱلْكَيْلَ إِذَا كِلْتُمْ وَزِنُوا بِٱلْقِسْطَاسِ ٱلْمُسْتَقِيمُ ذَلِكَ خَيْرُ وَأَحْسَنُ تَأُو بِلَا ۞ وَلَا نَقْفُ مَالَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عِلْمُ إِنَّ ٱلسَّمْعَ وَٱلْبَصَرَ وَٱلْفُوَادَكُلُ أُوْلَئِيكَ كَانَ عَنْهُ مَسْخُولًا ۞

34. And come not near to the orphan's property except to improve it, until he attains the age of full strength. And fulfil (every) covenant. Verily, the covenant will be questioned about. 35. And give full measure when you measure, and weigh with a balance that is straight. That is good (advantageous) and better in the end. 36. And follow not (O man, i.e., say not or do not or witness not) that of which you have no knowledge. Verily, the hearing, and the sight, and the heart of each of those ones will be questioned (by Allāh).

		À	ٱلۡيَ		وَلَا نُقَرِبُوا مَالَ								
except		(of) th	e orp	han	and ap	proac	<mark>h</mark> (come	near) n	ot (to th	ne) wealth			
بِٱلْعَهْدِ		ۇقوا	وَأ	سر بخ لمره و	و مربح ببلغ أش	حتى ي		َ دَرِو أحسن	چی ا	بِٱلْتِي			
the covena	nt	and f	ulfil	until he a	ttains h	nis ma	turity	(is) best	t [it]	with what			
اكلتم					وأؤ	(ri	، مَسْعُولًا	كَانَ	٦	إِنَّ ٱلْعَهْ			
when you n	nea	asure	and g	jive full m	Ill measure is questioned about verily the cov								
وأحسن		99 7 M		ذَلِكَ	يتقيم	ارم الم	اسِ	بِٱلْقِسْطَ		وَزِنُوا			
and better	•	(is) g	ood	that	strai	ght	with	with balance		and weigh			
عِلْمُ		دطب	ى	لَيْسَ لَلَهُ	مَا	د م قف	وَلَا		بَدَ	تأوب			
knowledge	0	which you have not			t and follow not what interpretation (in the				(in the end)				

questioned [of it]

is

تَمْشِفِ ٱلْأَرْضِ مَرَحًا إِنَّكَ لَن تَخْرِقَ ٱلْأَرْضَ وَلَن تَبْلُغُ ٱلْجِبَالَ طُولًا ٢ كُلُّ ذَلِكَ كَانَ سَيَّحُهُ، عِندَرَبِّكَ مَكْرُوها ۞ ذَٰ لِكَ مِمَّا أَوْحَىٓ إِلَيْكَ رَبُّكَ مِنَ ٱلْحِكْمةِ وَلَا تَجْعَلُ مَعَ ٱللَّهِ إِنَّهَا ءَاخَرَفَنْلَقَىٰ فِيجَهَنَّمَ مَلُومًا مَّدْحُورًا ٢ أَفَأَصْفَنَكُمُ رَبُّكُم بِٱلْبَنِينَ وَٱتَّخذَمِنَ ٱلْمَلَيْبِكَةِ إِنَثًا إِنَّكُمْ لَنُقُولُونَ فَوَلَّا عَظِمًا ٥

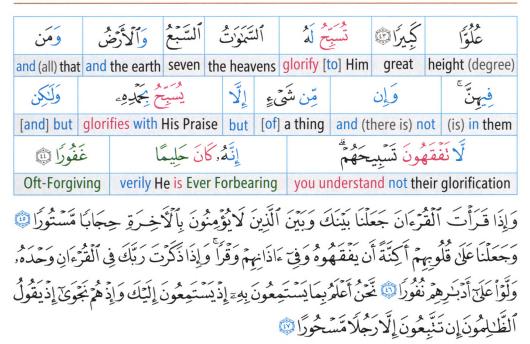
37. And walk not on the earth with conceit and arrogance. Verily, you can neither rend nor penetrate the earth nor can you attain a stature like the mountains in height. 38. All the bad aspects of these (the above mentioned things) are hateful to your Lord. 39. This is (part) of Al-Hikmah (wisdom, good manners and high character) which your Lord has revealed to you (O Muhammad 🜌). And set not up with Allah any other ilah (god) lest you should be thrown into Hell, blameworthy and rejected (from Allāh's Mercy). 40. Has then your Lord (O pagans of Makkah!) preferred for you sons, and taken for Himself from among the angels daughters? Verily, you indeed utter an awful saying.

إِنَّكَ			م <u>ل</u> حا	// مر-		Ċ	ٱلأرْضِ	في	C	تمشِر	وَلَا
verily yo	u	(with) cor	nceit (and arrog	jance)	on	the ea	arth	and	d wall	<pre>c not</pre>
ظُولًا ٢		بَالَ	م ألج	لِن تَبَلُ	é			ٱلأرْضَ	رِقَ	ن تخُ	J
(in) height	and	will never	attain	(reach) t	he mour	ntains	will n	ever per	netra	ite the	e earth
ذَالِكَ	مًا 🟟	مكروه	ی	رَبِّ	عِندَ	و و عرف و	سيد	كَانَ	نى	ذَلِلَ	كل
that	hat	teful	you	r Lord	to	its	evil	is	tł	nat	all
بَعَ ٱللَّهِ	قُعَلُ مُ	<u>و</u> َلَاجَ	رَبُّكَ مِنَ ٱلْحِكْمَةِ				يَكَ	وَحَيَّ إِلَ	Í	Ĩ	,
and set no	ot up v	with Allah	of th	ne wisdom	m your Lord revealed			l <mark>ed to</mark> y	ou	(is) o	f what
مكومًا	4	جَهَتُمَ	في		ور نلقی	<u>.</u>		.ر بو	ءَاخ		إِلَىٰ
blamewo	orthy	into H	ell	lest yo	u should	l be th	irown	and	other	•	god
بِٱلْبَنِينَ		رَبْحُم		أَفَأَصْفَكُور					(79	م حُورًا (مَدْ-
sons		your Lord	(has) then preferred for you? reje					reject	ed		



41. And surely, We have explained [Our Promises, Warnings and (set forth many) examples] in this Qur'ān that they (the disbelievers) may take heed, but it increases them in naught save aversion. 42. Say (O Muhammad **W** to these polytheists, pagans): "If there had been other *ālihah* (gods) along with Him as they assert, then they would certainly have sought out a way to the Lord of the Throne (seeking His Pleasures and to be near to Him). 43. Glorified and Exalted is He High above (the great falsehood) that they say! (i.e. forged statements that there are other gods along with Allāh, but He is Allāh, the One, the Self-Sufficient Master, Whom all creatures need. He begets not, nor was He begotten, and there is none comparable or coequal to Him). 44. The seven heavens and the earth and all that is therein, glorify Him and there is not a thing but glorifies His Praise. But you understand not their glorification. Truly, He is Ever Forbearing, Oft-Forgiving.

ڹٞػۧۅؙٳ	لِيَ	انِ	م <u>جور</u> القرءا		في هَٰذَا		وَلَقَدْ حَبَرَقْنَا				
that they may	take heed	Q	ur'an		in this	and	surely We	have explained			
asses	لَّوْكَانَ	إِلَّا نَفُورًا ٢			al	٩	وَمَا يَزِيدُ				
if (there) were	f (there) <mark>were</mark> (along) with				cept (in) ave	ersion	but it inc	reases them not			
اِلَىٰ ذِی		ٳ	لآبنغ	إذا			كما يقولون	ع م م			
to (the) Lord	then they w	ould	certain	nly	have sought	out	as they say	(other) gods			
مَمَّا يَقُولُونَ	مَنْكَن	وت		مر بر مر سبحينه		سَبِيلًا ٢	ٱلْعَرْشِ				
above that the	above that they say and I			le	Glorified is He		a way	(of) the Throne			



45. And when you (Muhammad ﷺ) recite the Qur'ān, We put between you and those who believe not in the Hereafter, an invisible veil (or screen their hearts, so they hear or understand it not). 46. And We have put coverings over their hearts lest they should understand it (the Qur'ān), and in their ears deafness. And when you make mention of your Lord Alone [*Lā ilāha illallāh* (none has the right to be worshipped but Allāh) – Islāmic Monotheism (نو حيد الله)] in the Qur'ān, they turn on their backs, fleeing in extreme dislike. 47. We know best of what they listen to, when they listen to you. And when they take secret counsel, then the *Zālimūn* (polytheists and wrongdoers) say: "You follow none but a bewitched man."

وبين		ا بَيْنَكَ	جَعَلْنَ			ٱلْقُرْءَانَ	قَرَأْتَ		وَإِذَا	
and between	We	make (put)	betwee	en you	1	you recite t	he Qur	'an	and when	
مَسْتُورًا ٢	جَابًا مَّسَتُورًا				رة	بِٱلْأَخِ	رن	ور و بۇرمنو	ٱلَّذِينَ لَا	
invisible (unse	invisible (unseen) a veil (b				he	Hereafter	those	hose who <mark>believe no</mark>		
ر و قهوه	أَن يَغَ		كِنَّةً	Ĩ		مکن قُلُو <u>ب</u> م	í a		وجعلنا	
lest they should	d und	erstand it	cover	ings	over their he		earts and		We have put	
ذَكَرْتَ رَبَّك		وَإِذَا			وَقُرَا		وَفِي ءَاذَانِهِمُ			
you make mention of your Lord			and when d		deafness (heavy loa		y load)	and	d in their ears	

Ð	و و نفوراً			هم	أَدْبَرِ	عَلَىٓ	وَلَوْا		د رو حده و	<u>.</u>	ٱلْقُرْءَانِ	
(in) extrem	ne dislike	eness	the	ey turn <mark>o</mark>	n the	ir ba	cks (fl	eeing)	Alon	e	in the Q	ur'an
وَاذِ	إِلَيْكَ	يَسَ	² إِذْ يَسْ			ون	مر بر ستمع	بِمَا يَ		أعكو	بیکی بو تحصن	
and when	nd when they listen to				[wit	[with it] of what			y listen	kr	now best	We
تَنْبِعُونَ	إن	زن	لالم	مُوْلُ ٱلْخَ	2				بخوي			A
you follow	none	the	wron	gdoers s	say	w	nen	(take) secret	col	unsel	they
				م حُورًا ٢	~ ~	Ś	د د رجاً	a la				
				bewitched			it a m	an				

ٱنظُرْكَيْفَ ضَرَبُواْلَكَ ٱلْآَمْثَالَ فَضَلُّواْ فَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ سَبِيلًا ٥ وَقَالُوَا أَءِذَا كُنَّا عِظْمًا وَرُفَنَا أَءِنَّا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ خَلْقًا جَدِيدًا ٥ ٦ قُلْ كُونُواْ حِجَارَةً أَوْ حَدِيدًا ٥ أَوْ خَلْقًا مِمّا يَحَــُبُرُفِ صُدُورِكُمْ فَسَيَقُولُونَ مَن يُعِيدُنَا قُلِ ٱلَّذِى فَطَرَكُمْ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ فَسَيُنْغِضُونَ إِلَيْكَ رُءُوسَهُمْ وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَى هُوَ قُلْ عَسَى آَن يَكُونِ حَوَيبًا ٥

48. See what examples they have put forward for you. So they have gone astray, and never can they find a way. 49. And they say: "When we are bones and fragments (destroyed), should we really be resurrected (to be) a new creation?" 50. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "Be you stones or iron," 51. "Or some created thing that is yet greater (or harder) in your breasts (thoughts to be resurrected, even then you shall be resurrected)." Then, they will say: "Who shall bring us back (to life)?" Say: "He Who created you first!" Then, they will shake their heads at you and say: "When will that be?" Say: "Perhaps it is near!"

للوا	فض		جُمْثًا لَ	ĨĨ	لَى	ضَرَبُواً		أنظركيف
so they have	they have gone astray		examp	les	they have pu	it forward	d for you	see how
كُناً عِظْهاً	ذَا كُنَّا عِظْهًا		2		وَقَالُوا		مُونَ سَبِيلًا	فكالايستطيع
we are bor	nes	(is it) v	t) when?		nd they say	and th	ey can not	(find) a way
خلقاً	4 4 4				أَءِنَّا			ورف
a creation	a creation [surely] (be) resurrec			ted (should) we really?			and frag	ments (ashes)

AL-ISRA'-17 PART-15

مِمّا			أَوۡ خَلۡقَ ا		حَدِيدًا	أق	حِجَارَةً	كُونُوا	^{عر} قُل	جَدِيدًا
of what (We	created) (r a creation		<mark>or</mark> iron		be st	ones	say	new
	و وطلح	2		مَن	رن	قُولُو	فسي	<u>ُورِکُرْ</u>		يَڪُبُر فِ
shall return u	is (bring	us k	back to life)	who	then t	hey	will say	is grea	ter in	your breasts
وو رود رووسهم	إِلَيْكَ		مرود م سينغضون	ف	مرقو		أَوَّلَ	رَكْمُ	فط	قُلِ ٱلَّذِى
their heads	neir heads at you then they wi					(th	e) first	created	you	say He Who
ے قَرِيبًا ٢	، يَكُونَ	أر	عَسَى	2	ه. قر	_	وسل هو	مَتَى		وَيَقُولُونَ
[that] it is n	ear (soo	n)	perhaps	Sa	ay	it (v	vill be)	whe	n	and say
بِبَادِى يَقُولُوا	٩	بلا	بِشَمْر إِلَّا قَلِي	ڹؘٳڹ	وَتَظُنُّو	لره	í z.	میں میں بُون	يَسْبَحُ	رور ، يوم يدغو كم ف
بَدُوَّا مَّبِينَا @	ڊِنسَ ^ک نِ ءَ		بْطَنَنَ كَانَ	ٱلشَّ	م مم إِنَّ	بو رو بي بيد	يَنَ يَنزَ	ٱلشَّيْطَ	و ^ع إِنَّ	ٱلَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَ
ٚ ڝؘڸ <i>ۘ</i> ڵ۞	عَلَيْهُمْ وَ	<u>َ</u> اکی	م وما أرْسَلْ	ڋڹؖػٛ	بر شايع	إن	مَكُمْ أَوْ	شأيرً ح	م م إن يُ	ڗۜ ڗۜؾؙؙؚۘڮٛۄۯٲۼڶۄ <u>ٛ</u> ۑڮ

52. On the Day when He will call you, and you will answer (His Call) with (words of) His praise and obedience, and you will think that you have stayed (in this world) but a little while! 53. And say to My slaves (i.e. the true believers of Islamic Monotheism) that they should (only) say those words that are the best. (Because) *Shaitān* (Satan) verily, sows a state of conflict and disagreements among them. Surely, *Shaitān* (Satan) is to man a plain enemy. 54. Your Lord knows you best; if He wills, He will have mercy on you, or if He wills, He will punish you. And We have not sent you (O Muhammad ﷺ) as a guardian over them.

