







In the Name of Allah, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful

لَن نَنَالُواْ ٱلْبِرَّ حَتَىٰ تُنفِقُواْ مِمَّا يَحُبُّونَ وَمَا نُنفِقُواْ مِن شَيْءٍ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِيمُّ شَيَءٍ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِيمُّ شَيَّ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ مِن قَبْلِ كُلُّ ٱلطَّعَامِ كُلُّ ٱلطَّعَامِ كَانَ حِلَّا لِبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ إِلَّا مَا حَرَّمَ إِسْرَءِيلُ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ مِن قَبْلِ كُلُّ ٱلطَّعَامِ كَانَ خُلُوهَا وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ التَّوْرَانَةُ قُلُ فَأَتُوا بِٱلتَّوْرَانَةِ فَا تُلُوهَا إِن كُنتُمْ صَدِقِين شَي فَمَنِ ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ ٱلْكَذِبَ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ فَأُولَتِهِكَ هُمُ ٱلظَّلِمُونَ شَي عَلَى ٱللَّهِ ٱلْكَذِبَ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ فَأُولَتِهِكَ هُمُ ٱلظَّلِمُونَ شَي

92. By no means shall you attain *Al-Birr* (piety, righteousness – here it means Allāh's reward, i.e. Paradise), unless you spend (in Allāh's Cause) of that which you love; and whatever of good you spend, Allāh knows it well. 93. All food was lawful to the Children of Israel, except what Israel made unlawful for himself before the Taurāt (Torah) was revealed. Say (O Muhammad ): `Bring here the Taurāt (Torah) and recite it, if you are truthful." 94. Then after that, whosoever shall invent a lie against Allāh, such shall indeed be the *Zālimūn* (disbelievers).

فِقُوا	وَمَانُن		٠	ير ۾ جيبور	مِمّا		مُنفِقُواً	حق		ٱڷٙؠؚۜ	نَنَا لُو	لَنَ	
and whateve	er you s	pend	of v	vhat yo	at you love unless you spend never will y				will yo	ou at	tain piety		
ٱلطَّعَامِ	ع و الله كال			الم الله	و۽ عَلِيثُ	بِ		لَّهُ	الله الله	فَا	5	مِنشَيَ	
food	all		(is) A	All-Kno	owing	abo	ut it	then	verily A	Allah	ah of a thing		
ٳؚڛؙڒٙۼۣڽڷ		رير م	ماح	إلآ		بل	إِسْرَّءِ ي		لِّبَنِيَ		حِلَّا	كَانَ	
Israel	el except what made un				awful	(0	f) Israel	to (t	ne) Chi	ldren	wa	s lawful	
بِٱلتَّوَرَىٰةِ	أُتُوا	فَ	قُلُ		وَرَىٰدُ	آلتاً	أَن تُنزَّلَ		بِنقَبُلِ	<b>9</b> c	بِـهِ	عَلَىٰ نَفَّهِ	
the Torah	so bri	ng :	say	[that]	the To	Forah was revealed before					for h	imself	
الكَذِبَ	عَلَى ٱللَّا		ئى	نِٱفْتَرَ	فمو			تدوير	نتم ک	إِن كُ	ĩ	فَأَتَلُوهَ	
a lie agains	lie against Allah then whosoev			soeve	r inven	ted	if y	ou are	truthfu	ıl	and	recite it	
	ٱلطَّالِمُونَ ١				ه و هم		وُلَيْهِكَ	فأو	ذَالِكَ	بعَّدِ	مِنْ		
	(are) the wrongdoers		oers	[they	then those		ose	that	after				

قُلْ صَدَقَ ٱللَّهُ فَٱتَّبِعُواْ مِلَّةَ إِبْرَهِيمَ حَنِيفًا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ۞ إِنَّ أَوَّلَ بَيْتٍ وُضِعَ لِلنَّاسِ لَلَّذِي بِبَكَّةَ مُبَارَكًا وَهُدَى لِلْعَلَمِينَ ۞ فِيهِ ءَايَتُ بَيِّنَتُ مَقَامُ إِبْرَهِيمُ وَمَن

## دَخَلَهُ, كَانَءَامِنَا وَلِلَّهِ عَلَى ٱلنَّاسِ حِجُّ ٱلْبَيْتِ مَنِ ٱسْتَطَاعَ إِلَيْهِ سَبِيلًا وَمَن كَفَرَ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَنِيٌ عَنِ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ۞

95. Say (O Muhammad :: ``Allāh has spoken the truth; follow the religion of Ibrāhīm (Abraham) *Hanīfa* (Islamic Monotheism, i.e. he used to worship Allāh Alone), and he was not of *Al-Mushrikūn*." 96. Verily, the first House (of worship) appointed for mankind was that at *Bakkah* (Makkah), full of blessing, and a guidance for *Al-'Ālamīn* (mankind and jinn). 97. In it are manifest signs, (for example) the *Maqām* (place) of Ibrāhīm (Abraham); whosoever enters it, he attains security. And *Hajj* (pilgrimage to Makkah) to the House (Ka'bah) is a duty that mankind owes to Allāh, those who can afford the expenses (for one's conveyance, provision and residence); and whoever disbelieves [i.e. denies *Hajj* (pilgrimage to Makkah), then he is a disbeliever of Allāh], then Allāh stands not in need of any of *Al-'Ālamīn* (mankind, jinn and all that exists).

بيفا	حَزِ	إِبْرَاهِيمَ			مُواْمِلَّةً	فَأُتِّبِ		ر مقر سام الله	مِهَدُقُ ٱ			ِ قُلُ
uprig	ht	(of) Abrah	am	so f	ollow (t	he) creed	Alla	h has s	poken	the	truth	say
ر	تَّاسِر	وُضِعَ لِل	تِ	بلِّدُ	J.	ٳۣػۜٲۅۜ	(10)	ڵۺؙڔؚڮؠ	مِنَا		<u>آگان</u>	وَهُ
set	up fo	or mankind	Но	use	verily	(the) first	of the	e polytl	neists	and he w		as not
فِيهِ	(1)	لِّلْعَالَمِينَ ا	(	و ر هُدًى	وَه	بَارَگَا	9.	ä	بِبگ		ی	لَلَّذِ
in it	for	the worlds	and	a gui	dance	full of ble	ssing	(was)	at Bakl	kah	surely	which
غُلُهُ,	ذ ا	وَمَن		سِد	إِبْرَهِ	9	مُّقَا		ر موو	وم	ءَايَ	
enters	s it	and whoev	er (d	of) Ak	oraham	am (like) standing place manifes					(are)	signs
	2	<u> </u>	(	ِ نَّاسِ	عَلَى ٱل		وَلِلَّهِ			مِنْ اللهِ بنكا	كانَ ءَاهِ	5
(to pe	rforn	n) <b>pilgrima</b> g	e or	the	people	and Alla	h has	(a right	t) he	beco	omes s	ecure
		وكمنكفر		سَبِيلًا		إِلَيْهِ	٤	أستطاع		ٱلْبَيْتِ		ٱلۡ
and v	who	denies (the	Најј)	a	journey	to it	V	vho is a	ble	(to	) the I	House
			ين	عَنِ ٱلْعَ	غي		أَللَّهُ	فَإِنَّ	ken the tr sts and Bakkah s اینات hanifest he become			
		stand	ds not	in ne	ed of th	ne worlds	tl	hen ver	ily Alla	h		