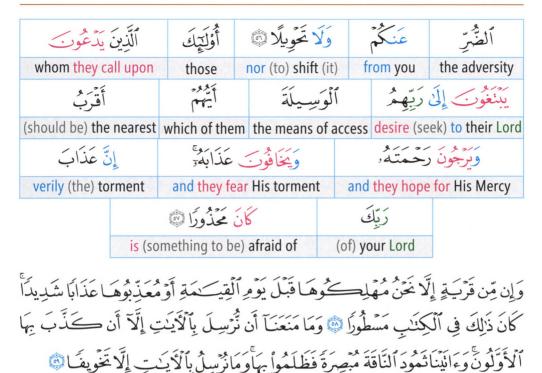
مد <u>و</u> ء	Ń.	-	جِيبُون	فتسنع		-	يدغو		يوم		
with His P	raise	a	nd you will	answer	ł	le w	ill call you	ou (on the) Day (when			
لِّعِبَادِی		وَقُل	قَلِيلًا ٢	١		e J	إِن لَبِتُ	وتظنون			
to My slave	ly slaves and say but a littl				(that	and you will think					
ٱلشَّيْطَن	إِنّ	Ę	<u>اَحْسَنْ</u>	<i>ه</i> ی			ٱلَّتِي	لُوا	يقُو		
truly Sat	an	(a	re) best	whic	h	(th	at) they shoul	d sa	ay those (words)		
ڗۜڹۜؖڰۄ	عَدُوًّا مُبِينًا (٢) رَبُّ		لِإِنسَكْنِ		کَادَ	إِنَّ ٱلشَّيْطَنَ		يَنْزَعُ بَيْنَهُمُ			
your Lord	our Lord plain an enemy			is to man			surely Satan	SO	ws amongst them		

إِن يَشَأُ	ٱو	and the second second	يرْحَمْ	إِن يَشَأُ	موسل بر کمر	أعكم
if He wills	or	He will have	mercy on you	if He wills	you	knows best
كِيلًا ٢	عَلَيْهِمْ وَكِيلًا			وَمَا أَرْ		يُعَدِّبُكُ
(as) a guard	dian	over them	and We have	not sent you	He wi	ill punish you

وَرَبَّكَ أَعَلَمُ بِمَن فِي ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ ۖ وَلَقَدَ فَضَّلْنَا بَعْضَ ٱلنَّبِيِّنَ عَلَى بَعْضٍ وَءَاتَيْنَا دَاؤُدَ زَبُورًا۞ قُلِٱدَعُوا ٱلَّذِينَ زَعَمْتُمِمِّن دُونِهِ عَلَا يَمْلِكُون كَشْف ٱلضَّرِعَن كُمْ وَلَا تَحْوِيلًا۞ أَوْلَتِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَدْعُون يَبْنَغُون إِلَى رَبِّهِمُ ٱلْوَسِيلَة أَيُّهُمْ أَقْرَبُ وَيَرْجُونَ رَحْمَتَهُ, وَيَخَافُونَ عَذَابَهُ أَنِ

55. And your Lord knows best all who are in the heavens and the earth. And indeed, We have preferred some of the Prophets to others, and to Dawūd (David) We gave the Zabūr (Psalms). 56. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "Call upon those – besides Him whom you pretend [to be gods like angels, 'Īsā (Jesus), 'Uzair (Ezra) and others]. They have neither the power to remove the adversity from you nor even to shift it from you to another person." 57. Those whom they call upon [like 'Īsā (Jesus) – son of Maryam (Mary), 'Uzair (Ezra), angels and others] desire (for themselves) means of access to their Lord (Allāh), as to which of them should be the nearest; and they ['Īsā (Jesus), 'Uzair (Ezra), angels and others] hope for His Mercy and fear His torment. Verily, the torment of your Lord is (something) to be afraid of!

وَٱلْأَرْضِ	لسمكوك	في أ		بِمَن		أُعْلَمُ	ۅؘڔؘۑؙۘ۫ڬ			
and the earth	(are) in the h	neavens	[of] (a	all those)	who	knows best	and your Lord			
عكى بغض		ٱلنَّبِيِّےنَ			C	د فضَّلْنا بعضر	وَلَقَ			
to others	(of)	hets	and i	eferred some						
ٱلَّذِينَ	ادعو ادعو	قُلِ		ورًا ٢	وَءَاتَيْنَا دَا					
call upon th	ose whom	say		the Psa	lms	and W	e gave David			
كَشْفَ	فَلَا يَمْلِكُونَ كَشْفَ					زَعَمَّتُم مِن دُونِهِ-				
than they have r	neither the pow	ver (to) re	move	you pretend (claimed to be gods) besid			ds) besides Him			



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58. And there is not a town (population) but We shall destroy it before the Day of Resurrection, or punish it with a severe torment. That is written in the Book (of Our Decrees) 59. And nothing stops Us from sending the $Ay\bar{a}t$ (proofs, evidences, signs) but that the people of old denied them. And We sent the she-camel to Thamūd as a clear sign, but they did her wrong. And We sent not the signs except to warn, and to make them afraid (of destruction).

يوم	لَ	بة.	تا	كُوهُ	<u> </u>	مها	بر و تحن			مِّن قَرْبَةٍ	وَإِن		
(the) Day	befo	ore	(sł	nall)	dest	roy it	We	but	[[<mark>of</mark>] a town	and (t	here is) <mark>not</mark>	
في ٱلْكِنْبِ	لكَ	نَ ذ	Ŕ	يدا	شَدِ		عَذَابًا			ۅٛڡؘۼڐؚڣۘۅۿٵ	ी ब	ٱلْقِيرَ	
in the Book	tha	t	is	sev	vere	(with)	a pun	ishme	nt	<mark>or</mark> punish i	t (of) l	Resurrection	
ڪَڏَبَ بِهَا	-	أَن	~		تتِ	بِٱلْأَيْ	سِلَ	اًن نُر ُ		مًا مُنْعَنَّآ	é	مَسْطُورًا ٢	
denied the	m	that	k	out	the	Signs	to s	end	aı	nd stopped i	us not	written	
ود برز مبصرة			ٱلنَّاقَةَ				وَءَانَيْنَا تَمُودَ					ٱلأَوَّلُو	
(as) a clear	sign	the	the she-camel			and	and We gave (sent to) Thamud				the people of old		



وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لَكَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ أَحَاطَ بِٱلنَّاسِ وَمَا جَعَلْنَا ٱلرُّءَيَا ٱلَّتِي أَرَيْنَكَ إِلَّا فِتْنَةً لِلنَّاسِ وَٱلشَّجَرَةَ ٱلْمَلْعُونَةَ فِي ٱلْقُرْءَانِ وَنْخَوِّفْهُمْ فَمَا يَزِيدُهُمْ إِلَّا طُغْيَنَا كَبِيرًا ۞ وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَبَجِكَةِ ٱسْجُدُواْ لِأَدَمَ فَسَجَدُوٓ إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ قَالَ ءَأَسْجُدُلِمَنْ خَلَقْتَ طِينَا ۞

60. And (remember) when We told you: "Verily, your Lord has encompassed mankind (i.e. they are in His Grip)." And We made not the vision which We showed you (O Muhammad **20** as an actual eye-witness and not as a dream on the night of *Al-Isrā*') but a trial for mankind, and (likewise) the accursed tree (*Zaqqūm*, mentioned) in the Qur'ān. We warn and make them afraid but it only increases them in naught save great disbelief, oppression and disobedience to Allāh. 61. And (remember) when We said to the angels: "Prostrate yourselves to Adam." They prostrated themselves except *Iblīs* (Satan). He said: "Shall I prostrate myself to one whom You created from clay?"

بِٱلنَّاسِ		Ĩ	- أَحَا	رَبَّكَ	إذ		آت	قُلْناً لَ		إد.	ۇ
manking	d ver	<mark>ily</mark> your	Lord	has enc	ompas	sed	We said	to yo	u and (remen	nber) when
تَّاسِ	لِّل	فِتْنَةً			أَرَيْنُكُ		ٱلَّتِي		ٱلرَّحْيَا	جعكنا	وَمَا -
for man	kind	but a	trial	We sl	nowed	you	which	n an	d We ma	ade no	the vision
	وَيَحْوِي هُمْ					ام لقر	في أ	ونة	ألملع	101	وَٱلشَّجَرَ
and W	and We warn (frighten) them					he Qu	ur'an acc		ursed	an	d the tree
	وَإِذْ			كَبِيرًا	-	يَنَا	إِلَّا طُغْيَ		4	بر بزيد ه	فَمَا
and (ren	nembe	er) whe	n g	great	save	(in) t	transgre	ssion	but it in	crease	s them not
قَالَ	ليسَ	ٳڵڒٳڋ	Ĩ	فسجدو			رُوا لِأَدَمَ		ą		قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَ
he said	said except Iblis so they pro			ey pros	trated	pros	strate <mark>u</mark> n	ito Ada	am We	said <mark>to</mark>	the angels
	خَلَقْتَ طِينًا ٥			خَلَقْنَ		مَنْ	ل	د وو سجل			
	You created (from) clay				/ to (one) whom			n (shall) I prostrate?			

Part - 15

قَالَأَرَءَيْنَكَ هَذَاٱلَّذِى كَرَّمْتَ عَلَىّٰ لَبِنَ أَخَرَتَنِ إِلَى يَوْمِ ٱلْقِيَمَةِ لَأَحْتَنِكَنَّ ذُرِّيَّتَهُ إِلَّا قَلِي لَا شَلِي قَالَ ٱذْهَبْ فَمَن تَبِعَكَ مِنْهُمْ فَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ جَزَآؤُكُمْ جَزَآءَ مَوْفُورًا ٥ وَٱسْتَفْزِزْ مَنِ ٱسْتَطَعْتَ مِنْهُم بِصَوْتِكَ وَأَجْلِبْ عَلَيْهِم بِخَيْلِكَ وَرَجِلِكَ وَشَارِكُهُمْ فِي ٱلْأَمُوَلِ وَٱلْأَوْلَدِ وَعِدْهُمْ وَمَايَعِ دُهُمُ ٱلشَّيْطَنُ إِلَّا عُرُورًا ٥

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62. [*Iblīs* (Satan)] said: "See this one whom You have honoured above me, if You give me respite (keep me alive) to the Day of Resurrection, I will surely seize and mislead his offspring (by sending them astray) all but a few!" 63. (Allāh) said: "Go, and whosoever of them follows you, surely, Hell will be the recompense of you (all) an ample recompense. 64. "And befool them gradually those whom you can among them with your voice (i.e. songs, music, and any other call for Allāh's disobedience), make assaults on them with your cavalry and your infantry, share with them wealth and children (by tempting them to earn money by illegal ways—usury, or by committing illegal sexual intercourse), and make promises to them." But Satan promises them nothing but deceit.

عكى		Ĵ	کر م		ٱلَّذِى		أَرَءَيْنَكَ هَنذا				قَالَ		
above n	ne	whom \	You h	nave	honoure	d	(do) You	see thi	s?	he	(Iblis) said	
- رو متلق	ڊ دري	حْتَنِكُنَّ	N.		لمة	ٱلْقِيَا		ومر	إِلَىٰ يَ		رَّتَنِ	لَبِنْ أَخَ	
I will surely	misl	lead his offs	pring	(all)	(of) Res	urrec	tion	to (th	ne) Day	if Yo	if You give me res		
منهم		تَبِعَكَ		بَبُ فَمَن			آذه		قَالَ			ٳؚڵۜٲۊؘڸؚٮڵؘ	
of them	fol	l <mark>lows</mark> you	and	who	losoever go He (/					said	1	but a few	
وفورًا ٢	4	جزآء			تَ جَهَنَّمَ جَزَأَؤُكُم							فَإِنَّ جَهَ	
ample	i	a recomper	ise	(wil	l be) the	reco	mpe	nse o	f you (a)	then	surely Hell	
عَلَيْهِم		وأُجْلِبْ		بِصَوْتِكَ			pris		طَعْتَ	أُسْتَ	مَنِ	وأستفزز	
on them	on them and make assaults			with	n your vo	oice	of t	hem	whom	you	ou can and befor		
ٱلأولَادِ	فِي ٱلْأَمُوَالِ وَٱلْأَوْلَادِ			و د اهر	وَشَارِكُهُمْ			وَرَجِلِكَ			بِخَيْلِكَ		
and childr	and children [in] wealth				nd share with them			and your infantry		ry	with your cavalry		



65. "Verily, My slaves (i.e. the true believers of Islāmic Monotheism) — you have no authority over them. And All-Sufficient is your Lord as a Guardian." 66. Your Lord is He Who drives the ship for you through the sea, in order that you may seek of His bounty. Truly, He is Ever Most Merciful towards you. 67. And when harm touches you upon the sea, those that you call upon vanish from you except Him (Allāh Alone). But when He brings you safe to land, you turn away (from Him). And man is ever ungrateful.

	كغ	9	وج وو ن	م م سلطن		عَلَيْهِمْ		Ś	بْسَ لَا	Ú	ى	إِنَّ عِبَادِ	
and Suf	fici	ent is	an a	utho	rity	over the	m	(there) is	not fo	or you	veril	y My slaves	
لفُلُكَ	Ĩ	2.8	بى كَع	ور يزج		ٱلَّذِى		رَيْبُكُم	(10)	كِيلًا	وَد	بِرَيْك	
the ship	р	drives	s for y	/ou	(is) He Who	y	our Lord	(as)	a Guar	dian	your Lord	
الملح الم						وأ	لتبنغ			فِي ٱلْبَ			
truly H	ruly He of His bounty				(in order)	th	at you may	/ seek	t	hroug	<mark>gh</mark> the sea		
ضَلَّ		ٱلْبَحْرِ	يق.	يو يو جنر	Ĩ	مسكم		وَإِذَا	1	<u>ج</u> يمًا (کم ر	کان ب	
vanish	up	on the	sea	harr	n 1	t <mark>ouches</mark> you	u	and when	is Mo	ost Mer	ciful t	owards you	
ر مر فر	× i			فلما		ر و ۵	إياً	ٳڵٙڒٙٳ			مَن تَدْعُونَ		
He brin	le brings you safe but whe		en	except H	im	(Allah Alor	ne) those that		nat <mark>yo</mark>	u call upon			
		(TV	و نورًا (ź		انَ ٱلْإِنْسَنْنُ	ۇك	م و ^ع	أغر	ٱلۡبَرِّ	إِلَى أ		
	(ever) ungrateful		ıl	and man is		you turr	n away	/ to l	and				

أَفَأَمِنتُمْ أَن يَغْسِفَ بِكُمْ جَانِبَ ٱلْبَرِّ أَوْ يُرْسِلَ عَلَيْكُمْ حَاصِبًا ثُمَّ لَا تَجِدُواْ لَكُو

وَكِيلًا ٥ أَمَر أَمِنتُم أَن يُعِيدَكُمُ فِيهِ تَارَةً أُخْرَىٰ فَيْرُسِلَ عَلَيْكُمْ قَاصِفًا مِّن ٱلرِّيج فَيُغْرِقَكُم بِمَا كَفَرْتُمْ ثُمَّ لَا تَجِدُواْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْنَا بِهِ عَبِّيعًا ٢ الله الله الله الما يَعَا الله الم وَحَمَلْنَاهُمْ فِي ٱلْبَرِّ وَٱلْبَحْرِ وَرَزَقْنَ^{نَ}هُم مِّنِ ٱلطَّيِّبَ^نِتِ وَفَضَّ لْنَاهُ مُرعَكَ ح يَفْضِيلًا ٢

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68. Do you then feel secure that He will not cause a side of the land to swallow you up, or that He will not send against you a violent sandstorm? Then, you shall find no *Wakīl* (guardian – one to guard you from the torment). 69. Or do you feel secure that He will not send you back a second time to sea and send against you a hurricane of wind and drown you because of your disbelief? Then you will not find any avenger therein against Us. 70. And indeed We have honoured the Children of Adam, and We have carried them on land and sea, and have provided them with *At-Tayyibāt* (lawful good things), and have preferred them to many of those whom We have created with a marked preferment.

*													
جَانِبَ	بِكُمْ			يخسف	أَن				-	بر منتو	أفأو		
a side	you	that	He w	<mark>ill</mark> (not) <mark>cau</mark>	ise to	swall	ow up	(do)	you '	then	feel s	ecure?	
حدُوا	ir y	ور ثعر		حَاصِبًا		م م	Ś	لَ عَلَيْ	و۔ برب	أو	2	ٱلۡبَرِّ	
you shall	l not fi	nd ther	a	violent san	dstor	rm s	send ag	ainst y	/ou	or	(of) t	he land	
فيه		بدكم	بو يع	أَن		ور تمر	أَمْر أَمِن		<u>ن</u>	کِيلً	وَڪ	2 Vat	
to it (sea)) that	He will (not)	<mark>return</mark> you	or (do) you feel s			ecure	a g	uard	ian	for you	
ِ قِـكُم	فيغ	ٱلرِّيح	مِن	قَاصِفًا		كم	عَلَيْ	بيلَ	رم فير	ى	<u>و</u> أخرز	تَارَةً	
and drow	<mark>wn</mark> you	l of wi	nd	a hurricar	ne	again	st you	and	send	an	other	time	
عكينا		2 Con		لَاتِجَدُواْ		<u>ب</u> ور م		بِمَاكْفَرْتُمْ					
against	Us	for you	you	u will <mark>not</mark> fir	nd	then	(beca	ause) of what y			u disb	elieved	
ءَادَمَ	-			وَلَقَدْ كَرَّمْنَا بَنِيَ				يعًا				دطي	
(of) Ad	am	and inc	leed	We honour	ed (t	he) C	hildren	ar	n aver	nger	tł	nerein	
	وِ وَرَزَقْنَا هُم					فِي ٱلْبَرِّ وَٱلْ			وحملناهم				
and ha	and have provided them				and sea on land				and We have carried them				

AL-ISRA'-17 PART-15



71. (And remember) the Day when We shall call together all human beings with their (respective) *Imām* [their Prophets, or their records of good and bad deeds, or their Holy Books like the Qur'ān, the Taurāt (Torah), the Injīl (Gospel), or the leaders whom the people followed in this world]. So whosoever is given his record in his right hand, such will read their records, and they will not be dealt with unjustly in the least. 72. And whoever is blind in this world (i.e., does not see Allāh's Signs and believes not in Him), will be blind in the Hereafter, and more astray from the Path.

بإمريهم	أناس	ػٞڷ	ر رغوا ه	ن			يوم
with their leader	human beings	We sha	all call	all	(and	l rememb	per the) Day (when)
فأولتيك	مينه		رو به	ź			فَمَنْ أُوتِيَ
then those (such) in his right	hand	his	s boo	ok	then v	vhosoever <mark>is given</mark>
	يُظُ لَمُونَ فَتِيلًا	وَلَا				تنبهم	يَقْرَءُونَ ك
and they will not		justly in	the lea	ast	wi	ll read th	eir book (records)
فِي ٱلْأَخِرَةِ	بور فهو	نى	أعم	2	نذه	بقى ھ	وَمَن كَانَ
in the Hereafter	then he (will l	be) b	lind	in	this	(world)	and whoever is
	سَبِيلًا ٥					أعمى	
	(from the) Pa				ay	blind	

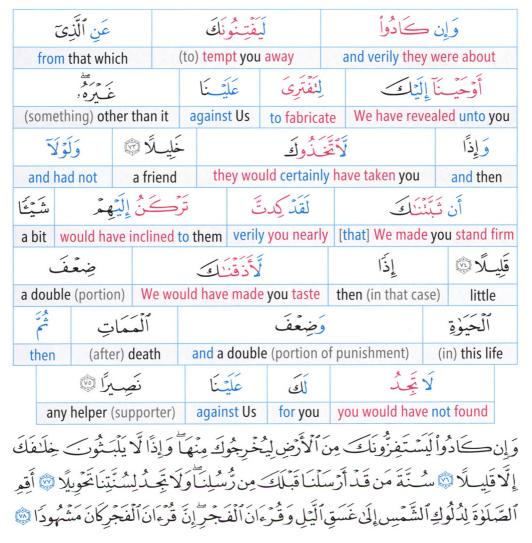
ۅؘٳڹڪؘاۮؗۅٳ۫ڵؽؘڡ۫ؾؚڹٛۅڹؘڬؘٶؘڹٱڵۜڹؚؾٲۅۧڂۛؠۛٮڹؘٳٙٳڵؽڶؘػڶؚڹؘڡ۫ٙڗؚؽ؏ؘؽؽڹٵۼ[ؙ]؉ؖۄؖۥؖۅؘٳؚڐ۫ٲڵۘٱؾٚڂۮ۫ۅڬ

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خَلِيلًا ٥ وَلَوْلَا أَن ثَبَّنْنَكَ لَقَدًكِدتَ تَرْكَنُ إِلَيْهِمْ شَيْءًا قَلِيلًا ٥ إِذَا لَأَذَقَنَكَ ضِعْفَ ٱلْحَيَوةِ وَضِعْفَ ٱلْمَمَاتِ ثُمَّ لَابَحِ دُلَكَ عَلَيْنَا نَصِيرًا ٥

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73. Verily, they were about to tempt you away from that which We have revealed (the Qur'ān) to you (O Muhammad ﷺ), to fabricate something other than it against Us, and then they would certainly have taken you a *Khalīl* (an intimate friend)! 74. And had We not made you stand firm, you would nearly have inclined to them a little. 75. In that case We would have made you taste a double portion (of punishment) in this life and a double portion (of punishment) after death. And then you would have found none to help you against Us.



76. And verily, they were about to frighten you so much as to drive you out from the land. But in that case, they would not have stayed (therein) after you, except for a little while. 77. (This was Our) *Sunnah* (rule or way) with the Messengers We sent before you (O Muhammad **34**), and you will not find any alteration in Our *Sunnah* (rule or way). 78. Perform *As-Salāt* (the prayers) from midday till the darkness of the night (i.e. the *Zuhr*, `*Asr*, *Maghrib*, and '*Ishā*' prayers), and recite the Qur'ān in the early dawn (i.e. the morning – *Fajr* prayer). Verily, the recitation of the Qur'ān in the early dawn (i.e., the morning – *Fajr* prayer) is ever witnessed (attended by the angels in charge of mankind of the day and the night).

1.8 28		4 2	0/	119 1 11		2 2 -		
بُخْرِجُوكَ		لأرْضِ	مِن	لَيَسْتَفِرُّونَكَ		ڪادوا	وإن =	
that they might driv	ve you out	from the	e land	(to) frighten you	and	verily the	y were about	
خِلَافَكَ	ب بَـ ثُوْنَ	لَّا يَلْ		وَإِذًا			منها	
they would hav	e not staye	ed after y	ou	and then (in t	hat	case)	of it	
رُسَلْنَا قَبْلَكَ	قَدْ أَزَ	مَن		ي تي		إِلَّا قَلِي لَّا ٢		
indeed We sent be	efore you	(with) w	hom	(this was Our) wa	ay	except a little (while		
تَحُوِيلًا ٢	تتتينا	لِسْ		<u>وَلَا تِجَدُ</u>		مِن رَّسُلِنَا		
any alteration	for Our	way	and	you will not find		of Our N	lessengers	
ٱلَيْحِلِ	سق	إِلَىٰ غَ		لِدُلُوكِ ٱلشَّمْسِ		تہلۇة	أَقِمِ ٱلْ	
(of) the night	till (the)	darknes	s	from midday	1	perform	the prayer	
قُرْءَانَ		ٳڹ		ٱلْفَجْرِ	انَ		وقر	
(the recitation of	the) Qurar	verily	/ (ir	n) the early dawn	an	d (recite	the) Quran	
	ودًا ١	ک مشم	ٱلْفَجْرِ كَانَ مَشْ					
	is eve	er witness	sed	ed (in) the early dawn				

وَمِنَ ٱلَيَّلِ فَتَهَجَّ دْبِهِ - نَافِلَةً لَّكَ عَسَىٰٓ أَن يَبْعَثَكَ رَبُّكَ مَقَامًا مَّحْمُودًا ٥ وَقُل رَّبِّ ٱدۡخِلِنى مُدۡخَلَ صِدۡقٍ وَٱخۡرِجۡنِي مُغۡرَجَ صِدۡقٍ وَٱجۡعَل لِّي مِن لَّدُنكَ سُلۡطَـٰنَا نَصِيرًا ٥ وَقُلۡ جَآءَ ٱلۡحَقُّ وَزَهَقَ ٱلۡبَٰطِلۡ إِنَّ ٱلۡبَٰطِلَ كَانَ زَهُوقًا ٥ 79. And in some parts of the night (also) offer the *Salāt* (prayer) with it (i.e. recite the Qur'ān in the prayer) as an additional prayer (*Tahajjud* optional prayer – *Nawāfil*) for you (O Muhammad **34**). It may be that your Lord will raise you to *Maqām Mahmūd* (a station of praise and glory, i.e., the honour of intercession on the Day of Resurrection). 80. And say (O Muhammad **34**): "My Lord! Let my entry (to the city of Al-Madinah) be good, and (likewise) my exit (from the city of Makkah) be good. And grant me from You an authority to help me (or a firm sign or a proof)." 81. And say: "Truth (i.e. Islāmic Monotheism or this Qur'ān or *Jihād* against polytheists) has come and *Bātil* (falsehood, i.e. Satan or polytheism) has vanished. Surely, *Bātil* is ever bound to vanish."

	دجب			جّد	فته				مِنَ ٱلَّيْلِ	وَ		
with	it (Qura	an)	perfor	m the	night praye	er	and in	(so	me parts	of) t	he n	ight
لى	ر <u>ب</u> ر ب		ن يبعثك	Ĩ	عَسَى		لَّكَ		T I	نَافِلَ		
your	Lord	that	will raise	you	it may be	f	or you	(as	;) an addi	dditional (prayer		
خَلَ	مد		أدْخِلِنِي		وقل رَبِّ			ودًا	م محم	امًا		í
an en	itering	mak	ke me <mark>ent</mark> e	er a	nd say my			eworthy	20120.010.0		and the second se	
(وَٱجْعَل		ٮؙڐڡٟ	مخرج چه			وأُخْرِجْنِي			ؠۮۊؚ		Ģ
and r	<mark>nake</mark> (gr	ant)	good (t	ruth)	an expel	led	and b	ring	me <mark>out</mark>	go	t) bc	truth)
ر پر مق	جَاءَ ٱلْحَ		وَقُلْ		نتَصِيرًا					-		
the t	ruth can	ne	and say		helper	an	authorit	from Ye	ou	fo	r me	
		ر ہو ق	كَانَ		إِنَّ ٱلْبَطِلَ		وَزَهَقَ ٱلْبَطِلُ					
	<mark>is</mark> (bou	nd) to	o vanish	surel	y the falseh	ood	and the	e fal	sehood <mark>v</mark>	anish	ned	
و إِذَا	وَنُنَزِّلُ مِنَ ٱلْقُرْءَانِ مَاهُوَشِفَآ مُوَرَحْمَةُ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَلَايَزِيدُ ٱلظَّالِمِينَ إِلَّا خَسَارًا ٥ وَإِذَا											
يَلُ عَلَىٰ	و ^{وو} ڪل يعہ	لُ صَ	وَسًا ۞ قُ	کَانَ يَئْ	مَسَّهُ ٱلشَّرُ	، وَإِذَا	إجحانبه	وَنَـُ	يَنِ أَعْرَضَ	أُلِمُ	عَلَى ۗ	أنعمنا
	شَاكِلَتِهِ فَرَبُّكُم أَعْلَمُ بِمَنْ هُوَأَهْدَىٰ سَبِيلًا ٥											

82. And We send down of the Qur'ān that which is a healing and a mercy to those who believe (in Islāmic Monotheism and act on it), and it increases the

Zālimūn (polytheists and wrongdoers) in nothing but loss. 83. And when We bestow Our Grace on man (the disbeliever), he turns away and becomes arrogant (far away from the Right Path). And when evil touches him, he is in great despair. 84. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ to mankind): "Each one does according to *Shakilatihi* (i.e. his way or his religion or his intentions), and your Lord knows best of him whose path (religion) is right."

ورحمة		99 5	شِفَا		ور هو	مَا	أن	 ر ء	مِنَ ٱلْقُ		ۅۘڹڹڗۣڰ
and a mercy	(i	is) a hea	aling (cu	ire)	[it]	that whicl	n fror	n th	e Quran	and V	Ve send down
وَإِذَا	No.	<u>سَارًا ﴿</u>	إلآخ			لظَّالِمِينَ	ر نريد آا	لَا ذ	و		لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ
and when		but (in)	loss	ar	nd it i	ncreases <mark>r</mark>	ot the	wr	ongdoers	5 to	the believers
بِجَانِبِهِۦ						عرض	Í		(نسكن	عَلَى ٱلْجِ	أنعمنا
at his side				r av	vay	he turns away W			e bestow	Our (Grace on man
م محل يعمل					يَوُسً	كَانَ	لشَّرُ	Ĩ	ر پر مسلم	4	وَإِذَا
each acts		say	he is	(in g	great) despair	evil		touches	him	and when
هو		بِمَنْ		لم	أَع	كُمْ	فَرَبُّكُ		4	أكِلَتِهِ	عَلَى شَا
[he] o	[he] of (him) who			ows	s bes	t and y	our Lo	rd	accord	ling to	his manner
			Ć	AL D	سَبِيلاً	ى ،	أهد				
				(in)	n) path (is) best guided						

ۅؘؽٮۧٷڶۏٮؘػؖۛۛۼڹٱلڒؖۅڃؖ قُلِٱلرُّوحُ مِنْ ٱمۡ رِرَبِّ وَمَآ ٱُوتِيتُم مِّنَ ٱلۡعِلۡمِ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا۞ وَلَبِن شِئْنَا لَنَدُهَ بَنَّ بِٱلَّذِىٓ أَوْحَيْنَآ إِلَيْكَ ثُمَّ لَاتِجَدُ لَكَ بِهِ عَلَيْنَا وَكِيلًا۞ إِلَّا رَحْمَةً مِّن رَّبِكَۚ إِنَّ فَضْلَهُ كَانَ عَلَيْكَ كَبِيرًا۞ قُل لَبِنِ ٱجْتَمَعَتِ ٱلۡإِنسُ وَٱلۡجِنُّ عَلَىٓ أَن يَأْتُواْ بِمِثْلِ هَذَا ٱلۡقُرْءَانِ لَايَأْتُونَ بِمِثْلِهِ وَلَوْكَانِ بَعْضُهُمْ لِبَعْضِ ظَهِ يرًا۞

85. And they ask you (O Muhammad 32) concerning the $R\bar{u}h$ (the spirit). Say: "The $R\bar{u}h$ (the spirit) is one of the things, the knowledge of which is only with my Lord. And of knowledge, you (mankind) have been given only a little." 86. And if We willed, We could surely take away that which We have revealed to you (i.e. this Qur'ān). Then you would find no protector for you against Us in

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وَيَسْتَلُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلرُّوحَ قُلِ ٱلرُّوحُ مِنْ أَمْرِ													
أَمْرِ	مِنْ	و ح	بِ ٱلرَّوِ	فَ		يو <u>سا</u> روح	عَنِ ٱل			-			
(is) of (the) (Command	sa	y the so	oul	abo	ut the	soul (s	spirit)	ar	nd they	<mark>/ ask</mark> you		
لًا قَلِي لًا ٢	أمِر إ	لَ ٱلْعِ	مّز			تلتم	وَمَا أُو				رَبِي		
but a little	of kn	owle	edge	and	d you	have	not be	en give	en	(of)	my Lord		
لى تې	أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْ				ٱلَّذِيَ	بَنَّ بِأ	لَنَذْهَ			بِئْنَا	وَلَبِن شِ		
then We have	e revealed t	o yo	u We c	ould	surely	take	away t	hat wh	ich	and if	We willed		
بلًا ۞	وَكِي		لَيْنَا	10	4	بِهِ	لَى	Ĩ		تجد	Ý		
any protecto	or (guardian	I)	agains	t Us	int				you would not find				
كَبِيرًا ٢	ف عَلَيْكَ	كأذ	<u>لَ</u> هُ و	في فَضْ	ٳڐ	مِن رَبِّك			إِلَّا رَحْمَةً				
(ever) great	unto you	is	verily	His G	irace	fron	from your Lord			except (as) a mercy			
	أَن يَ			-									
to bring the l	ike [that]	[or	n] and	the ji	nn t	he ma	ankind	were	tog	ether	if say		
						لَا يَأْتُونَ			-				
even if some	e of them wo	ere	the lik	ke the	reof	they	can no	ot bring	j (Quran	(of) this		
				أَجِيرً		ضِ	لِبَعُ						
			helper/	suppo	orter	to ot	thers						
فُورًا،وَوَقَالُوا	<u>ُ</u>	نتَاسِر	أَكْثَرُ ٱل	فأبَنَ	لَمَثَا	ن مِن کُ	لُقُرْءَ إِ	<u>َ</u> هَندَا ٱ	ں فی	نَالِلنَّاسِ	ولقدصرف		
لَن نُوْمِنَ لَكَ حَتَّى تَفْجُرَلْنَامِنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ يَنْبُوعاً ٥ أَوْتَكُونَ لَكَ جَنَّةُ مِّن نَجْد يل وَعِنَب													
كِسَفًا أَوْتَأَتِيَ	مْتَ عَلَيْنَا	زَعَ	آءَ كَمَا	ٱلسَّمَ	قِطَ	أؤتس	ييرًا ١	هَاتَفُجِ	فِكَلَ	نَهُرَ	فنُفَجِّراً لأ		
							Ć	يلًا	<u>ب</u> بة	<u>َ</u>	بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْمَكَ		