قُلْ يَتَأَهْلَ ٱلْكِئَبِ لِمَ تَكُفُرُونَ بِعَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ وَٱللَّهُ شَهِيدٌ عَلَى مَاتَعُمَلُونَ ١ قُلْ يَتَأَهْلَ

ٱلْكِنْكِ لِمَ تَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ مَنْ ءَامَنَ تَبْغُو نَهَا عِوَجًا وَأَنتُمْ شُهَكَ آءٌ وَمَا ٱللهُ يِغَنفِلٍ عَمَّا تَعَمَّلُونَ فَي يَكَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوۤ الْإِن تُطِيعُو الْفَرِبِقَامِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُوا ٱلْكِنَبَ يَرُدُّوكُمْ بَعْدَ إِيمَنِكُمْ كَفِرِينَ فَي

98. Say: ``O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Why do you reject the *Ayāt* of Allāh (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) while Allāh is Witness to what you do?" 99. Say: ``O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Why do you stop those who have believed, from the path of Allāh, seeking to make it seem crooked, while you (yourselves) are witnesses [to Muhammad as a Messenger of Allāh and Islam (Allāh's religion, i.e. to worship none but Him Alone)]? And Allāh is not unaware of what you do." 100. O you who believe! If you obey a group of those who were given the Scripture (Jews and Christians), they would (indeed) render you disbelievers after you have believed!

اَيَتِ ٱللَّهِ	بِغ		وَنَ	<u>گفر</u>	لِمَ تَ		بِ	ألكِك		Ĺ	يَّأُهُ	م قُلُ
in (the) Signs (d	of) Allah	wh	y (do)	you	disbelieve	(0	of) th	e Script	ure	0	people	say
ٱلْكِئْبِ	ئاھ <u>َل</u> َ	يَا	هر قال	C	عَمَلُونَ	کے مکا ذ	عَلَى	يدُ	شم		أَلْكُ اللَّهُ	9
(of) the Book	O peop	ole	say		to what yo	ou do	0	(is) W	itnes	SS	while A	llah
آمکن	مَنْ				بِيلِٱللَّهِ	ن سر	É		(	ون	م تصد م تصدّ	Ī
(those) who h	ave beli	eved		fron	n (the) wa	y (of	f) Alla	ah	why	/ (d	o) you s	top
المراجع المجادة		أنتم	9	جًا	عو			4	و هر	(2)		
(are) witnesse	es W	hile y	/ou	cro	ooked	S	eekir	ig (to m	nake)	it (	the way	)
ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُو ٓ ا	يم ا	يَّتَأ	99	لُونَ	عَمّاتعَه		فِلٍ	بِغَ		9	<u>وَ</u> مَاٱللَّ	
who believe	0 ()	ou)	of	wha	t you do		unav	vare	and	IIA I	ah (is) ı	not
رو هر گر پردوگم		<u></u>	كك	آآ	رُتُوا	ِینَ أُو	نَٱلَّذِ	<b>A</b>	بِقَا	اً فَرِ	بطيعو	إن
they would rend	der you	the	Script	ure	of those	who	were	given	n if you obey a part			arty
	ِينَ ۞			•	نِکُمْ	إيما		بَعْدَ				
	1	-\ -1:-	1 1.			-1:-4	r	· .				

your belief

after

(as) disbelievers

وَكَيْفَ تَكُفُرُونَ وَأَنتُمْ تُتَلَى عَلَيْكُمْ ءَايَثُ ٱللّهِ وَفِيكُمْ رَسُولُهُ أَبُ وَمَن يَعْنَصِم بِاللّهِ فَقَدُ هُدِى إِلَى صِرَطِ مُسْنَقِيمٍ اللّهَ يَا يَّمُ اللّهِ يَا اللّهِ عَامَنُواْ اتَقُواْ اللّهَ حَقَّ تُقَانِهِ وَلَا تَمُوثُنَّ فَقَدُ هُدِى إِلَى صِرَطِ مُسْنَقِيمٍ اللّهَ يَا أَيُّهَا اللّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ اتَقُواْ اللّهَ حَقَّ تُقَانِهِ وَلَا تَمُوثُنَّ إِلّا وَأَنتُم مُّسْلِمُونَ اللّهَ عَلَيْ اللّهَ عَلَيْ مَا اللّهَ عَلَيْ مُسَلِمُونَ اللّهَ مَسْلِمُونَ اللهَ عَلَيْ اللّهَ عَلَيْ اللّهَ عَلَيْ اللّهِ مَا اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهِ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهِ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهِ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهِ عَلَيْ اللّهِ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهِ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُونَ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ اللّهُ اللّهُ

101. And how would you disbelieve, while to you are recited the Verses of Allāh, and among you is His Messenger (Muhammad ?)? And whoever holds firmly to Allāh, (i.e. practically follows Islam – Allāh's religion, and obeys all that Allāh has ordered), then he is indeed guided to a Right Path. 102. O you who believe! Fear Allāh (by doing all that He has ordered and by abstaining from all that He has forbidden) as He should be feared. (Obey Him, be thankful to Him, and remember Him always,) and die not except in a state of Islam [as Muslims (with complete submission to Allāh)].

كُ ٱللَّهِ	ءَايَاءَ	عَلَيْكُمْ		تُتَكَ	وَأَنتُمُ		وَكَيْفَ تَكُفُرُونَ			
(the) Verse	s (of) Allah	to you	wh	ile [you	] are r	ecited	and	how w	ould you disbelieve	
بِٱللَّهِ	- /					و له. و له.	رَسُ		وَفِيكُمْ	
to Allah	Allah and whoever h			fast	(is)	His Me	essen	ger	and among you	
ٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ	زِينَ ءَامَنُوا	يُّهَا ٱلَّذِ	يَتَأَ	نيم	مسنة	صِرَطِ	إِلَىٰ		فَقَدُ هُدِي	
fear Allah	who belie	ve 0 (	you)	Strai	ght	to a \	Nay	then i	ndeed he is guided	
ٳؚٙڰ	يو عي نون	وَلَا			وع	حَقَّ تُقَالِهِ			حَقَّ	
except	except and you die not			(that) He (should) be feared (as is His) right						