89. And indeed We have fully explained to mankind, in this Qur'an, every kind

of similitude, but most of mankind refuse (the truth and accept nothing) but disbelief. 90. And they say: "We shall not believe in you (O Muhammad **W**), until you cause a spring to gush forth from the earth for us; 91. "Or you have a garden of date palms and grapes, and cause rivers to gush forth in its midst abundantly; 92. "Or you cause the heaven to fall upon us in pieces, as you have pretended, or you bring Allāh and the angels before (us) face to face;

ٱلْقُرْءَانِ	هَندَا	في			لِنَّاسِ	رَفْنَا	è			وَلَقَدَ		
Quran	in thi	s W	e hav	ve fully	explain	ed to	ma	nkind (peop	le)	and indeed		
كُفُورًا ٢	إلا	تَّاسِ	ٱل	ر ر	أَبِيَ أَكْثَ	6		مَثَلِ		مِن كُلِّ		
but dis	belief	peop	le	but r	efused n	nost	((of) similitude	e (of every (kind)		
	ر تفجر لنا			حَتَّى	لَكَ		<	لَن نُوْمِن		وَقَالُوا		
you cause	Contraction of the second second				in you	-	1000	all never beli		and they say		
ى نَجْ يلٍ	مِّن	بريور جنّة	يَنْبُوعًا ٥ أَوْ تَكُونَ لَكَ جَ							مِنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ		
of date pa						100000000000000000000000000000000000000	rom the earth					
					ć		وَعِنَبٍ					
abundant	tly	in its mic	lst	an	<mark>d</mark> you ca	use ri	iver	r <mark>s to g</mark> ush foi	rth	and grapes		
	عَلَيْنَا	أعمت			ما	5		ألسمآء	Ĺ	أَوْ تُسْقِ		
you have	claimed	(pretend	ded)	upon ı	JS Z	IS	0	r you cause t	the h	neaven to fall		
	قَبِيلًا		Ā	نی پې	وَٱلْمَا		اَللَّهِ	تَأْتِيَ بِ	أو	كَسَفًا		
(before u	s) face to	o face	an	d the a	ngels	you	ı br	ring Allah	or	(in) pieces		
عَلَيْنَا كِنْبَا	مَتَّى تُنَزِّلَ	رِقِيِّكَ <	نَا	كَن نُّوْمِ	شمآء وَلَ	فيفآل	ر في	ڹۯٛڂۛۯؙڣۣٲۅ۫ڗؘ	ور ت م	أَوْيَكُونَ لَكَ بَيْدُ		
نُوَاإِذْ جَاءَهُمُ	ِ أَن يُؤْمِ	يْنَعَ ٱلنَّاسَ	وَمَاهُ	<u>کَ</u> ()	شرًا رَّسُو	٩ ٳڷٙ	به تت	ڹؘۯۑؚ <u>ؚ</u> ٚۿڬڶػؙ	حَادَ	<u>َ</u> َ مَعْظَمُ مِنْ نَقْرُؤُه، قُلْ سُبُ		
ر هر معرم م کے تیمشون	لَنَبِ	ٱلأرْضِ	ک فی	لَوْكَانَ	لًا ١	ٳڗؘۜڛؙۘۅ	١	ٱأَبَعَثَ ٱللَّهُ بَنَا	قَالُو	ٱلْهُدَىۤ إِلَّا أَن		
لَنَزَّلْنَاعَلَيْهِم مِّن ٱلسَّمَاءِ مَلَكًا رَّسُولًا ٥												

93. "Or you have a house of *Zukhruf* (like silver and pure gold), or you ascend up into the sky, and even then we will put no faith in your ascension until you

bring down for us a Book that we would read." Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "Glorified (and Exalted) is my Lord [(Allāh) above all that evil they (polytheists) associate with Him]! Am I anything but a man, sent as a Messenger?" 94. And nothing prevented men from believing when the guidance came to them, except that they said: "Has Allāh sent a man as (His) Messenger?" 95. Say: "If there were on the earth, angels walking about in peace and security, We should certainly have sent down for them from the heaven an angel as a Messenger."

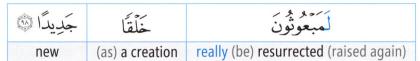
ٱلسَّمَاءِ	تَرْقَىٰ فِي	ٱو	Ţ	و دو حرف	مِّن زُ		رو وو بيك	لَكَ	و كُونَ		أو
you ascend up	<mark>o into</mark> the s	ky or o	of ador	nabl	e ma		a house				l or
، عَلَيْنَا	ؾؙڹؘڒؚٙڵ	حَتَّى		لَى	لرقيّ			و ومن	َلَن أ	9	
you bring do	own for us	until	in y	our	ascei	nsion	and w	e shall <mark>r</mark>	nevei	belie	eve
هك كُنتُ	-				-			نق			
(what) am I?	my Lor	d Glo	orified (is)	say	/ tł	nat <mark>we w</mark> o	ould rea	d	ook	
أَن يُؤْمِنُوا		-					-		إِلَّا بَشَرًا		
to believe	and nothi	ng preve	nted pe	eople	e (sent a	s) a Mess	enger	but a		ian
ٱللَّهُ بَشَرًا	أبعَثَ	قَالُوا	أَن	~		يَى	ٱلْهُدَ	A A			ٳۮ
(did) Allah ser	nd a man?	that the	ey said	exc	cept	the g	uidance	came to them wh			/hen
لَنَبِ ٢	ني م	في ٱلأرْم		تَحُلُ لَوَكَانَ if (there) were say (as)					رَّسُولًا ﴿		
angels	on	the earth					say	(as) a	a Me	sseng	jer
عكيهم			لَنَزَّلْنَ				-	-	يمشون		
to them	We wo	uld certa	inly hav	ve se	ent do	own	walk	ing abo	ut in	pead	e
	(90)	رَّسُولًا	گا	_	مَلَه	<u>آء</u> ِ	_ ٱلسَّمَ	مر			
	(as) a N	lessenge	r ai	n an	gel	fro	m the he	aven			
اِ ۞ وَمَن يَهْدِ	خِيرًا بَصِيرً	عِبَادِهِ-	م مُركَانَ بِ	م إِنَّهُ	2	وبينك	بِيدَابَيْغِ	ِ اللَّهِ شَرِ	، نى ب	ź	و قُلُ=
م يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيْحَةِ											
و سَعِيرًا ٢	بَتُ زِدْنَهُ	<u>َ</u>	بالمعلم الم	ŝ÷	ر بود ریچهم	مَّاً مَاو	بكماوض	عَمْيًا وَدُ	re-	و و جوه	عَلَىٰ وْ

ذَلِكَ جَزَآؤُهُم بِأَنَّهُمَ كَفَرُواْ بِعَايَنِنَا وَقَالُوَا أَءِذَا كُنَّا عِظَمًا وَرُفَنتًا أَءِنَّا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ خَلْقًا جَدِيدًا ٥

96. Say: "Sufficient is Allāh for a witness between me and you. Verily, He is Ever Well-Acquainted, All-Seer of His slaves." 97. And he whom Allāh guides, he is led aright; but he whom He sends astray, for such you will find no *Auliyā*' (helpers and protectors) besides Him, and We shall gather them together on the Day of Resurrection on their faces, blind, dumb and deaf; their abode will be Hell; whenever it abates, We shall increase for them the fierceness of the Fire. 98. That is their recompense, because they denied Our *Ayāt* (proofs, verses, evidences, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and said: "When we are bones and fragments, shall we really be raised up as a new creation?"

يَنْهُ كَانَ			وبية	Ĺ	بيني		بيدًا	۽ شم	ِ ٱ	فی ب	2	0	قُلُ
verily He	is ar	d betwe	en you	betw	een m	е	Sufficier	nt is	Alla	h (for)	a wi	itness	say
بور فهو		ٱللهُ	مَن يَهْدِ	وَ		(97	بَصِيرًا		يرًا	1.4.		بَادِهِۦ	ب
then he	and	(he) wh	iom Alla	h guid	les	A	ll-Seer	Al	l-Kn	ower	0	His sl	aves
ا م هم		تجذ	فَلَن				، يُضْلِلُ	وَمَن				وہ <u>ر</u> مل	ٱل
for them	ther	ı you wil	l never f	ind	and (h	e)	whom He	e ser	ids a	istray	(is) led a	right
بكمة	ٱلْقِ	ŕ	يۇ	وتحشرهم					ملے م	، دُونِه	مِن	يَآءَ	أول
				and	We sha	all	gather th	em	be	sides H	lim	prote	ctors
ر سر مهنم	f) Resurrection (on the) مَّأُونَهُمُ جَهَنَمُ				بجماً وَصُمّاً				يًا	۶. عه	re-	وجوه	عَلَىٰ
(will be)	Hell	their a	bode	and	deaf	leaf and dumb			bl	ind	on their faces		
ذَلِكَ	L.	تَعِيرًا 🖗	_ بى		ناچ قر						كُلَّمَا خَبَتْ		
that	the fie	rceness	of Fire	We	shall i	nci	r <mark>ease</mark> (for) the	em whe		neve	er it ab	ates
أَءِذَا					أَنَّهُمْ كَفَرُوا إِعَايَٰكِنَا						وبر	جزاؤ	
when?	when? and they said [in]				n] Our Signs because they denied					(is) th	eir r	ecomp	ense
	آَءِ نَّا				وَرُفَنَتًا					كُنَّا عِظْنَمًا			
(shall	(shall) we [indeed]?				and fragments (ashes)					we are bones			

Part - 15



أوَلَمْ يَرَوْأَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ قَادِرُ عَلَىٰ أَن يَخْلُقَ مِثْلَهُمْ وَجَعَلَ لَهُمْ أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْأَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَنَ إِلَّا كُفُورًا ٥ قُل لَوْ أَنتُمْ تَمْلِكُونَ خَزَآبِنَ رَحْمَةِ رَبِّ إِذَا لَأَمْ سَكُتُمْ خَشْيَةَ ٱلْإِنفَاقِ وَكَانَ ٱلْإِنسَنُ قَتُورًا ٥ وَلَقَدْ ءَانَيْنَا مُوسَىٰ تِسْعَ ءَايَنَ بَيِنَنَتِ فَسَتَلْ بَنِي إِسْرَةٍ بِلَ إِذْ جَآءَهُمْ فَقَالَ لَهُ فِرْعَوْنُ إِنِّي لَأَظْنَا لَهُ مَعْدَ أَنْ

99. See they not that Allāh, Who created the heavens and the earth, is Able to create the like of them. And He has decreed for them an appointed term, whereof there is no doubt. But the *Zālimūn* (polytheists and wrongdoers) refuse (the truth – the message of Islamic Monotheism, and accept nothing) but disbelief. 100. Say (to the disbelievers): "If you possessed the treasures of the Mercy of my Lord (wealth, money provision), then you would surely hold back (from spending) for fear of (being exhausted), and man is ever miserly!" 101. And indeed We gave Mūsā (Moses) nine clear signs. Ask then the Children of Israel, when he came to them, then Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said to him: "O Mūsā (Moses)! I think you are indeed bewitched."

قَادِرُ	ۯؖۻؘ	وَٱلْأَرْضَ		خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَ			ٱلَّذِ	ألله	ٱن		أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْأ	
(is) Able and the earth c				ted t	he heaven	s N	/ho t	that I	Allah [and] (do) they n			t see?
أُجَلًا			و د م	بَعَلَ لَهُو			وَ		بِحُلُقَ مِثْلَهُمُ		أَن يَخْلُقَ	عَلَىٓ
(an appointed) term			for th	them and He has r				to	to create the like of them			[on]
إِلَّا كُفُورًا ٢				فَأَبِي ٱلظَّٰلِمُونَ					فيه	لاَرَيْبَ فِيهِ		
say	but dis	belief	b	ut the	wrongdo	ers	refuse	ed	d in it		(there is) no doubt	
رَبِي إِذَا				رَحْمَةِ			خَزَآبِنَ			لَّوْ أَنْتُمْ تَمْلِكُونَ		
then (of) my Lo		ord	(of	the) Merc	y	(th	(the) treasures		es	if you possess		
نسَنْ قَتُورًا ٢		ذ نسکن	انَ ٱلْإِ	وك	ٱلۡإِنفَاقِ		خشية			لأمسكتم		
(ever) miserly and ma			man i	s ((of) spending (for) fear you would surely h				ıld surely hold	back		
فَسْحَلْ بَنِيَ				بَيِّنَتِ	ءَايَتٍ بَيْدِ		تِسْ		وَلَقَدْ ءَانَيْنَا مُوسَى			
then ask (the) Children			n (clear	signs	signs nine and indeed We have given				e have given N	loses	

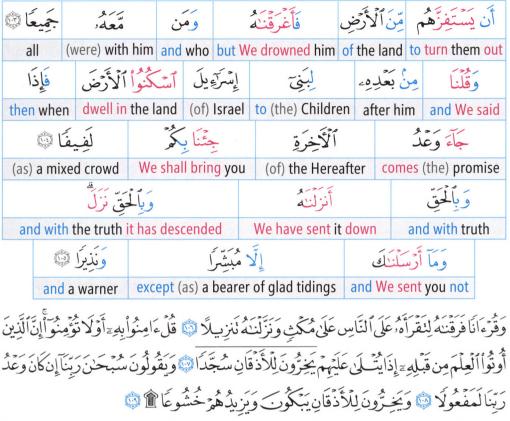
ن إني		له. فِرْعَ		فَقَالَ			جآءَهم	ٳۮ		إِسْرَآءٍ بِلَ	
[verily] l	Pha	raoh	to him	then said		he came to them		when		(of) Israel	
		1.1	مَسْحُورًا		مُوسَىٰ مُوسَىٰ		لأظنك				
	(are) bewitched		ed	d O Moses		es think you indeed					

قَالَ لَقَدْ عَلِمَتَ مَا أَنزَلَ هَـ وَلَا مِ إِلَا رَبُ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ بَصَابِرَ وَإِنِّي لَأَظُنُّك يَنفِرْعَوْثُ مَثْ بُورًا ۞ فَأَرَادَأَن يَسْتَفِزَّهُم مِّنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ فَأَغْرَقْنَهُ وَمَن مَعَهُ، جَمِيعًا ۞ وَقُلْنَا مِنُ بَعَدِهِ لِبَنِيَ إِسْرَءٍ يل ٱسْكُنُواْ ٱلْأَرْضَ فَإِذَا جَاءَ وَعَدُ ٱلْأَخِرَةِ جِئْنَا بِكُرُ لَفِيفًا ۞ وَبَالْحَقِّ أَنزَلْنَهُ وَبِٱلْحَقِّ نَزَلَ وَمَا آَرْسَلْنَكَ إِلَا مُبَشِّرًا وَنَذِيرَا ۞

102. [Mūsā (Moses)] said: "Verily, you know that these signs have been sent down by none but the Lord of the heavens and the earth (as clear evidences, i.e. proofs of Allāh's Oneness and His Omnipotence). And I think you are indeed, O Fir'aun (Pharaoh), doomed to destruction (away from all good)!" 103. So, he resolved to turn them out of the land (of Egypt). But We drowned him and all who were with him. 104. And We said to the Children of Israel after him: "Dwell in the land, then, when the final and the last promise comes near [i.e. the Day of Resurrection or the descent of Christ ('Īsā), son of Maryam (Mary) on the earth], We shall bring you altogether as a mixed crowd (gathered out of various nations)." 105. And with truth We have sent it down (i.e. the Qur'ān), and with truth it has descended. And We have sent you (O Muhammad) as nothing but a bearer of glad tidings (of Paradise, for those who follow your Message of Islāmic Monotheism).