وَأَنْتُم مُّسَلِمُونَ۞ (are) Muslims while you

وَٱعۡتَصِمُواْ بِحَبْلِ ٱللّهِ جَمِيعًا وَلَا تَفَرَّقُواْ ۚ وَٱذْكُرُو اْنِعۡمَتَ ٱللّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ إِذْ كُنتُمْ أَعُدَآءَ فَأَلَفَ بَيْنَ قُلُوبِكُمْ فَأَصَّبَحْتُم بِنِعْمَتِهِ ۚ إِخْوَانَا وَكُنتُمْ عَلَى شَفَا حُفْرَةٍ مِّنَ ٱللّهُ لَكُمْ ءَايُتِهِ ۚ لِغَلَّكُمْ نَهُ لَكُمْ ءَايُتِهِ ۚ لَعَلَّكُمْ نَهْ لَكُمْ مَا يَتَهِ لِعَلَّكُمْ نَهُ لَكُمْ عَالَكُمْ فَا لَكُمْ عَالِكُمْ فَا لَكُمْ عَالِكُمْ فَا لَكُمْ عَالِكُمْ فَا لَكُمْ عَالِكُمْ فَا لَكُمْ عَالَكُمْ فَا لَكُمْ عَالِكُمْ فَا لَكُمْ عَالِكُمْ فَا لَكُمْ عَالِكُمْ فَا لَكُمْ عَالِكُمْ فَاللّهُ لَكُمْ عَالِكُمْ فَا لَكُمْ عَلَيْ اللّهُ لَلْلَهُ لَكُمْ عَالَكُمْ فَاللّهُ لَلْكُمْ عَلَوْ لَهُ فَلَا لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ فَا كُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ فَاللّهُ لَكُمْ عَالِكُمْ فَا فَاللّهُ فَاللّهُ لَكُمْ عَالِمُ فَاللّهُ فَاللّهُ فَاللّهُ فَاللّهُ فَاللّهُ فَاللّهُ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ فَاللّهُ فَاللّهُ فَاللّهُ فَاللّهُ فَاللّهُ لَلْكُمْ فَاللّهُ لَلْكُمْ فَاللّهُ لَلْكُمْ فَا لَكُمْ عَلَاللّهُ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلَكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لِللّهُ لِلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْلِكُمْ لَلْلِلْكُمْ لَلْلِكُمْ لَلْلِكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْلِلْكُلُولُولُولُكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْلِكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُمْ لَلْكُلُولُولُولُولُولُولُولُكُمْ لَلْلِلْلّهُ لَلْكُلُولُولُولُولُولُولُولُولُولِكُمْ لَلْلّهُ لَلْلّهُ لَلْلّهُ لَلْلّهُ لَلْلّهُ لَلْلّهُ لَلْلِلْلِلْلِلْلّهُ لَلْلّهُ لَلْلّهُ لَلْلّهُ لَلْلِلْلّهُ لَلّهُ لَلْلِلْلِلْلّهُ لَلْلّهُ لِلْلّهُ لَلْلِلْلِلْلِلْلِلْلّهُ لَلْل

103. And hold fast, all of you together, to the Rope of Allāh (i.e. this Qur'ān), and be not divided among yourselves, and remember Allāh's Favour on you,

for you were enemies one to another but He joined your hearts together, so that, by His Grace, you became brethren (in Islamic Faith), and you were on the brink of a pit of Fire, and He saved you from it. Thus Allāh makes His *Ayāt* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.,) clear to you, that you may be guided.

ر قوا	وَلَاتَفَ		حًا	جَمِي			عَبُّ لِي ٱللَّهِ	<u>^</u>	وأغتصموا		
and be n	ot divid	ed	all to	gether	t	o (the	Rope (	of) Allah	and hold fast		
أعداء	7	ٳۮ۬ػؙڹڗؙ		كيتحم	6		لله	و ایغمت	وَآذَ كُرُ		
enemies	wher	າ you we	ere	on yo	u	and	and remember (the) Favour (of) Allah				
بنِعْمَتِهِ		ببحثم	فَأَمَ	کی ا	و لُوبِ	ه ف		بَ بَايْنَ	فَأَلَّوْ		
by His Grac	e an	d you be	ecame	you	r hea	nearts then he made friendship betwe					
أَنقَذَكُم	فَأ	ٱلنَّادِ	مِّنَ	حُفْرَةٍ		ثَنفَا	عَلَىٰ ،	وَكُنتُمَ		إِخْوَانَا	
then He sav	ed you	of [the]	Fire	(of) pit	0	n (the	e) brink	and you v	were	brethren	
رُونَ شَ	دم	ءَايكتِ	م	N .	اً لله	نَ الِكَ يُبَيِّنُ	5	مِنْ اللهِ			
so that you	so that you may be guided				to	to you thus Allah makes clear from				from it	

وَلْتَكُن مِّنكُمْ أُمَّةُ يُدَعُونَ إِلَى ٱلْخَيْرِ وَيَأْمُرُونَ بِٱلْمَعُرُوفِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ ٱلْمُنكَرِّ وَأُوْلَكِيكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُفْلِحُونَ ﴿ وَلَا تَكُونُواْ كَالَّذِينَ تَفَرَّقُواْ وَٱخْتَلَفُواْ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَآءَهُمُ ٱلْبِيَّنَتُ وَأُوْلَكِيكَ لَمُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمُ ﴿ يَوْمَ تَبْيَضُّ وُجُوهُ وَتَسُوذُ وُجُوهُ فَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسْوَدَّتَ وُجُوهُهُمْ أَكَفَرَتُمُ بَعْدَ إِيمَانِكُمْ فَذُوقُواْ ٱلْعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَكُفُرُونَ ﴿

104. Let there arise out of you a group of people inviting to all that is good (Islam), enjoining Al-Ma' $r\bar{u}f$  (i.e. Islamic Monotheism and all that Islam orders one to do) and forbidding Al-Munkar (polytheism and disbelief and all that Islam has forbidden). And it is they who are the successful. 105. And be not as those who divided and differed among themselves after the clear proofs had come to them. It is they for whom there is an awful torment. 106. On the Day (i.e. the Day of Resurrection) when some faces will become white and some faces will become black; as for those whose faces will become black (to them

will be said): ``Did you reject Faith after accepting it? Then taste the torment (in Hell) for rejecting Faith."

لُخَيْرِ	ونَ إِلَى آـ	يدُ عُ		99.	اً م			مِّنكُمُ		<u>و</u> َلْتَكُن	
who in	vite to th	e good	a gr	oup c	of peo	ple	0	ut of yo	u	and (	there) must be
٩	<b>A</b>	لَيْعِكَ	وَأُوْ	کَرِ	لُمُنَ	عَنِ ٱ	زَ	وَيَنْهُو	وِفِ	بِٱلْعَرُهُ	وَ يَأْمُرُونَ
they (wh	o will be)	and thos	se (are)	[from	] the	wrong	an	d forbid	the	right	and command
نُ بَعَدِ مَا	فوا م	وٱخْتَا	هر قوا	تَفَرَّهُ	ٞڷؘۮؚؽؘ	É	أ	دَّ تَكُونُو	وَلاَ		ٱلْمُفْلِحُونَ
after	and o	disputed	like th	like those who d			a	ind be n	ot	th	e successful
ليم	، عَذِ	با	2	يَمِكَ	وَأُوْلَا		لُبِيِّنكُ	1		جاءَهُم	
awful	(is)	a torment	for t	hem	and	those	th	e clear s	igns	had	come to them
	وَتَسُودٌ وتسودٌ				ه هو	ر هر و پيض	تَبْيَظُ				يُوْمَ
and wo	uld be bl	ackened	(sor	ne) fa	ces w	ould be	e bri	ightened		(on th	e) Day (when)
بعد	<sup>و</sup> يو ريم	أَكَفَر	٩	وهه	و م	سُوَدَّتُ	فَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسَّ			و جُوهُ	
after (	after (did) you disbelieve			ose f	aces l	olacker	ned	so as f	or th	nose	(some) faces
ون ش	تَكَفُّرُونَ ١						۔ اب	فحوا العذ	بر ذو	9	إِيمَانِكُمُ
disbe	lieve	at] you	used	to	the	n ta	ste the t	torm	ent	your Faith	

وَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ٱبْيَضَّتَ وُجُوهُهُمْ فَفِي رَحْمَةِ ٱللَّهِ هُمْ فِهَا خَلِدُونَ فَي تِلْكَ ءَايَتُ ٱللَّهِ نَتُلُوهَا عَلَيْكَ بِٱلْحَقِّ وَمَا ٱللَّهُ يُرِيدُ ظُلُمًا لِلْعَلَمِينَ فَي وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَمَا فِي اَتُلُوهَا عَلَيْكَ بِٱلْحَقِّ وَمَا اللَّهُ يُرِيدُ ظُلُمًا لِلْعَلَمِينَ فَي وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضَ وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضَ وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَونِ وَمَا فِي اللَّهُ مُورُ فَي أَلْمُعُونِ وَمَا فِي اللَّهُ مُورُ فَي وَلَمُ عَلَى اللَّهُ وَلَوْ ءَامَنَ اللَّهُ وَلَوْ عَامَنَ اللَّهُ وَلَوْ عَامَلَ ٱلْمُعَلِّ وَلَوْ عَامَنَ اللَّهُ وَلَوْ عَامَنَ اللَّهُ مُنْ وَلَوْ عَامَنَ اللَّهُ مُ الْفَلِيقُونَ فَي خَيْرًا لَهُمْ مُ ٱلْفَلِيقُونَ فَي اللَّهُ مُنْ وَاللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُ الْفَلِيقُونَ فَي اللَّهُ مُ الْفَلِيقُونَ فَي اللَّهُ مُنْ وَاللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُنْ وَاللَّهُ مُ ٱلْفَلِيقُونَ فَي اللَّهُ مُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَ وَأَكَ اللَّهُ الْفَلِيقُونَ فَي اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُ الْفَلِيقُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللْمُولِي اللَّهُ الللْمُولِقُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ا

107. And for those whose faces will become white, they will be in Allāh's Mercy (Paradise), therein they shall dwell forever. 108. These are the Verses of Allāh. We recite them to you (O Muhammad ) in truth, and Allāh wills no injustice to the 'Ālamīn (mankind, jinn and all that exists). 109. And to Allāh belongs all

that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. And all matters go back (for decision) to Allāh. 110. You (true believers in Islamic Monotheism, and real followers of Prophet Muhammad and his *Sunnah*) are the best of peoples ever raised up for mankind; you enjoin *Al-Ma'rūf* (i.e. Islamic Monotheism and all that Islam has ordained) and forbid *Al-Munkar* (polytheism, disbelief and all that Islam has forbidden), and you believe in Allāh. And had the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) believed, it would have been better for them; among them are some who have Faith, but most of them are *Al-Fāsiqūn* (disobedient to Allāh and rebellious against Allāh's Command).

ينے	تِجِ ٱللَّهِ ۗ	رور رحم	فَفِح			288	ه ه وڅو	يَضِّتُ	ٱبُ	É	لَّا ٱلَّذِيرَ	وَأَهُ
then (they wil	l be) in	(the)	Merc	y (of)	Allah	brighter	ned t	heir fa	ces	and	as for	those
نَتَلُوهَا			مِ ٱللّهِ	ءَايَاد		تِلْكَ		ونَ ١	<u>ضَالِدُ</u>	Ĺ	فيها	هم
We recite the	m (ar	e the	) Vers	ses (of	) Allał	these	(wil	l) abid				they
لِّلْعَالَمِينَ ۞		لُمَّا	رِيدُظُ	ه د		مَا ٱللَّهُ	وَ		س <sup>قه</sup> ي	بِٱلۡحَوِ		عَلَيْكُ
to the world	s (	desire	injus	tice	an	d Allah (d	oes)	not	in	truth	t	o you
وَ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ	ۻ	ٱلْأَرُ	غ	مَا	9	كوكت	لتَّكَ	فِي أ		ما	وَلِلَّهِ	
and to Allah	(is) in	the e	earth	and	what	(is) in th	the heavens and for Allal				llah (i	s) what
تُ لِلنَّاسِ	أُخْرِجَد			أُمَّةٍ		م خیر	كُنتُ		Ç	ورُ ﴿	و الأم	قر م ترج
raised up for	mank	ind	(of)	peopl	e	you are (t	he) l	oest	the	e matt	ers go	o back
وَ تُؤْمِنُونَ						وُن	تنه	و	وفِ	لمعر	ُونَ بِأ	رڅ وو تأمر
and you belie	eve [	from]	the v	vrong	(evil)	and fo	orbio	l y	ou co	mma	nd the	e good
كان خيرًا	Ĺ	بِ	كِتَارِ	ٱڵؙٙ	,	أَهُلُ		<	ءَامَرَ	وَلُوَ	-	بألله
surely it was I	better	(of)	the S	criptu	re	(the) peop	people and had believed				n Allah	
كْسِ قُونَ ١	ٱلۡفَ	ع م	َ يُوهِ کثره	وَأَكُ		ۇً <sub>ى</sub> مئۇن	ٱلْمُ		9 9	م	(	الم الم
(are) transgre	essors	but	most	of the	m (	are) belie	vers	1			n fo	r them

لَن يَضُرُّوكُمْ إِلَّا أَذَكَ وَإِن يُقَاتِلُوكُمْ يُولُّوكُمُ الْأَدْبَارَ ثُمَّ لَا يُنصَرُونَ ﴿ لَنَ يَضُرِبَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ الذِّلَةُ أَيْنَ مَا ثُقِفُوا إِلَّا بِحَبْلِ مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَحَبْلِ مِّنَ النَّاسِ وَبَآءُو بِغَضَبِ

## مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَضُرِبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْمَسْكَنَةُ ۚ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ يَكْفُرُونَ بِعَايَتِ ٱللَّهِ وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلْأَنْبِيَآءَ بِغَيْرِحَقِّ ذَلِكَ بِمَا عَصُواْ وَكَانُواْ يَعْتَدُونَ شَ

111. They will do you no harm, barring a trifling annoyance; and if they fight against you, they will show you their backs, and they will not be helped. 112. Indignity is put over them wherever they may be, except when under a covenant (of protection) from Allāh, and a covenant from men; they have drawn on themselves the Wrath of Allāh, and destitution is put over them. This is because they disbelieved in the  $Ay\bar{a}t$  (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allāh and killed the Prophets without right. This is because they disobeyed (Allāh) and used to transgress beyond bounds (in Allāh's disobedience, crimes and sins).

كُمُ	يُوَلُّو		كُمْ	إِن يُقَاتِلُو	وَ	صلے ب	<i>ۚ</i> أَذَك	الميرا		و ۾	وك	لَنْ يَضُرِّ
they will t	urn t	o you	and i	f they fight	you ex	cept	a (littl	e) hu	urt th	iey w	ill nev	er harm you
ٱلدِّلَّةُ		م	نُ عَلَيْهِ	ضُرِبَت			رُونَ	ء ر ء ينص	Ý		پر <sub>س</sub>	ٱڵٲڎؘڹٵۯ
disgrace	V	vas sta	mped	upon ther	n th	ey wil	ll not	be h	elped	t	hen	the backs
بِنَ ٱللَّهِ	<i>a</i>			بِحَبْلِ			آيِّ			وأ	مَاثُ <u>قِ</u> فُ	أَيْنَ
from All	ah	W	ith a r	ope (cover	nant)	(	excep	t	whe	erever they are found		
مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ		عَضَبِ	<u>د</u>	آءُو	وب		سِ	نُ ٱلنَّا	مّر		بۡلِ	وَحَ
from Alla	h	wrath	ar	nd they hav	e incur	red	froi	n me	en a	and a	rope	(covenant)
انُوا	م ک	بِأَنَّهُ		ذَ اللَّ	كَنَ أَهُ	الْمُسْكَنَةُ الْمُسْكَنَةُ			عَلَيْمِ		تُ	و ضرب
(is) becau	ise th	ney <mark>us</mark>	ed to	that	the hu	ımilia	tion	up	on the	m	and w	as stamped
حَقِّ	ؽڔۘ	بغ		لأنبِياء	تُلُونَا	وَيَة			للّهِ	کتِاً	نَ بِعَايَ	يَكُفُرُورَ
right	with	out	t and (used to) kill the Prophets reject (the) Verses (of)					es (of) Allah				
ونَ ١	يعتا		Î	وَّكَانُو				سوأ	مَاعُم	لِكَ بِ	ذَالِ	
transgress and they used to that (is) because they di					disob	eyed						

لَيْشُواْ سَوَآءً مِّنْ أَهْلِ ٱلْكِتَابِ أُمَّةُ قَآبِمَةُ يَتَلُونَ ءَايَاتِ ٱللَّهِ ءَانَآءَ ٱلَيُلِ وَهُمْ يَسْجُدُونَ ۞ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْآخِرِ وَيَأْمُرُونَ بِٱلْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ

## عَنِ ٱلْمُنكَرِ وَيُسَرِغُونَ فِي ٱلْخَيْرَتِ وَأُوْلَتِيكَ مِنَ ٱلصَّلِحِينَ ﴿ وَمَا يَفْعَلُواْ مِنَ ٱلْمُنكَرِ وَيُسَرِغُونَ ﴿ وَمَا يَفْعَلُواْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَلَن يُكُفُونُهُ وَٱللَّهُ عَلِيكُمْ بِٱلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴾

113. Not all of them are alike; a party of the people of the Scripture stand for the right, they recite the Verses of Allāh during the hours of the night, prostrating themselves in prayer. 114. They believe in Allāh and the Last Day; they enjoin Al-Ma'rūf (Islamic Monotheism, and following Prophet Muhammad a) and forbid Al-Munkar (polytheism, disbelief and opposing Prophet Muhammad); and they hasten in (all) good works; and they are among the righteous. 115. And whatever good they do, nothing will be rejected of them; for Allāh knows well those who are Al-Muttaqūn (the pious).

قَايِمَةُ	عور هو أحد		تَكِ	ٱلْكِ		أُهۡلِ	مِّنَ		ق اءَ	لَيْسُواْسَ	
upright	a peop	le	(of) the S	Scripture	9	of (the)	people	the	ey are	not (all) alike	
جُدُونَ	وَهُمْ يَسَ		ٱلَّيْلِ		نآءَ	ءَاذَ		بِٱللَّهِ	ءَايكتِ	يَتُلُونَ	
and they p	rostrate	(of)	the night	(durin	g t	he) hours	ne) hours they recite (the) Verses (of) A				
<u>.</u>	وَيَأْمُرُوهِ		خِرِ	SI	بنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ				يُؤْمِنُونَ		
and the	y comma	nd	the L	ast		and the Day they believe in Alla				eve in Allah	
يراتِ پيراتِ	and they command t					عُرُوفِ وَيَنْهُوْنَ عَنِٱلْمُنكرِ				بِٱلْمَعْرُوفِ	
in (doing)	good dee	ds	and they	hasten	nasten [from] the wrong and forbid the g					the good	
مِنْ خَيْرِ		كُوا	وَمَا يَفُعَ			لِحِينَ ١	ئ ٱلصَّكِ	مر	<	وَأُوْلَيْمِكَ	
of good						of the ri	ghteou	S	and	d they (are)	
	عَلِيكُ بِٱلْمُتَّقِينَ						.و <u>قل</u> رو <b>ه</b>	ئے	لَن يُح	<u>ં</u>	
(is) Ever-K	nowing o	f the	pious a	ınd <mark>Alla</mark> l	1	then they will never be denied [it] (its rev			[it] (its reward)		

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لَن تُغَنِي عَنْهُمْ أَمُوا لُهُمْ وَلاَ أَوْلَادُهُم مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ شَيْعًا وَأُولَتِهِكَ أَصْحَابُ ٱلنَّارِ هُمْ فِهَا خَلِدُونَ هَا مَثَلُ مَا يُنفِقُونَ فِي هَذِهِ ٱلْحَيَوةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا كَمَثَلِ رَبِحٍ فِهَا صِرُّ أَصَابَتْ حَرْثَ قَوْمٍ ظَلَمُوا أَنفُسَهُمْ فَأَهْلَكَتُهُ وَمَا ظَلَمَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَلَكِنْ أَنفُسَهُمْ فَأَهْلَكَتُهُ وَمَا ظَلَمَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَلَكِنْ أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ هَا

وَالْهُمْ	أُمَّ	٦	gic		غنی	ن ڌ	ĺ	إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُّواْ				
their we	alth	[for]	ther	m	will nev	er	avail	indeed t	hose	who d	isbeli	eved
ٱلنَّادِ		كَ بُ	أَصُ		أُوْلَيْهِكَ	و	<u>صد</u> آ <u>ء</u> ًا	مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ شَيْ		. هُم	أُولَادُ	وَلاَ
(of) the Fi	re (ai	re the)	dwel	llers	and thos	se	anyth	ing from All	ah	nor th	eir off	spring
بُونَ	ثَلُ مَا يُنفِقُونَ					خَلِدُونَ۞				فِهَا		هم
(of) what	(of) what they spend (the) ex					ample (will) abide forever in				it (therein)		they
فيها	ريج	2.		مَثَلِ	بَوْةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا ڪَ					ٱلۡحَيَ	نذه	فِي هَا
in it (	(of) a w	vind	(is) li	ke (tl	ne) <b>exam</b> p	ole	(of)	the world	- 1	ife	in	this
ر و د	وًا أَنفُسَ	ظَلَمُ			أَصَابَتْ حَرُثَ قَوْمِ			ĺ	<u>م</u> ر چ			
who wron	who wronged themselves (of)					of) a people it struck (the) harves				t (is) severe co		e cold
وَلَكِنَ أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ ١						و	هِ مِ ٱللَّهُ	وكماظكم		ئە مە	ک	فأهد
[and] but they did wrong themselve					es and	and Allah wronged them not and destroyed it					oyed it	

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَنَّخِذُواْ بِطَانَةً مِّن دُونِكُمْ لَا يَأْلُونَكُمْ خَبَالَا وَدُّواْ مَا عَنِتُّمُ قَدْ بَدَتِ ٱلْبَغَضَآهُ مِنْ أَفُورِهِهِمْ وَمَا تُخْفِى صُدُورُهُمْ أَكُبُرُ قَدْ بَيَّنَا لَكُمُ ٱلْآيَكِتِ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعَقِلُونَ ۞

118. O you who believe! Take not as (your) *Bitānah* (advisors, consultants, protectors, helpers, friends) those outside your religion (pagans, Jews, Christians, and hypocrites) since they will not fail to do their best to corrupt

you. They desire to harm you severely. Hatred has already appeared from their mouths, but what their breasts conceal is far worse. Indeed We have made plain to you the *Ayāt* (proofs, verses, evidences) if you understand.