لآء	مَا أَنزَلَ هَــَؤُ		ć	لَقَدْ عَلِمَه	قَالَ		
none has se	<mark>nt down these</mark> (sigr	veril	y you know	he said			
وَإِنِّي	بصآير	ض	وَٱلْأَرْ	مَوَتِ	إِلَّا رَبُّ ٱلْسَّـ		
and [truly] I	(as) clear signs	and t	he earth	but (the) Lo	d (of) the heavens		
فَأَرَادَ	ورًا ٢			يَفِرْعَوْثُ	لأظنك		
so he wanted	(are) doomed to	o destru	iction	O Pharaoh	think you indeed		

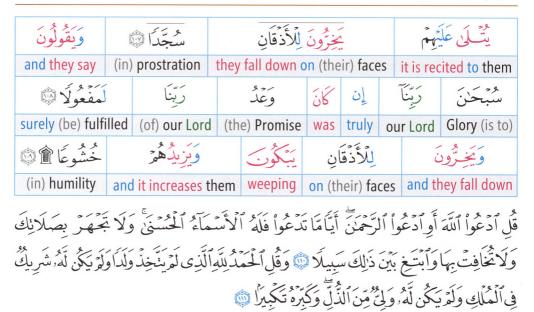
AL-ISRA'-17 PART-15



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106. And (it is) a Qur'ān which We have divided (into parts), in order that you might recite it to men at intervals. And We have revealed it by stages (in 23 years). 107. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ to them): "Believe in it (the Qur'ān) or do not believe (in it). Verily, those who were given knowledge before it (the Jews and the Christians like 'Abdullāh bin Salām and Salmān Al-Fārisī), when it is recited to them, they fall down on their faces in humble prostration." 108. And they say: "Glorified is our Lord! Truly, the Promise of our Lord must be fulfilled." 109. And they fall down on their faces weeping and it increases their humility.

		، قرآه د	ل			فرقتنه		نًا	وقرءا	
(in c	n order) <mark>that you might recite it</mark>					n <mark>ich We have divided</mark> (into p	oarts)	and (it	is) a Quran	
أو	۲ <u>م</u>	ءَا <u>مِنُو</u> اْ	ود قل	زِيلًا ٢	نَ	وَنَزَّلْنَاهُ	گ ثِ	عَلَىٰ مُ	عَلَى ٱلنَّاسِ	
or	beli	eve in it	say	(by) stag	es	and We have revealed it	at in	tervals	unto men	
ذا		ن قَبْلِهِ ح	مر	ٱلْعِلْمَ		إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُوا		ور	لَا تُؤْمِنْ	
wh	when before it knowledge			knowledg	е	verily those who were gi	ven	(do) not believe		



110. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "Invoke Allāh or invoke the Most Gracious (Allāh), by whatever name you invoke Him (it is the same), for to Him belong the Best Names. And offer your *Salāt* (prayer) neither aloud nor in a low voice, but follow a way between. 111. And say: "All praise and thanks are Allāh's, Who has not begotten a son (or offspring), and Who has no partner in (His) Dominion, nor is He low to have a *Walī* (helper, protector or supporter). And magnify Him with all magnificence [*Allāhu* – *Akbar* (Allāh is the Most Great)]."

	د م رغوا	أَيَّاً مَا تَد			ٱلرَّحْمَنَ	و ، عوا	أواد	ٱللَّهَ	ادْعُوا ٱللَّهَ	
(by) what	ever (name) <mark>y</mark>	ou invo	ke or in	voke the	Mos	t Graciou	is invok	e Allah	say
<u>ب</u> لَانِكَ	a.		, ez	ē	آ میں الحسنی	و د	ٱلأسما		فَلَهُ	
in your pr	your prayer and (do) not			ay loudly the Best			Names	then for	Him (b	elong)
وقل	ذَلِكَ سَبِيلًا ٢		ذَلِكَ	ِ اِينَ	وَأَبْتَغِ بَ		Ĺ	يُحَافِتُ ج		وَلَا
and say	а	way	that	and seek between			make i	t in a low	voice	nor
یت که د		وَلَمْ يَكُن		. وَلَدَا	لَمْ يَنْجَدُ	ٱلَّذِى		لله	م در و الحمد	
for Him	and	(there) i	s not	has not	taken a so	on	Who	all praise	ll praise (be) to A	
	لَهُ وَلِي		یکُن	وَلَمْ		اً الملكِ	في	وو پاک	شر	
any prot	any protector for Him			nor (th	nor (there) is in			minion	a pai	tner





بِسْ لِللَّهِ ٱلرَّحْزِ ٱلرَّحْدَةِ

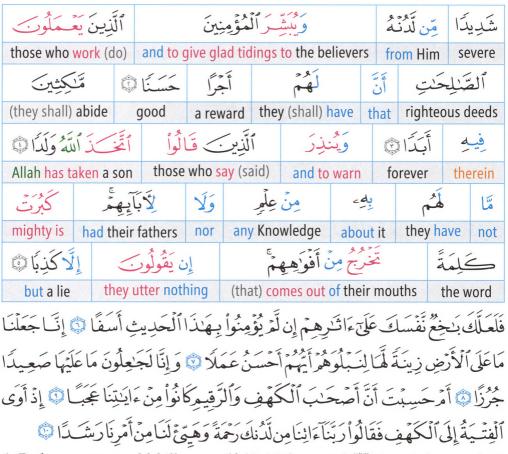
ٱلحَمَّدُيلَّةِ ٱلَّذِى آَنَزَلَ عَلَى عَبَّدِهِ ٱلْكِنَٰبَ وَلَمَ يَجْعَل لَّهُ، عِوَجًا ۞ قَيِّحًا لِيُنذِرَ بَأْسَا شَدِيدًا مِّن لَدُنْهُ وَيُبَشِّرُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ ٱلصَّلِحَتِ أَنَّ لَهُمُ أَجْرًا حَسَنًا ۞ مَّكِثِينَ فِيهِ أَبَدًا ۞ وَيُنذِرَ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُوا ٱتَّخَدَ ٱللَّهُ وَلَدًا ۞ مَّا لَهُم بِهِ عِنْعِلْمِ وَلَا لِأَبَآ يَعْمَ كَبُرَتْ حَلِمَةً تَغْرُجُ مِنْ أَفْوَاهِ فِمَ إِن يَقُولُونَ إِلَا كَذِبًا ۞

Sūrah Al-Kahf (The Cave) 18

In the Name of Allah the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

1. All praise and thanks are Allāh's, Who has sent down to His slave (Muhammad **W**) the Book (the Qur'ān), and has not placed therein any crookedness. 2. (He has made it) straight to give warning (to the disbelievers) of a severe punishment from Him, and to give glad tidings to the believers (in the Oneness of Allāh—Islāmic Monotheism), who do righteous deeds, that they shall have a fair reward (i.e. Paradise). 3. They shall abide therein forever. 4. And to warn those (Jews, Christians, and pagans) who say, "Allāh has begotten a son (or offspring or children)." 5. No knowledge have they of such a thing, nor had their fathers. Mighty is the word that comes out of their mouths (i.e. He begot sons and daughters). They utter nothing but a lie.

ألرجيم			ٱلرَّحْمَرِين				
the Most Merci	iful	th	e Most Gracious		In th	e Name (of) Alla	ah
وَلَمْ يَجْعَل	ٱلْكِنْبَ	أَنزَلَ عَلَى عَبَّدِهِ			ٱلَّذِيَ	المحمد للله	
and has not placed	the Book	has	sent down to His slav	e	Who	all praise (be) t	o Allah
نِرَ بَأْسَا	لِيَّهُ:		قيت			عِوَجًا ٢	ت له و
to give warning of a punishment			(He has made it) stra	ht an	y crookedness	for it	

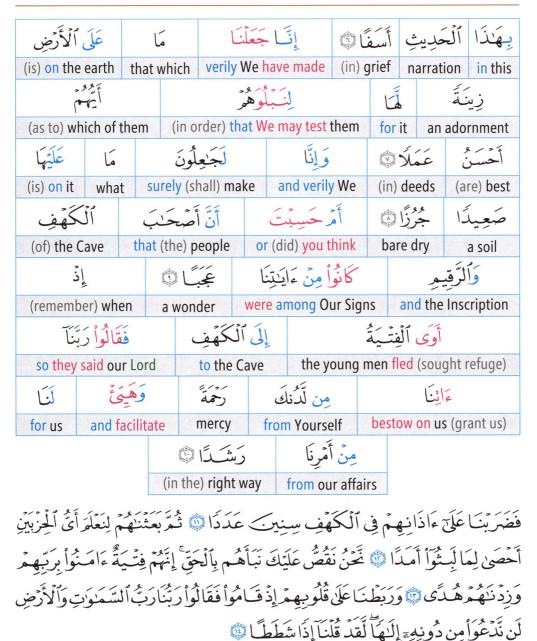


6. Perhaps you would kill yourself (O Muhammad ﷺ) in grief, over their footsteps (for their turning away from you), because they believe not in this narration (the Qur'ān). 7. Verily, We have made that which is on earth as an adornment for it, in order that We may test them (mankind) as to which of them are best in deeds [i.e. those who do good deeds in the most perfect manner, that means to do them (deeds) totally for Allāh's sake and in accordance with the legal ways of the Prophet **ﷺ**]. 8. And verily, We shall make all that is on it (the earth) a bare dry soil (without any vegetation or trees). 9. Do you think that the people of the Cave and the Inscription (the news or the names of the people of the Cave) were a wonder among Our Signs? 10. (Remember) when the young men fled for refuge (from their disbelieving folk) to the Cave. They said: "Our Lord! Bestow on us mercy from Yourself, and facilitate for us our affair in the right way!"



AL-KAHF-18 PART-15

Part - 15



11. Therefore, We covered up their (sense of) hearing (causing them to go in deep sleep) in the Cave for a number of years. 12. Then We raised them up (from their sleep), that We might test which of the two parties was best at calculating the time period that they had tarried. 13. We narrate to you (O Muhammad **32**) their story with truth: Truly, they were young men who believed in their Lord (Allāh), and We increased them in guidance. 14. And We

made their hearts firm and strong (with the light of faith in Allāh and bestowed upon them patience to bear the separation of their kith and kin and dwellings) when they stood up and said: "Our Lord is the Lord of the heavens and the earth, never shall we call upon any $il\bar{a}h$ (god) other than Him; if we did, we should indeed have uttered an enormity in disbelief.

عَدَدًا ١	<u>.</u>	سنير	بف	في ٱلْكَو	3	حَ ءَاذَانِعِ	عَلَى	رَبْنَا	فض		
a number (of)	ye	ars	in t	he Cave	ι	<mark>ip</mark> their ea	rs	therefore W	/e covered		
ٱلْحِزْبَيْنِ		ي	Í		تعكمر	ل		بعثناهم	يم قر		
(of) the two p	arties	whi	ch	that W	'e mig	ght know	t	then We raised them			
ب <u>تر و رو و</u> تحن نقص		يًا ١	وا أم	لِبَ		لِمَا		أحصى			
							(was) best at				
								نَبَأَهُم			
who believed	their story	unto you									
بِرَبِّهِمْ وَزِدْنَهُمْ هُدًى									بود		
(in) guida	ance		and We increased them					in their Lord			
فَقَالُوا رَبُّنَا		الموأ	إِذْ قُ		بِهِمْ	عَلَى قُلُو		رَبَطْنَا	وَ		
and said our Lo	ord wh	ien <mark>the</mark>	y stoo	d up [c	p [on] their hear			We made fir	m & strong		
مِن دُونِهِ ج		-	-						-		
other than Him	we sha	all neve	er call	upon	and t	ne earth (is th	ne) Lord (of) t	he heavens		
لَطًا ١	س				إذًا	لَّقَدُ قُلْنَا			إكنها		
an enormity (in	disbelie	f) ind	eed (if	we did)	then	we should	hav	e uttered (said	d) any god		
هَ ٓ وَقُلآءِ قَوْمُنَا ٱتَّخَذُواْ مِن دُونِهِ ٓ الله لَمَ لَوْلَا يَأْتُونَ عَلَيْهِ م بِشُلْطَنٍ بَيِّ فِمَن											
إِلَّا ٱللَّهَ فَأُوْرُ أَإِلَى	<u>.</u> ون	ايعُبُدُ	و هم وم	تزلتموه	إذِآعُ	كَذِبًا ٢	للهِ	نِ ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱ	أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ		
	يَقًا ١	رِکْم مِرْهُ	مِّنْ أَمُ	يِّئْ لَكُمُ	وَيْهَ	ز تُحْمَتِهِ ۽	م مِّن	ۺؙڔڷڮؙٛڔؘۯڹؙٛڮٛ	ٱلْكَهْفِيَذ		

15. "These our people have taken for worship *ālihah* (gods) other than Him (Allāh). Why do they not bring for them a clear authority? And who does more

wrong than he who invents a lie against Allāh. 16. (The young men said to one another:) "And when you withdraw from them, and that which they worship, except Allāh, then seek refuge in the Cave; your Lord will open a way for you from His Mercy and will make easy for you your affair (i.e. will give you what you will need of provision, dwelling)."

رصلے		-				4				. /		~/8 /
ءَالِهِةً			zd	دُونِ	وأمِن	ذ	ٱتمخ		نَنَا	قۇم		ۿؘٮۧۊؙٛڵٳٙٵ
gods	(who) hav	ve take	en (f	or wors	hi	p) <mark>other tha</mark>	n Him	our p	eople	t	hese (are)
لَمُ	أظ		مَنْ	1.0	بَيْنِ		بِسُلْطَنِنِ	مر	، عَلَيْ	تون	ياً	لَّوْلَا
(does) mo	ore wro	ong	and v	vho	clear		an authority	/ they	/ bring	for the	em	why not
ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ كَذِبًا ٥٥ وَإِذِ ٱعْتَزَلْتُمُوهُمُ										ٱقْ		مِمَّنِ
you witho	you withdraw from them and when invents a lie against Allah									ah t	han	(he) who
ٱلْكَهْفِ	تُبُدُون إِلَّا ٱللَّهَ فَأُوْرِا إِلَى ٱلْكَهْفِ										أيع	وَمَ
in the Ca	ave	th	en see	k ret	fuge	e	except Allah	an	d that v	they worship		
لَكُم							كُم مِن رَّحْمَتِهِ،			200		
for you	an	d wil	l make	from His Mercy your			Lord	will	ope	n for you		
					مِرْفَقًا		أَمْرِكُمُ	مِّنْ				
				e	ease		[from] you	r affair				
مرو خرم ذات	ت تَّقَرِ	غرب	نِوَإِذَا	بَمِير	اتَ ٱلْ	_ذ	مَن كَه <u>ُفِ هِ</u> مُ	ۥؾۜٙۯؘۅۯؙۼ	طَلَعَت	ڛؘٳؚۮؘٳ	· · · ·	، وَتَرَى ٱل
				-			مِنْءَايَنتِٱ				1	
<u>َمِينِ وَ</u> ذَاتَ	اتَ ٱلْيَ	بَمُذَ	ونقلبه	و ور قود	وَهُمْ رُو	Ú	م مُمَ أَيْقَ اظ	, mæ	<u>َ</u> دًا ۞) چرشی	وَلِيَّ	فكنتجَدَكُ
تُهُمْ فِرَارًا	ت مِنْ	لَوَلَّ	عَلَيْهِم	تَ خُ	وِٱطَّلَعْ	j.	بِ بِٱلْوَصِيدِ	ذِرَاعَيْ	نسط	و هم با	كُلْبُ	ٱلشِّمَالِ وَ
									ŵ۱	مٌ رُعْبَ	. e . 	وَلَمْلِئْتَ مِ

17. And you might have seen the sun, when it rose, declining to the right from their Cave, and when it set, turning away from them to the left, while they lay in the midst of the Cave. That is (one) of the *Ayāt* (proofs, evidences, signs) of Allāh. He whom Allāh guides, he is the rightly-guided; but he whom He sends astray, for him you will find no *Walī* (guiding friend) to lead him (to the Right Path). 18.