مِّن دُونِكُمْ		انَةُ	وأبط	ه خِذ	لاتنا	مَنُوا	ٱلَّذِينَءَا	يَحَأَيُّهَا	
[from] out of you (your	religion)	tak	e not (	as)	friends	who	believe	O (you)	
مَاعَنِيُّمْ	وَدُّوا	5	خُبَالًا			نَكُمُ	لَا يَأْ لُو		
whatever distresses you	they des	sire co	orrupt	tl	ney (do) no	t spare	e effort to r	nake you	
ِ أَفُور <u>هِ هِ</u> مَ	مِنَ		-		قَدُ بِكَ تِ ٱلْبِغَضَاءَ				
from (the utterances of	) their m	ouths	indeed (their) hatred has become apparent						
قَدْ بَيِّنَّا		ػۘ <u>ڔۘ</u> ٷٙ ػؙڹۯؗ	آ ا		ر ورهم ر ورهم	ه صا	خُ فِي	وَمَا تُ	
verily We have made pl	ain (is	even)	greate	r	their bre	asts	and what	conceal	
نُ	تَعَقِلُو	گنتم گنتم	إن	سا پ	ٱلْآيكن	2	ا ک		
unde	if you	did	th	e Verses	to yo	u			

هَ أَنتُمْ أُولاَ عَضُوا عَلَيْكُمْ وَلا يُحِبُّونَكُمْ وَتُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْكِنَٰ كُلِهِ وَإِذَا لَقُوكُمْ قَالُوا ءَامَنّا وَإِذَا خَلَوْا عَضُوا عَلَيْكُمْ الْأَنَامِلَ مِنَ الْغَيَظِ قُلْ مُوتُوا بِغَيْظِكُمْ إِنَّ اللّهَ عَلِيمُ بِذَاتِ الشَّهُ وَإِذَا خَلَوْا عَضُوا عَلَيْكُمُ الْأَنَامِلَ مِنَ الْغَيْظِ قُلْ مُوتُوا بِغَيْظِكُمْ إِنَّ اللّهَ عَلِيمُ بِذَاتِ الشَّهُ دُورِ اللّهَ إِن تَمْسَكُمْ حَسَنَةٌ تَسُوَّهُمْ وَإِن تُصِبَكُمْ سَيِّتُهُ يَفُرَحُوا بِهَا وَإِن تَصِبَكُمْ سَيِّتُهُ يَفُرَحُوا بِهَا وَإِن تَصِبَرُوا وَتَتَقُوا لَا يَضُرُّ كُمْ كَيْدُهُمْ شَيْطً إِنَّ اللّهَ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونِ فَي مُحِيطُ اللهِ مَنْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عِمَا يَعْمَلُونِ فَي مُحِيطً اللهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ اللّهَ عَمَلُونِ اللّهُ عَمَلُونِ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَمَا يَعْمَلُونِ فَي مُحِيطً اللهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَمَلُونِ اللّهُ اللّهُ عِمَا يَعْمَلُونِ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهِ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللل

119. Lo! You are the ones who love them but they love you not, and you believe in all the Scriptures [i.e. you believe in the Taurāt (Torah) and the Injīl (Gospel), while they disbelieve in your Book, the Qur'ān]. And when they meet you, they say, "We believe." But when they are alone, they bite the tips of their fingers at you in rage. Say: "Perish in your rage. Certainly, Allāh knows what is in the breasts (all the secrets)." 120. If a good befalls you, it grieves them, but if some evil overtakes you, they rejoice at it. But if you remain patient and become *Al-Muttaqūn* (the pious), not the least harm will their cunning do to you. Surely, Allāh surrounds all that they do.

وَ ثُوَّ مِنُونَ		عِبُّونَاكُمُ	وَلا يُ		ه رود بونهم	₹ 8	لآءِ	أُوْ	هر د تم	هَـّا أَن	
and you belie	ve but	they (do) r	not love	you	that love	them	tho	se	lo you (are		
ءَامَنَّا	لُوا	ءُ قَا	لَقُوكُ		وَإِذَا		کُلِّهِۦ		كِنَبِ	بِٱلْ	
we believe	they s	ay they	meet y	ou	and whe	en	all of it	in t	he Sci	ripture	
مِنَ ٱلْغَيْظِ					شُّواً عَلَيْكُ	26		اخَلَوَا	وَ إِذَا خُلُوْا		
in rage					they bite at you but wh				hen they go apart		
ب	مِمْ بِذَاتِ	يَا		6	إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ		يَظِكُمُ	وتُواْ بِعَ	9 A	قُلُ	
(is) All-Kn	ower of	what (is in	)	certainly Allah perish in					age	say	
تُصِبْكُمْ	وَ إِن	هر د هـ م	تسوَّ		حسنة	حگم	ن تمسس	<u> </u>	ور 🗓	ٱلصَّلَّ	
and if overta	kes you	it griev	es then	n	a good	if be	efalls you	u (th	neir) b	reasts	
Ĺ	وَ إِن تَصْبِرُواْ			يفُرَحُواْبِهَا				سيِّتُهُ			
but if y	but if you remain steadfast				they rejo	ice at	it	a m	isfort	une	
عِلَّا آَنَ	مُ كَيْدُهُم شَيْعًا إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ			9	لايضر		Í	وَتَتَقُوا			
indeed Allah	deed Allah at all their plot wo				t harm you	ou and become pious (fear Allah)				Allah)	

بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ مُحِيظًا

(is) All-Encompassing of what they do

وَإِذْ غَدَوْتَ مِنْ أَهْلِكَ تُبُوِّئُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ مَقَاعِدَ لِلْقِتَالِّ وَٱللَّهُ سَمِيعُ عَلِيمُ ﴿ إِذَ هَمَّت طَّآيِفَتَانِ مِنكُمُ أَن تَفْشَلا وَٱللَّهُ وَلِيُّهُمَّا وَعَلَى ٱللَّهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ وَلَيْهُمُا وَاللَّهُ وَلِيُّهُمَا وَكَاللَهُ وَلَيْهُمُ اللَّهُ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ نَصَرَكُمُ ٱللَّهُ بِبَدْرِ وَأَنتُمْ أَذِلَّةً فَاتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴾ وَلَقَدْ نَصَرَكُمُ ٱللَّهُ بِبَدْرِ وَأَنتُمْ أَذِلَةً فَاتَّقُواْ ٱللهَ لَعَلَكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴾

121. And (remember) when you (Muhammad ) left your household in the morning to post the believers at their stations for the battle (of Uhud). And Allāh is All-Hearer, All-Knower. 122. When two parties from among you were about to lose heart, but Allāh was their *Walī* (Supporter and Protector). And in Allāh should the believers put their trust. 123. And Allāh has already made you victorious at Badr, when you were a weak little force. So fear Allāh much that you may be grateful.