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And you would have thought them awake, whereas they were asleep. And We turned them on their right and on their left sides, and their dog stretching forth his two forelegs at the entrance [of the Cave or in the space near to the entrance of the Cave (as a guard at the gate)]. Had you looked at them, you would certainly have turned back from them in flight, and would certainly have been filled with awe of them.

ذَاتَ	بم	ن كَهُفِ	و رغر	تَزَوَ				وَتَرَى ٱلشَّمْسَ				
and the second second second second	it declir		and the second	1000 C 1000	e wł	nen <mark>it ro</mark>	se	and <mark>yo</mark>	u might ha	ave see	en the sun	
ود مم	و	شِّمَالِ	، آلي	ذَاتَ		جود میں	تَقَرِّ		غربت	وَإِذَا	ٱلْيَمِينِ	
while th	ey (lay)	the le	ft	to	it turr	ns away	from	them	and whe	n it set	the right	
		نْ ءَايَن							~			
(one)	of (the)	Signs (of) A	Allah	tł	nat (is)	(o <mark>f it</mark> (th	e Cave)	in t	he midst	
					-	•			e e			
and (he)	whom H	le send	s asti	ray (is) the r	ightly gu	uided	then h	ne (he) wi	nom Al	lah guides	
	میں جور محسب					-						
				0.0007070100000000000000000000000000000			Carlo and Annual Annual		and the second	then you will n		
	-			,							أَيْقَاطُ	
and on	the rig	ght o	on	and \	Ne tur	n them	(are) aslee	p while t	they	awake	
	-										ٱلشِّمَالِ	
if at	the ent	rance	his	two fo	relegs	stret	ching	forth	and thei	r dog	the left	
	بقر								ي م			
(in) fligh	nt from	them	you	would	certai	nly have	e turr	ied bac	k you ha	d looke	ed at them	
	◎ じ	رغباً	22	مَنْ			ć	لَمُلِئً	وَ			
	(with)	awe	of t	hem	and	you wou	uld ce	ertainly	have bee	n filled		
ثُنَا يَوْمًا	رِقَالُوا لَبِ	م لَبِ ثَتْ	2	بور نهم =	بر وہ اِبِلُ مِّ	م م قَالَ قَ	أبينم	سَـاَءَلُو	· نَهُ مُ لِيَدَ	ر بي مرر بي بعث	وَكَذَلِل	
نذهة إلى	قِكُمْ هَ	أأحك	ور ور بع تو	و تمرف آب	الَبِثْ	مَلَمُ بِ	ٳ۫ۯؾؙؚۘػٛٛؗؠٲؘٛ	م مِرِقَالُو	ا أوْبَعُضَ يَوْ			



19. Likewise, We awakened them (from their long deep sleep) that they might question one another. A speaker from among them said: "How long have you stayed (here)?" They said: "We have stayed (perhaps) a day or part of a day." They said: "Your Lord (Alone) knows best how long you have stayed (here). So send one of you with this silver coin of yours to the town, and let him find out which is the good lawful food, and bring some of that to you. And let him be careful and let no man know of you.

وَلُوا بِينَهُمُ	لِيَتَسَاً		موري	Ś	ى	وَكَذَلِكَ		
that they might que	stion amor	ng them	We awakened	them	and I	ikewise (thus)		
لَبِثْنَا يَوْمًا	قَالُوا	صلے جوہ تھر	كَمْ لَبِثْن	ſ	منهم	قَالَ قَابِلُ		
we have stayed a day	they said	how lon	<mark>g</mark> have you staye	d fro	n them	said a speaker		
		-	الْوَأ رَبُّكُمُ			-		
how long you have st	-		•			-		
٤ إلى ٱلْمَدِينَةِ		,						
to the city	this	with yo	our silver coin	5	so send	one of you		
فَلْيَأْتِكُم	مًا	طُعَـا	أزكى		رأيها	فَلْيَنْظُ		
and let him bring to	you f	food	(is) the purest	and	let him f	ind out which		
وَلَا يُشْعِرَنَّ		يَتَلَطَّفُ	وَلَي	مِنْهُ		بِرِزْقٍ		
and let not know	and let	him be ki	nd (careful)	of it	SO	me provision		
	Į	َحَدًا anyone	بِڪْمُ أَ					
			of you					
هِمْ وَلَن تُفْلِحُوٓا إِذًا	لَّم فِي مِلْتِ	دُوڭ	جُمُوكُمُ أَوْيُعِيدُ	كَمْ يَرْ-	وأ عَلَيْ	إِنَّهُمْ إِن يُظْهُرُ		
نُّ وَأَنَّ ٱلسَّاعَةَ لَارَيْبَ	عَدَ ٱللهِ حَوْ	أَنَّ وَ	نَاعَلَيْهِمْ لِيَعْلَمُوَا	أعثره	كذلك	أَبِكَدًا ٢		
بُهُمُ أَعْلَمُ بِعِمْ قَالَ	م بُنْيَنْنَا رَ	لَنُوا عَلَيْهِ	مرَهُمٌ فَقَالُوا ٱبْ	م مهم أ	عُونَ بَيْ	فيهآإذيتنز		

ٱلَّذِينَ غَلَبُواْ عَلَىٓ أَمْرِهِمْ لَنَتَّخِذَتَ عَلَيْهِم مَّسْجِدًا ٢

20. "For, if they come to know of you, they will stone you (to death or abuse and harm you) or turn you back to their religion; and in that case you will never be successful." 21. And thus We made their case known (to the people), that they might know that the Promise of Allāh is true, and that there can be no doubt about the Hour. (Remember) when they (the people of the city) disputed among themselves about their case, they said: "Construct a building over them; their Lord knows best about them;" (then) those who won their point said (most probably the disbelievers): "We verily, shall build a place of worship over them."

	وكُمْ	د و و رجم	2		عَلَيْكُوْ					إيم	
they wil	l ston	<mark>e</mark> you	(to death	I)	of you	if	[they] c	om	e to kn	ow verily they	
-			للحوا				1 -		,		أَوْ يُعِيدُو
in that ca	ase a	nd yo	u will nev	er b	e successful	int	o their r	elic	gion <mark>or</mark>	they tu	irn you <mark>back</mark>
	موا	لِيعَهُ			عكيهم	نَرْنَا	أغأ		<u></u>	وَڪَ	أبَكًا
that they	(peop	ole) <mark>m</mark>	ight knov	w W	/e made kno	wn	their cas	se	and	thus	ever
فيهآ		رَيْبَ	Ý		وَأَنَّ ٱلسَّاعَة		م حق		لله	وَعَدَ أ	أَنْ
		and the second second	and the second second second second		<mark>d that</mark> the Ho			21.0.90.00			
قَالُوا	ف	-	أمرهم		يتنكزغون بينهم						إذ
					they disput			1.0000			
ت غَلَبُوْا	ٱلَّذِيرَ	قَالَ	بع مر بع		بُنْيَنَاً رَبُّهُمْ أَعْلَمُ					يم م	ٱبْنُواْ عَلَىٰ
those who	o won	said	about th	em	knows best	the	ir Lord a	ı bı	uilding	constru	<mark>ct over</mark> them
		سُجِدً	^د / م		عكيم		نَّخِذَتّ	لَتُ		in a	عَلَىٰٓ أَمْرِه
a place	of wo	rship	(mosque)	we verily s	hal	l take <mark>ov</mark>	ert	them	[on]	their point
إ بِٱلْغَيْبِ	، م رجمہ	کا کلب	بادِ سُهُمُ	رم آم س	وَن خَمْسَأ	و بول	م همروية	كأبأ	ابغ هم	لینه را لیشه را	سَيَقُولُونَ ثَا
قَلِيلٌ فَلَا	م إِلَّا	ر مو ه مام ه	تب ممّايَة	عِدَ	فَل رَّبِيَّ أَعْلَمُ بِ		<u>ک</u>	بم	َوَثَامِہُ	معب سبعه	ۅؘيَقُولُون
				َ نَـدَ	مرمِّنْهُمُ أَح	8	ڛؙؾؘڡٛ۬ؾؚ؋	لات	لَنِهِرًا وَلَم	لأمراءً	ؿؘؘؘؘؙٛٵڔ <u>ڣؠ</u> ؠ۫ٳ

22. (Some) say they were three, the dog being the fourth among them; and (others) say they were five, the dog being the sixth, guessing at the unseen; (yet others) say they were seven, and the dog being the eighth. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "My Lord knows best their number; none knows them but a few." So, debate not (about their number) except with the clear proof (which We have revealed to you). And consult not any of them (people of the Scripture–Jews and Christians) about (the affair of) the people of the Cave.

ر د حر	كلبه		ء ھر	ڗۜٳڣۘۿ		سَيَقُولُونَ ثَلَاثَةً				
(being)	their do	g	the fo	orth of them		they say (they were) three				
رجما	4	كأوم	(سَادِسُهُ		وَيَقُولُون خَمْسَةٌ				
guessing	(being)	their dog	g the sixth of them and they will say (they were							
ب ا د	وَثَامِنْهُ			یم ن سبعه	م لور	وَيَقُو		بِٱلْغَيْبِ		
and the e	eighth of	them	and th	ney will say (th	ney	were) seven	at	the unseen		
لمع لمهم	مَّا يَعْ	ترتيم	أعكم بعِدَم			قُل رَّبِّي	ع ا	ڪآبونو		
none <mark>kno</mark> v	vs them	their nu	number knows be			say my Lord	(bei	ng) their dog		
ظَنِهِرًا		إِلَّا مِرًا		فيهم	: تُمَارِ		فَا	إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ		
clear	except	(with) pr	oof	about them		so debate	not	but a few		
- أَحَدًا ٢			مّنه		-	فيهم	ت	وَلَا تَسْتَفَ		
anyone of them (Jew			ews & Christians) abo			about them and consult no				

وَلَا نَقُولَنَّ لِشَامً ءِ إِنِّى فَاعِلُ ذَلِكَ عَدًا ۞ إِلَّا أَن يَشَآءَ ٱللَّهُ وَٱذْكُر رَّبَّكَ إِذَا نَسِيتَ وَقُلْ عَسَىٰٓ أَن يَهْدِيَنِ رَبِّى لِأَقَرَبَ مِنْ هَٰذَارَشَدًا ۞ وَلَبِ ثُواْفِى كَهْفِهِ مَثَلَثَ مِائَةٍ سِنِين وَازُدَادُواْ تِسْعًا ۞ قُلِ ٱللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا لَبِ ثُوا لَهُ، غَيْبُ ٱلسَّمَنوَسِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ أَبْصِرْبِهِ -وَأَسْمِعْ مَالَهُ مِمِّن دُونِهِ - مِن وَلِيٍّ وَلَا يُشْرِكُ فِي حُكْمِهِ اَحَدًا ۞

23. And never say of anything, "I shall do such and such thing tomorrow." 24. Except (with the saying), "If Allāh wills!" And remember your Lord when you forget and say: "It may be that my Lord guides me to a nearer way of truth than this." 25. And they stayed in their Cave three hundred (solar) years, adding

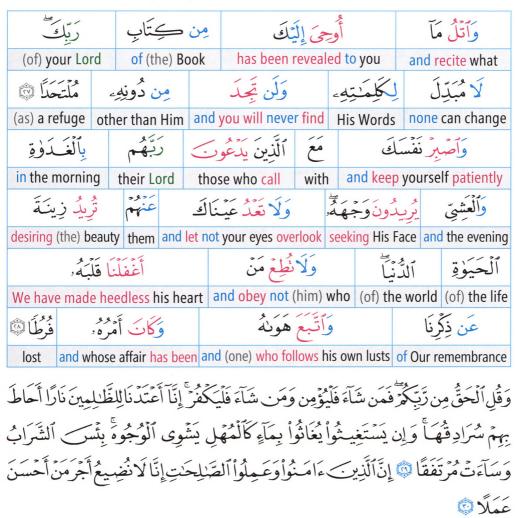
nine (for lunar years). 26. Say: "Allāh knows best how long they stayed. With Him is (the knowledge of) the unseen of the heavens and the earth. How clearly He sees, and hears (everything)! They have no *Walī* (Helper, Disposer of affairs, Protector) other than Him, and He makes none to share in His Decision and His Rule."

أَن يَشَاءَ ٱللَّهُ غَدًا ٢ لشأيء فَاعلُ إتى وَلَا نَقُولُتَ ذلك shall do verily I of anything and say not that Allah wills except tomorrow that وَقُلْ إذًا نُسَبْتَ أَن يَهْدِيَن وَأَذْكُ رَبَّلُكُ Jane that guides me and say when you forget and remember your Lord it may be في كَهْفِهِمْ وكبثوا رَشَدًا ٢ من هَٰذَا ربى in their Cave and they stayed (of) guidance than this unto a nearer (way) my Lord قُلِ ٱللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ مأئة وَأَزْدِادُوا تَسْعًا ٢ سنين ثلاث say Allah knows best [and] adding nine years hundred three ٱلسَّمَوَّتِ غيب بِمَا لَبِثُوأ 8 (of) the heavens (is the knowledge of the) unseen with Him how long they stayed وأسر d they have not and how clearly He hears [with it] how clearly He sees and the earth وَلَا يُشْرِكُ مِن وَلِيّ في حُكْمه: أَحَدًا مِّن دُونه anyone in His Decision and He makes not to share any helper other than Him وَٱتْلُ مَا أُوْحِيَ إِلَيْكَ مِن كِتَابِ رَبِّكَ لَامُبَدِّلَ لِكَلِمَنتِهِ، وَلَن تَجدَ مِن دُونِهِ، مُلْتَحَدًا ٢٥ وَأَصْبِرْ نَفْسَكَ مَعَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ رَبَّهُم بِٱلْغَـدَوْةِ وَٱلْعَشِيّ يُرِيدُونَ وَجْهَةً. وَلَا تَعَدُّعَيْنَاكَ عَنْهُمْ ثُرِيدُ زِينَةَ ٱلْحَيَوَةِ ٱلدُّنِيَّ وَلَانُطِعْ مَنْ أَغْفَلْنَا قَلْبَهُ، عَن ذِكْرِنَا وَٱتَّبَعَ هَوَ بَهُ وَكَانَ أَمْرُهُ فَرُضًا @

27. And recite what has been revealed to you (O Muhammad ﷺ) of the Book (the Qur'ān) of your Lord (i.e. recite it, understand and follow its teachings and act on its orders and preach it to men). None can change His Words, and none will you

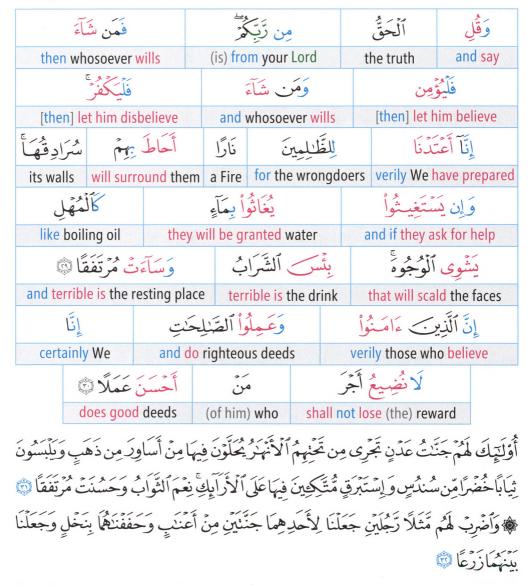
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find as a refuge other than Him. 28. And keep yourself (O Muhammad ﷺ) patiently with those who call on their Lord (i.e. your companions who remember their Lord with glorification, praising in prayers, and other righteous deeds) morning and afternoon, seeking His Face; and let not your eyes overlook them, desiring the pomp and glitter of the life of the world; and obey not him whose heart We have made heedless of Our remembrance, and who follows his own lusts, and whose affair (deeds) has been lost.