مُؤُمِنِينَ	عُ ٱلۡ	تبوّ		ِ أَهْلِكَ أَهْلِكَ	مِرَ		وَ إِذْ غَدُوْتَ				
to post the	e bel	ievers	[from]	your h	ouseho	ld	and when	you	left early morning		
عَلِيمُ	عَلِيمُ ۞			٥	وَٱللَّهُ		لِلْقِتَالِ الْ		مَقَاعِدَ		
All-Knowe	All-Knower (is) Al			and	d Allah		for the battle		at (their) stations		
وَٱللَّهُ	ن تَفْشَلا وَٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ			مِنكُمُ أَن تَا			يِفَتَانِ	إِذْ هَمَّت			
and Allah	and Allah to show weakne				you	(rei	member) when inclined two grou				
(		أمؤم مؤو	لْيَتَوَكَّلِٱ	فَ	5	وَعَلَى ٱللَّهِ		وليم			
[so] shou	ld th	ne believ	ers <mark>put</mark> (t	heir) tr	an	d in Allah	(v	vas) their Protector			
سے مجھ ط	ٲؘۮؚڵۘٙ		َ هِرِهِ نَتْم	دُرِ وَأَنتُمْ			مُ الله عبد الله		وَلَقَدْ نَصَرَكُ		
(were) ut	(were) utterly weak whe				at B	adr	and certa	ainl	y Allah helped you		
			كُرُونَ ۞	كُمْ تَشَكُ	لعَلَّحُ		فَأَتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ				
	so that you may be						may be grateful so fear Allah				

إِذْ تَقُولُ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَلَن يَكْفِيكُمْ أَن يُعِدَّكُمْ رَبُّكُم بِثَلَثَةِ ءَالَفِ مِّن ٱلْمَلَيْكَةِ مُنزَلِينَ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اَلْمُوَعِينَ أَلْمَلَيْكَةِ مُنزَلِينَ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اَلَهُ عَلَىٰ اَلْمُ وَتَتَقُواْ وَيَأْتُوكُم مِّن فَوْرِهِمْ هَلَا يُمْدِدُكُمْ رَبُّكُم مِن فَوْرِهِمْ هَلَا يُمْدِدُكُمْ رَبُّكُم مِن فَوْرِهِمْ هَلَا يُمْدِدُكُمْ وَلِنَظْمَيِنَ فَوْرِهِمْ مَا اللهُ إِلَّا بُشَرَىٰ لَكُمْ وَلِنَظْمَيِنَ فَوْ وَمَا جَعَلَهُ ٱللهُ إِلَّا بُشَرَىٰ لَكُمْ وَلِنَظْمَيِنَ فَلُوبُكُم بِدِّءُ وَمَا ٱلنَّصُرُ إِلَا مِنْ عِندِ ٱللهِ ٱلْعَنْ يِزِ ٱلْحَكِيمِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ ال

124. (Remember) when you (Muhammad ) said to the believers, `Is it not enough for you that your Lord (Allāh) should help you with three thousand angels sent down?" 125. `Yes, if you hold on to patience and piety, and the enemy comes rushing at you; your Lord will help you with five thousand angels having marks (of distinction)." 126. Allāh made it not but as a message of good news for you and as an assurance to your hearts. And there is no victory except from Allāh, the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

رَبُّكُم	يُمِدَّكُمْ	أَن	يكفيكم	أَلَن		نَقُولُ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ	<u>آ</u>	إِذْ
your Lord	that help	s you	will (it) not suf	fice you?	you s	aid to the belie	evers	when
صَبِرُوا	إِن تَ	بَلَ <u>خ</u> بَلَخ	مُنزَ لِينَ ١	مَلَتِهِكَةِ	مِّنَٱلْ	ءَالَنفِ	ئَةِ	بِثُكُ
if you are s	steadfast	yes	sent down	[of] an	gels	thousands	with	three

يُمۡدِدُكُمۡ	هَندَا	رُهِمُ	مِّن فو								وتتقو
will help you	[this]	rushi	ngly	and	and they (the enemy) come to you						fear (Allah)
عُلِّهُ أَللَّهُ	وَمَاجَ		بِينَ	مُسُوِّهِ	تَمِكَةِ	قِ ءَالَنفِ مِّنَ ٱلْمَكَةِ			سَةِ	بخمس	رَبُّكُم
and Allah m	h make it not ma			arked [of] angels thousands w					witl	h five	your Lord
ٱلنَّصِرُ	وَمَا	ط ح	<u>ة</u> بام	کُم	َ قُلُوبُ قُلُوبُ	وَلِنَطْمَيِرَ	•	څُم	لً	يي	ٳؚڵۜڋۺۛۯ
and (there is)	) <mark>no</mark> hel	p wit	h it	and to assur		sure your heart		for you		but	glad tiding
		ٱلْحَكِي		عَزِيزِ	ĨĨ	دِٱللَّهِ	مِنَّعِن		اِلَّا		
	the Al	e All-Wise the		All-M	ighty	from Allah exc			xcep	ot	

لِيقُطَعُ طَرَفَا مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓا أَوْ يَكْبِتَهُمْ فَيَنقَلِبُواْ خَابِبِينَ ۚ لَيْسَ لَكَ مِنَ ٱلْأَمْرِ شَيْءٌ ۚ أَوْ يَتُوبُهُمْ فَإِنَّهُمْ فَلِيمُونَ ۚ وَلَا مِا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱللَّمَونَ وَمَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ يَغْفِرُ لِمَن يَشَاءُ وَيُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَاءُ وَٱللَّهُ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيثُ ۖ

127. That He might cut off a part of those who disbelieve, or expose them to infamy, so that they retire frustrated. 128. Not for you (O Muhammad , but for Allāh) is the decision; whether He turns in mercy to (pardons) them or punishes them; verily, they are the  $Z\bar{a}lim\bar{u}n$  (polytheists, wrongdoers and the disobedients). 129. And to Allāh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. He forgives whom He wills, and punishes whom He wills. And Allāh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

الم الم				مِّنَ ٱلَّذَ		لِيَقْطِعَ طَرَفًا			
or subdue	or subdue them of those			disbeli	eved	th	at He may	cut off a part (group)	
شيءَ	مُرِ	مِنَ ٱلْأَ	لَيْسَ لَكَ			فَيَنقَلِبُوا خَآبِينَ ١			
at all	the o	decision	(there) is not for y			you so (that) they return frustrated			
فَإِنَّهُمْ		نَدِّبَهُمْ	ٲۅۛؽۼ		كيب	6		أُوْيَتُوْبَ	
verily the	ey (	or He punis	hes th	em	to the	em whether He tu		er He turns (in mercy)	
وَمَا	نِ	فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَتِ		هَا الْمَ		وَ لِلَّا		ظَالِمُونَ ١	
and what	(is)	in the heav	ens	ns and for Allal			s) what	(are) wrongdoers	

مَن يَشَاءُ	ويُعَذِّبُ	لِمَن يَشَاءُ	يغُفُو	فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ
whom He wills	and punishes	[to] whom He wills	He forgives	(is) in the earth
	رّحيم الله	ب بر وو عفور	وَٱللَّهُ	
	Most Merciful	(is) All-Forgiving	and Allah	

يَكَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَأْكُلُواْ ٱلرِّبَوَاْ أَضْعَنَا مُّضَعَفَةً وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللّهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُوكَوْنَ فَي وَٱللّهَ وَٱلرَّسُولَ تُفَلِحُونَ فَي وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللّهَ وَٱلرَّسُولَ لَعَلَيْحُونَ فَي وَٱلرَّسُولَ لَعَلَيْحُونَ فَي وَٱلرَّسُولَ لَعَلَيْحُهُمْ وَالرَّسُولَ لَعَلَيْحُمْ وَجَنَّةٍ عَرْضُهَا لَعَلَيْحُمْ وَجَنَّةٍ عَرْضُهَا السَّمَواتُ وَٱلْأَرْضُ أُعِدَّتُ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ فَي السَّمَواتُ وَٱلْأَرْضُ أُعِدَّتُ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ فَي

130. O you who believe! Eat not *Ribā* (usury) doubled and multiplied, but fear Allāh that you may be successful. 131. And fear the Fire, which is prepared for the disbelievers. 132. And obey Allāh and the Messenger (Muhammad ) that you may obtain mercy. 133. And march forth in the way (which leads) to forgiveness from your Lord, and for Paradise as wide as the heavens and the earth, prepared for *Al-Muttaqūn* (the pious).