29. And say: "The truth is from your Lord." Then whosoever wills, let him believe; and whosoever wills, let him disbelieve. Verily, We have prepared for the *Zālimūn* (polytheists and wrongdoers), a Fire whose walls will be surrounding them (disbelievers in the Oneness of Allāh). And if they ask for

help (relief, water), they will be granted water like boiling oil, that will scald their faces. Terrible is the drink, and an evil *Murtafaq* (dwelling, resting place)! 30. Verily, as for those who believed and did righteous deeds, certainly We shall not make the reward of anyone who does his (righteous) deeds in the most perfect manner to be lost.



31. These! For them will be '*Adn* (Eden) Paradise (everlasting Gardens); wherein rivers flow underneath them; therein they will be adorned with bracelets of gold, and they will wear green garments of fine and thick silk. They

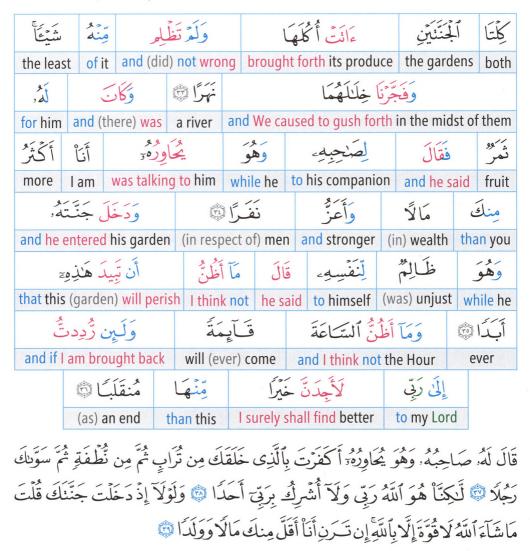
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will recline therein on raised thrones. How good is the reward, and what an excellent *Murtafaq* (dwelling, resting place)! 32. And put forward to them the example of two men: to one of them We had given two gardens of grapes, and We had surrounded both with date palms; and had put between them green crops (cultivated fields).

تَجَرِى مِن تَحَنِّهِمُ الْأَبْهَنُ أُوْلَيْكَ عَدُن 2.5 rivers flows beneath them Eden (everlasting) (are) Gardens for them those مِنْ أَسَاوِرَ مِن ذَهَبٍ وَيَلْبَسُونَ ثَيَابًا يُحَلُّونَ فَهَا and they wear clothes (garments) of gold with bracelets they will be adorned in it عَلَى ٱلْأَرَابِكِ فيها مُتَّكىن مِّن سُندُسٍ وَإِسْتَبْرَقِ حضراً they (will) recline and thick silk of fine silk on raised thrones in it green الم م نِعْمَ ٱلتَّوَابُ وَحَسُنَتَ مُرْتَفَعًا ٢ وأضرب to them and put forward and how excellent is the resting place how good is the reward مِنْ أَعْنَكِ حَنَّنُهُ رَّحُلَيْ حَعَلْنَا لأُحَدِهمَا مَثَلًا of grapes two gardens to one of them We had given (of) two men (the) example زَرْعًا ٢ وحعلنا بلنهما بنكل A:00-0 cultivated fields and We made between them with date palms and We had surrounded them كِلْتَا ٱلْجُنَّذِينِ ءَانَتْ أُكْلَهَا وَلَمْ تَظْلِم مِّنْهُ شَيْئَا وَفَجَّرْنَا خِلَكَهُمَا نَهَرًا ٢٠ وَكَانَ لَهُ، ثَمَرٌ فَقَالَ لِصَحِبِهِ وَهُوَ يُحَاوِرُهُ أَنَا أَكْثَرُ مِنكَ مَالًا وَأَعَزُّ نَفَرًا ٥ وَدَخَلَ جَنَّتَهُ وَهُوَ ظَالِمُ لِنَفْسِهِ ءِقَالَ مَآأَظُنُّ أَن تَبَيدَ هَٰذِهِ ۖ أَبَدًا ۞ وَمَآ أَظُنُّ ٱلسَّبَاعَةَ قَآ بِمَةَ وَلَبِن رُّدِدتُ إِلَى رَبِّي لَأَجِدَنَّ خَيْرًا مِّنْهَا مُنقَلَبًا ١

33. Each of those two gardens brought forth its produce, and failed not in the least therein, and We caused a river to gush forth in the midst of them. 34. And he had property (or fruit) and he said to his companion in the course of mutual talk: "I am more than you in wealth and stronger in respect of men." 35. And he went into his garden (while in a state of pride and disbelief), unjust to himself. He said: "I think not that this will ever perish. 36. "And I think not the Hour

will ever come, and if indeed I am brought back to my Lord (on the Day of Resurrection), I surely shall find better than this when I return to Him."



37. His companion said to him during the talk with him: "Do you disbelieve in Him Who created you out of dust (i.e. created your father Adam), then out of *Nutfah* (mixed drops of male and female sexual discharge), then fashioned you into a man? 38. "But as for my part, (I believe) that He is Allāh, my Lord, and none shall I associate as partner with my Lord. 39. "It was better for you to say, when you entered your garden: `That which Allāh wills (will come to pass)! There is no power but with Allāh! ' If you see me less than you in wealth, and children,

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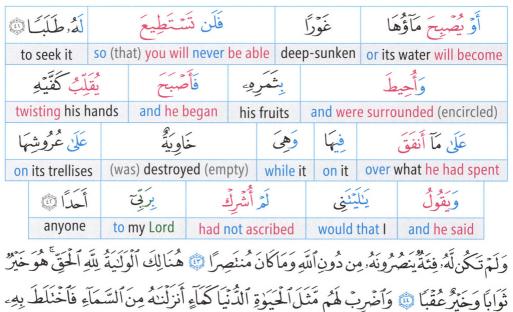
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	فَرْتَ	ŚÍ		وو رەق	يُحَاوِ		ر ور وهو		بو له و	۔ باحِبُ	\$	کې لکوو	قَالَ
(do)	you di	sbeliev	ve?	was talki	ng to h	im	while h	ne	his co	mpa	anion	said to	o him
	طْغَةٍ	مِن نُو		in a second		<u>وُ</u> ترابِ	مِن		لَقَلَى	ò		ٱلَّذِى	
out	<mark>of</mark> sem	nen/sp	erm	then	0	ut of	dust		created	you	I	in Him \	Vho
	شُرِك	وَلَا أ		رَبِي	áIJ	هُوَ	نكتاً	Ĭ	جُلًا ٢	5		مَّ سَوَّيْكَ	\$
and I s	shall <mark>n</mark>	ot asso	ociate	my Lord	He (is) Alla	h but	(i	nto) a r	nan	then	fashione	ed you
L	جَنْنُكُ	خَلْتَ	دَ.	إذ		1	وَلَوْلَا				أحدًا	بى	بر
you e	ntered	your g	gardei	n when	when and had (it) not been (good) anyone w					with m	y Lord		
يع للم	بِٱد	إلا		لا فُوَّة			ءَ اللهُ	شَا	مَا			قُلْتَ	
with	Allah	but	(the	re is) <mark>no</mark>	power	tha	t which	All	ah <mark>wills</mark>	; у	ou wo	uld hav	e said
	(+4)	وَوَلَدًا		مَالَا		مِنكَ	قَلَ	Í	أَنَا		<u>َرَنِ</u>	إِن تَ	
	and	childre	en (in) wealt	h tha	an yo	u les	s	I (am)) i	f you s	see me	
بور تصبح	مَآءِ فَ	نَ ٱللَّ	بَانًا مِّ	بْهَا حُسَ	بِيلَ عَلَ	ويرب	جَنَّنِكَ	نِن	فَيْرًا مِ	نِ -	، يُؤْتِي	رَبِّي أَز	فعسى
فأصبح	مَرِهِۦ؋	بيطَبِثَ	ۇ پۇ	ط كَبُ ا	لمِيعَ لَهُ	تست	ِرًا فَلَن <u>ا</u>	اغۇ	ع <u>َ</u> مَاؤُهَا	مبر مبر) أو ي	ا زَلَقًا	صَعِيدً
Ē	ة أُحدًا	لِهُ بِرَبِّحَ	<u>لَمُر</u> أَشَمِ	لم لُ يَلَيْنَنِي	<u>ہ</u> اوَيَقُو	و و عرو ش	يَةً عَلَى أ	خَاوِ	پَا وَهِيَ.	ق في	مَآأَنفُ	كَفَيْهِ عَلَى	<u>وَ</u> يُقَلِّبُ

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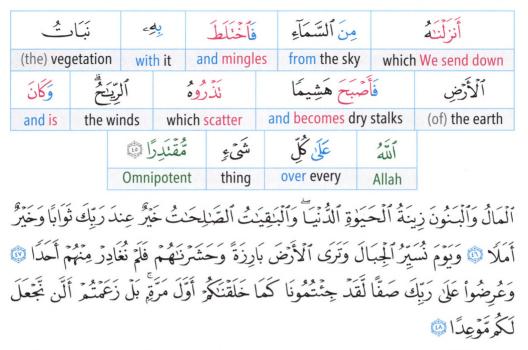
40. "It may be that my Lord will give me something better than your garden, and will send on it *Husbān* (torment, bolt) from the sky, then it will be as a barren slippery earth. 41. "Or the water thereof (of the gardens) becomes deep-sunken (underground) so that you will never be able to seek it." 42. So his fruits were encircled (with ruin). And he remained clapping his hands (with sorrow) over what he had spent upon it, while it was all destroyed on its trellises, and he could only say: "Would that I had ascribed no partners to my Lord!"

وَيُرْسِلَ	مِّن جَنَّنِكَ	خَيْرًا	أَن يُؤْتِيَنِ	سَىٰ رَبِّي	فع
and will send	than your garden	better	[that] will give me	it may be (that) my Lord
زَلَقًا ٢	مبيح صَعِيدًا	فغ	مِّنَ ٱلسَّـمَآء	حُسْبَانًا	عَلَيْهَا
slippery	then it will be e	arth	from the sky	a torment	on it



43. And he had no group of men to help him against Allāh, nor could he defend (or save) himself. 44. There (on the Day of Resurrection), *Al-Walāyah* (protection, power, authority and kingdom) will be for Allāh (Alone), the True God. He (Allāh) is the Best for reward and the Best for the final end. (*Lā ilāha illallāh* – none has the right to be worshipped but Allāh.) 45. And put forward to them the example of the life of this world: it is like the water (rain) which We send down from the sky, and the vegetation of the earth mingles with it (and becomes fresh and green). But (later) it becomes dry and broken pieces, which the winds scatter. And Allāh is Able to do everything.

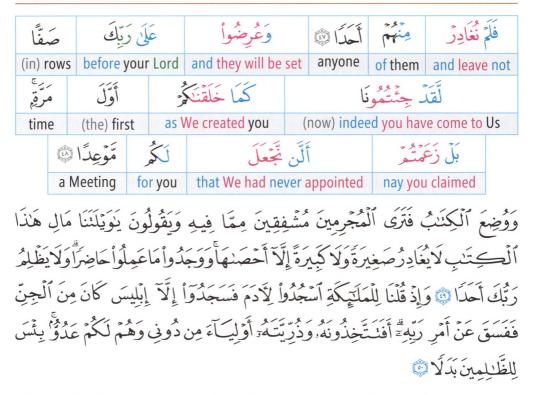
d'	مِن دُونِ ٱللَّ	ينصرونه	فتة		و	لم	وَلَمْ تَكُن
oth	er than Allah	n to help him	a group (of mer	1)	for	him	and was not
ور هو	ٱلْحَقِّ	لم ليلم ليلم	ألوكيا	فى	هُنَالِلَ	رًا	وَمَاكَانَ مُننَحِ
He	the True Go	d power/authority	(will be) for Allah	t	here	nor he	was victorious
	وٱضْرِبْ	عُقْبًا	وَخَيْر		باً	ثوًا	<u>خير</u>
and	put forward	(for) the final end	and (the) Best	est (for)		eward	(is the) Best
	كمآء	ٱلدُّنْيَا	ٱلْحَيَوْةِ		مَثْلَ	2 3	à
lik	e water	(of) the world	(of) the life	(th	ie) exa	mple	for them



46. Wealth and children are the adornment of the life of this world. But the good righteous deeds that last, are better with your Lord for rewards and better in respect of hope. 47. And (remember) the Day We shall cause the mountains to pass away (like clouds of dust), and you will see the earth as a levelled plain, and We shall gather them all together so as to leave not one of them behind. 48. And they will be set before your Lord in (lines as) rows, (and Allāh will say): "Now indeed, you have come to Us as We created you the first time. Nay, but you thought that We had appointed no Meeting for you (with Us)."

وٱلْبَاقِيَاتُ	ٱلدُّنْيَا	لْحَيَوْةِ	ٱلْحَيَوْةِ		زِينَةُ		وَٱلْبَنُونَ	ٱلْمَالُ	
but the lastin	g (of) the world	l (of) the l	ife	(are the) adornm		rnment	and children	wealth	
ثَوَابًا وَخَيْرُ		رَبِّكَ		عِندَ	نې فير		ٱلصَّلِحَتُ		
and better	and better (for) rewards		your Lord		(are) better		the righteous deeds		
	نُسَيِّرُ ٱلْجِبَالَ		ويوم				أَمَلًا ٢		
We shall cause	se the mountain	s to move	and (remember the) Day (in respect of)					of) hope	
8 - 7	بَارِزَةً			وَتَرَى ٱلْأَرْضَ					
and We sh	a levelled plain and y			and y	ou will see the earth				

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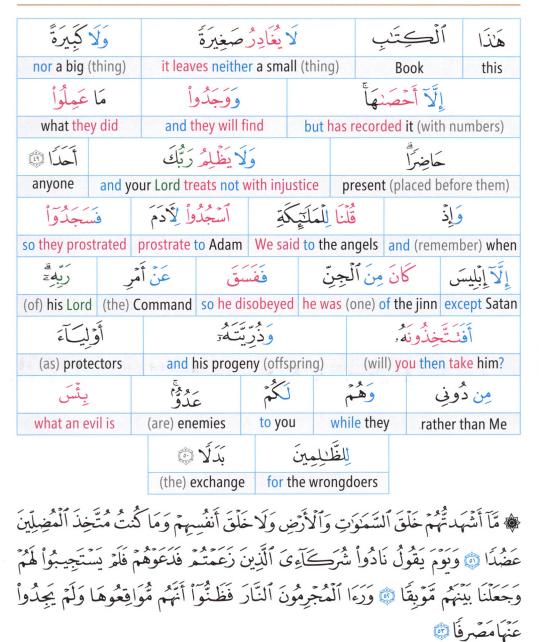


49. And the Book (one's Record) will be placed (in the right hand for a believer in the Oneness of Allāh, and in the left hand for a disbeliever in the Oneness of Allāh), and you will see the *Mujrimūn* (criminals, polytheists, sinners), fearful of that which is (recorded) therein. They will say: "Woe to us! What sort of Book is this that leaves neither a small thing nor a big thing, but has recorded it with numbers!" And they will find all that they did, placed before them, and your Lord treats no one with injustice. 50. And (remember) when We said to the angels: "Prostrate yourselves to Adam." So they prostrated themselves except *Iblīs* (Satan). He was one of the jinn; he disobeyed the Command of his Lord. Will you then take him (*Iblīs*) and his offspring as protectors and helpers rather than Me while they are enemies to you? What an evil is the exchange for the *Zālimūn* (polytheists, and wrongdoers, etc).

ى ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ	فترو	وَوْضِعَ ٱلْكِنَبُ								
and you will see the crim	ninals (sinners	s) and the Book	and the Book (one's Record) will be placed							
مَالِ	يَوَيْلَنْنَا	وَيَقُولُونَ	فيه	مِمَّا	مُشْفِقِينَ					
what (is the matter) with	O woe to us	and they will say	(is) in it	of what	fearful					

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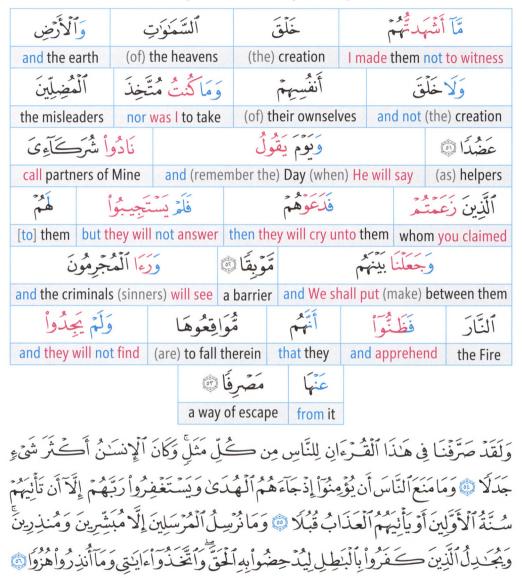


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51. I (Allāh) made them (*Iblīs* and his offspring) not to witness (nor took their help in) the creation of the heavens and the earth and not (even) their own creation, nor was I (Allāh) to take the misleaders as helpers. 52. And (remember) the Day He will say: "Call those (so-called) partners of Mine whom you pretended." Then they will cry to them, but they will not answer them, and We shall put *Maubiq* (a barrier) between them. 53. And the *Mujrimūn*

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(criminals, polytheists, sinners) shall see the Fire and apprehend that they have to fall therein. And they will find no way of escape from there.



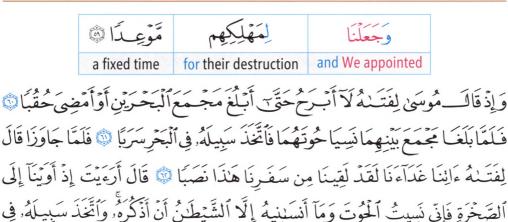
54. And indeed We have put forth every kind of example in this Qur'ān, for mankind. But, man is ever more quarrelsome than anything. 55. And nothing prevents men from believing, (now) when the guidance (the Qur'ān) has come to them, and from asking forgiveness of their Lord, except that the ways of the ancients be repeated with them (i.e. their destruction decreed by Allāh), or the torment be brought to them face to face. 56. And We send not the Messengers

except as givers of glad tidings and warners. But those who disbelieve, dispute with false argument in order to refute the truth thereby. And they treat My *Ayāt* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), and that with which they are warned, as a jest and mockery!

فِي هَٰذَا ٱلْقُرْءَانِ لِلنَّاسِ مِن كُلِّ وَلَقَدْ صَرَّفْنَا of every (kind) for mankind Quran and indeed We explained in this وَكَانَ ٱلْإِنْسَنْ أَكْثَرَ شَيْءٍ حَدَلًا ٢ وَمَا مَنَعَ ٱلنَّاسَ مَثُل and nothing prevents men quarrelsome things (of) most and man is (of) example جآءَهُم ٱلْهُدَىٰ إذ أن يؤمنوا the guidance has come to them when that they believe ١ وَيَسْتَغْفِرُوا رَبَّهُمُ أَن تَأْنِيهُمُ 2 . . . (the) way that (should) come upon them except and ask forgiveness (of) their Lord أَوْ يَأْنِيهُمُ ٱلْعَذَاتُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ قُلُا ٢ or come upon them (of) the ancients face to face the torment وَمُنذِرِينَ إلاً مُبَشِّرينَ وَمَا نُرْسِلُ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ and warners except (as) bearers of glad tidings and We send not the Messengers وَيَجُدِلُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ليدجضوا بآليطل (in order) to refute with false (argument) those who disbelieve and dispute ٱلحَقَي وَٱتَّخَذُواْ ءَايَنِتِي وَ مَا أَنْدَرُوا هزوا ٢ (as) a jest and that which they are warned and they take My Verses the truth thereby وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّن ذُكِرَجًا يَتِ رَبِّهِ فَأَعْرَضَ عَنْهَا وَنَسِّي مَاقَدَّمَتْ يَدَاهُ إِنَّا جَعَلنا عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ أَكِنَةً أَنْ يَفْقَهُوهُ وَفِيٓءَاذَانِهِمْ وَقُراً وَإِن تَدْعُهُمْ إِلَى ٱلْهُدَىٰ فَلَن مَهْ تَدُوٓ إِذَا أَبَدَا ٢ وَرَبُكَ ٱلْغَفُورُ ذُو ٱلرَّحْمَةِ لَوْ بُوَاحِذُهُم بِمَا كَسَبُواْ لَعَجَّلَ لَهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابَ بَل لَهُم مَّوْعِكُ لَّن يَجِدُواْمِن دُونِهِ مَوْبِلًا ٥ وَتِلْكَ ٱلْقُرَى أَهْلَكُنَّهُمْ لَمَّاظَكُمُواْ وَجَعَلْنَا لِمَهْلِكِهِم مَّوْعِدًا ٥

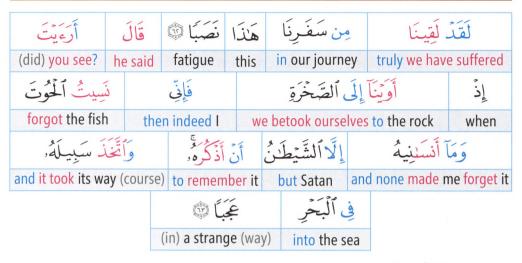
57. And who does more wrong than he who is reminded of the *Ayāt* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of his Lord, but turns away from them, forgetting what (deeds) his hands have sent forth. Truly, We have set veils over their hearts lest they should understand this (the Qur'ān), and in their ears, deafness. And if you (O Muhammad ﷺ) call them to guidance, even then they will never be guided. 58. And your Lord is Most Forgiving, Owner of Mercy. Were He to call them to account for what they have earned, then surely, He would have hastened their punishment. But they have their appointed time, beyond which they will find no escape. 59. And these towns (population, 'Ād, Thamūd) We destroyed them when they did wrong. And We appointed a fixed time for their destruction.

رتم	نت	بِحَايَ		كر	مِمَّن دُ	مِمَّن د				Ĩ	وَمَنْ	
(of) his Lord	of (the) Signs	than (he) who is remind					(does)	and who			
يداة		وَنَسِيَ مَا				لمنه		نَى	فأغرض			
his hands h	ave sent			ne a transference a				from t			rns away	
_	ن يَفْقَهُو					1 -	-			معكنا	إِنَّا جَ	
lest they sh	nould un	derstar	nd it	vei	ls	overt	the	eir heart	S	truly We	have set	
	إِلَى ٱلْهُدَىٰ				وَإِن تَدْعُهُمُ						وَفِيّ ءَاذَانِهِمْ	
to the gui	dance	an	d if you	u call tl	hem	m dea		fness	fness an		eir ears	
فور			يدًا ٢			-			وَأ	لَكَن يَهْتَدُ	Ś	
(is) the Most	-Forgivir	ng and	your Lord ever			the	n	then <mark>th</mark>	en they will never be			
فسبوا	مًا كَ		لَوْ يُوَاحِذُهُم						جم	ٱلرَّحْ	^ب دو	
for what the	ey have e	earned	if He called them to accou					unt	(of) I	Mercy	Owner	
ل م	بَل	e, j.	ألمحذاد	0	وو	5			Ĵ	لُعَجَّلَ		
they have	but	the p	unishn	nent	for th	em	su	irely He	wou	ld have h	astened	
وَتِلْكَ	بِلَا	، مَو	ونيم	مِن	ľ	بَجِدُو	- - -	لَّر		وَعِدُ	مَوْعِد	
and these	an esca	pe b	eyond	which	they	they will never fi			(the	ir) appoi	nted time	
لموا		ت أَهْلَكْنَهُم						ٱلْقُرَى				
when they	/ did wro	ng	We	destro	<mark>yed</mark> the	em (th	eir	inhabit	ants) ;	towns	



60. And (remember) when Mūsā (Moses) said to his boy-servant: "I will not give up (travelling) until I reach the junction of the two seas or (until) I spend years and years in travelling." 61. But when they reached the junction of the two seas, they forgot their fish, and it took its way through the sea as in a tunnel. 62. So, when they had passed further on (beyond that fixed place), Mūsā (Moses) said to his boy-servant: "Bring us our morning meal; truly, we have suffered much fatigue in this, our journey." 63. He said: "Do you remember when we betook ourselves to the rock? I indeed forgot the fish; none but *Shaitān* (Satan) made me forget to remember it. It took its course into the sea in a strange (way)!"

و ح	لَا أَبْرَ		لِفَتَهُ		_ مُوسَىٰ	قَالَ	وَ إِذْ		
I will not g	ive up (tr	avelling)	to his boy-se	rvant	Moses s	aid an	d (remember) when		
فَكَمَّا		ی حقبًا	أَوْأَمْضِ	ٱلْبَحْرَيْنِ			حَتَّى أَبْلُغُ مَجْمَعَ		
but when	or I sper	nd years (in travelling)	(of) t	(of) the two seas until I reach (the) june				
سَبِيلَهُ	يَهُمَا فَأُتَّخَذَ سَبِيلَةُ,			بينهما		بكغا مجمع			
and it tool	tits way	they for	<mark>got</mark> their fish	between them		they re	ached (the) junction		
	جَاوَزَا		فَلَمَّا	رًا ١		 سىر	فِي ٱلْبَحْرِ		
they had	they had passed further on			en	(as in) a t	tunnel	through the sea		
غدآءنا			ءَانِنَا			قَالَ لِفَتَـنْهُ			
our lunc	h (morni	ng meal)	bring u	S	he (Moses) said to his		to his boy-servant		



قَالَ ذَلِكَ مَاكُنَّا نَبْغُ فَٱرْتَدَّاعَلَىٓءَاتَارِهِمَاقَصَصَّا۞ فَوَجَدَاعَبْدًا مِّنْ عِبَادِ نَآءَانَيْنَهُ رَحْمَةً مِّنْ عِندِنَا وَعَلَّمْنَهُ مِن لَّدُنَّا عِلْمًا ۞ قَالَ لَهُ مُوسَىٰ هَلْ أَتَّبِعُكَ عَلَىٰٓ أَن تُعَلِّمَنِ مِمَّاعُلِّمْتَ رُشْدًا ۞ قَالَ إِنَّكَ لَن تَسْتَطِيعَ مَعِى صَبْرًا ۞

64. [Mūsā (Moses)] said: "That is what we have been seeking." So, they went back retracing their footsteps. 65. Then they found one of Our slaves, on whom We had bestowed mercy from Us, and whom We had taught knowledge from Us. 66. Mūsā (Moses) said to him (Al-Khidr): "May I follow you so that you teach me something of that knowledge (guidance and true path) which you have been taught (by Allāh)?" 67. He (Al-Khidr) said: "Verily, you will not be able to have patience with me!

تَ ءَاثَارِهِمَا	jé	د	فَأَرْتَ		نبغ	مَاكُنَّا		ذَٰلِكَ	قَالَ
on their foots	steps	so they went bac			seeking	(is) what we have	that	he said	
<u>مَ</u> انَيْنَ				مادِنَآ	مِّنُ عِبَ	جَدًا عَبْدًا	قَصَصًا ١		
(on) whom We had bestowed			ved	of Our slaves		then they found	re	etracing	
قَالَ لَهُ	(10)	عِلْمًا	ر دُنّاً	مِن لَّ		وَعَلَّمْنَ	مِنْ	رَحْـمَةً	
said to him	kno	wledge	fro	m Us	and We	had taught him	from	Us	mercy
أَن تُعَلِّمَنِ			عَلَى		هَلُ أَتَبِعُكَ		2	موسى	
that you teach me				[on]	1	(may) <mark>I follow yo</mark>	Moses		



68. "And how can you have patience about a thing which you know not?" 69. [Mūsā (Moses)] said: "If Allāh wills, you will find me patient, and I will not disobey you in aught." 70. He (Al-Khidr) said: "Then, if you follow me, ask me not about anything till I myself mention of it to you." 71. So, they both proceeded till when they embarked the ship, he (Al-Khidr) scuttled it. [Mūsā (Moses)] said: "Have you scuttled it in order to drown its people? Verily, you have committed a thing *Imra* (a *Munkar* – evil, bad, dreadful thing)."

دطي	لَدْ تُجَطَ		عَلَىٰ مَا			وَكَيْفَ تَصْبِرُ					
with it	with it you encompass not			about (a thing) which			and how (can) you have patience				
ب <u>َ</u> ابِرًا	إِن شَاءَ ٱللَّهُ صَابِرًا		سَتَجِدُنِيَ			قَالَ	خبرًا ٢				
patien	t if Allah w	ills	you shall f	ind me	ł	ne (Mose	s) said	awareness			
في	فَإِنِ ٱتَّبَعْتَنِي		قَالَ	أَمْرًا ١	لَكَ أَمْرً		وَلَا أَعْطِى				
then if	then if you follow me he		(Khidr) <mark>said</mark>	command		your	and I wi	ll not disobey			
منه	لِدِثَ لَكَ	2	حَتَّى	ن م		عَن	فكا تَسْتَلْنِي				
of it	l present to	you	until	about	an	nything	[so] ask me no				
نَةِ	رَكِبًا فِي ٱلسَّفِينَةِ				قا	فأنطك		ذِكْرًا ٢			
they e	they embarked in the ship			till when so they			y both proceeded				
	أخرقنها		قَالَ	خرقها							
(have)	Moses) <mark>said</mark>	he (Khidr) scuttled it (made a hole therein)									



72. He (Al-Khidr) said: "Did I not tell you, that you would not be able to have patience with me?" 73. [Mūsā (Moses)] said: "Call me not to account for what I forgot, and be not hard upon me for my affair (with you)." 74. Then they both proceeded till they met a boy, and he (Al-Khidr) killed him. [Mūsā (Moses)] said: "Have you killed an innocent person who had killed none? Verily, you have committed a thing *Nukra* (a great *Munkar* – prohibited, evil, dreadful thing)!"

بع معِي			إِنَّكُ		أَلَمُ أَقُلُ			قَالَ				
would never be able with me				tha	t you	(did) I not tell (you)?			h	e (Khidr) <mark>said</mark>		
بِمَا نَسِيتُ			خِڏْنِي	لَا نُؤَاخِذُ			قَالَ			صَبْرًا ٢		
for what I for	rgot	call m	ne not	to a	ccount	he ((Moses) <mark>s</mark>	aid (to ha	ave) patience		
فأنطكقا			A A	عُسَرًا ٢			مِنْ أَمْرِي		وَلَا تُرْهِقَنِي			
then they bot	h proc	eeded	(with	with) difficulty			of my affair a		nd be not hard on me			
قَالَ			فقنكه				لَقِيَا غُلَامًا			حَتَّى إِذَا		
he (Moses) s	said	then	he (K	he (Khidr) killed h			they n	net a bo	y	till when		
نقس		بغير			م ليدام ليد	سًا زَکِ			أَقْنَلْتَ نَفْ			
anyone	anyone without (killin)	inno	cent	(hav	ve) <mark>you</mark>	kille	d a person?		
نُحْرًا ٢						صَبَّتَ ال	لَّقَدُ ج					
		evil		verily you have brought a thing								