مُضِعَفَةً	أضْعَنفًا	رِّبُواْ أ	أَكُلُواْ ٱلرُّ	لَا تَأ	ءَامَنُواْ	ٱلَّذِينَ	لَيُّالِيُّهُا
(and) redoubled	doubled	devou	r (eat) not	interest	who b	elieve	O (you)
ٱلَّتِي أُعِدَّتُ	ٱلنَّارَ	وَٱتَّقُوا	نَ	تُفَلِحُو	لَعَلَّكُمْ		وَٱتَّقُواْٱللَّهَ
which is prepared	and fear	the Fire	that you r	nay achi	ieve succ	ess ar	nd fear Allah
مُ تُرْحُمُونَ ١	لعلَّكُ	و سُولَ	وَٱلرَّسَا	وأألله	وأطيع		لِلْكَفِرِينَ
that you may be sho	own mercy	and the I	Messenger	and ob	ey Allah	for the	disbelievers
عَضْهَا		وَجَنَّةٍ	3.5	مِّن رَّبِّ	ف فرةٍ	إِلَىٰ مَا	وكسارعوا
whose width (is like	that of) a	and Parad	ise of you	ır Lord	to forgi	veness	and hasten
(irr)	أُعِدَّتَ	و نن	وَٱلْأَرْهُ	ي ا	سككوك	Ĩ	
which is	us and	and the earth the heavens			าร		

ٱلَّذِينَ يُنفِقُونَ فِي ٱلسَّرَّآءِ وَٱلضَّرَّآءِ وَٱلْكَظِمِينَ ٱلْغَيْظَ وَٱلْعَافِينَ عَنِ ٱلنَّاسِّ

وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا فَعَلُواْ فَنَحِشَةً أَوْظَلَمُواْ أَنفُسَهُمْ ذَكَرُواْ اللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُحُواْ الْفُسَهُمْ ذَكَرُواْ اللَّهُ فَالْسَتَغْفَرُواْ لِذُنُوبِهِمْ وَمَن يَغْفِرُ الذُّنُوبِ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَلَمْ يُصِرُّواْ عَلَى مَافَعَلُواْ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ فَاللَّهُ عَلَى مَافَعَلُواْ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ فَاللَّهُ عَلَى مَافَعَلُواْ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ فَاللَّهُ عَلَى مَافَعَلُواْ

134. Those who spend (in Allāh's Cause) in prosperity and in adversity, who repress anger, and who pardon men; verily, Allāh loves *Al-Muhsinūn* (the good-doers). 135. And those who, when they have committed *Fāhishah* (great sins as illegal sexual intercourse) or wronged themselves with evil, remember Allāh and ask forgiveness for their sins; – and none can forgive sins but Allāh–and do not persist in what (wrong) they have done, while they know.

ٱلْغَيْظَ	مِينَ	ے خط	وَٱلۡح	وَٱلصَّرَآءِ		فِي ٱلسَّرَّآءِ	3	ٱلَّذِينَ يُنفِقُوهُ
(their) rage	and	who c	ontrol	and (in) advers	ity	in prosperit	ty the	ose who <mark>spend</mark>
ٱلَّذِينَ	9	(TE)	سِنِين	أَللَّهُ يُحِيُّ ٱلْمُحْ	9	مِن ٱلنَّاسِيُّ	É ,	وَٱلْعَافِينَ
and those v	who	and Al	llah <mark>lov</mark>	loves the good-doers the people				nd who forgive
رُواْ ٱللَّهَ	ذَك		ورو <u>.</u> فسهم	أُوْظَلَمُواْأَن		فكحشة		إِذَافَعَـُلُواْ
they remem	ber All	ah or	they wi	rong themselves	(so	mething) inc	decent	when they do
إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ	<u>_</u>	ٱلدُّنُو	ر ر	وَمَن يَغُفِ	مُ	لِذُنُوبِهِ	وأ	فأستغفر
but Allah	but Allah the sins and			ho can forgive	fo	for their sins a		sk forgiveness
(ro)	مُونَ	وهـ	عَلَىٰ مَا فَعَـٰ لُواْ		يرُّواْ	لَمْ يُصِ	9	
W	while they know			in what they d	did and they (do) not persist			t persist

أُوْلَتِهِكَ جَزَآؤُهُم مَّغْفِرَةُ مِّن رَّبِهِمْ وَجَنَّتُ تَجُرِى مِن تَعْتِهَا ٱلْأَنْهَرُ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا وَنِعْمَ أَجْرُٱ لْعَلِمِلِينَ هَاقَدْ خَلَتْ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ سُنَنُ فَسِيرُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَٱنظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَلِقِبَةُ ٱلْمُكَذِّبِينَ هَهَذَابِيَانُ لِّلنَّاسِ وَهُدًى وَمَوْعِظَةٌ لِلْمُتَقِينَ

136. For such, the reward is forgiveness from their Lord, and Gardens with rivers flowing underneath (Paradise), wherein they shall abide forever. How excellent is this reward for the doers (who do righteous deeds according to Allāh's Orders). 137. Many similar ways (and mishaps of life) were faced by

nations (believers and disbelievers) that have passed away before you (as you have faced in the battle of Uhud), so travel through the earth, and see what was the end of those who disbelieved (in the Oneness of Allāh, and disobeyed Him and His Messengers). 138. This (the Qur'ān) is a plain statement for mankind, a guidance and instruction to those who are *Al-Muttaqūn* (the pious).

وَجَنَّاتُ		مِّن دَّتِهِمْ				و	مُعْفِرَةً			ِ آؤهُ	رر ج	أُوْلَيۡكِ
and Garde	ns	from	thei	r Loi	rd	(is) f	orgivene	ess	the	eir re	ward	those
آجر اَجر	وَنِعْمَ أَجْرُ					<u></u>	خَلدِيرُ		ئى ئىكىر	ٱلْآ	تحتِها	تجُرِی مِن فَ
and how exc	d how excellent rewar				the	y (will)	abide for	ever	the r	ivers	flow	under which
ب وو بن	و س		جُمْ	قَبُلِ	مِن	تُ	قَدُخَلَ				كمليز	اَلْعَ
(many such)	situa	itions	bef	ore y	ou/	verily	/ passed	(for	) tho	se wł	no do (	good deeds)
عَاقِبَةُ	نَ	يَّفَ كَا	5	ĵ	ظرُو	فَأَنْ		ِ رُضِ	ِ ٱلْأَ	<u>9</u>		فَسِيرُواْ
(the) end	h	iow wa	IS		and :	see	through the ea			earth		so travel
وَهُدَّى	)	یِں	لِّلنَّاهِ			بَانُ <sup>6</sup>		نذا	Á	0	بِينَ	ٱلۡمُكَدِّ
and a guida	and a guidance for mankind			(is)	a decl	aration	thi	s ((	of) th	e deni	ers (of truth)	
					تَقِيرَ	لِّلْمُ	بظة	مُوَّء	9			
	for the				e pio	us	and adı	tion				

وَلَا تَهِنُواْ وَلَا تَحْزَنُواْ وَأَنتُمُ ٱلْأَعْلَوْنَ إِن كُنتُم مُّ وَفِينِ فَي إِن يَمْسَلَّكُمْ قَرْحُ فَقَدْ مَسَّ ٱلْقَوْمَ قَرْحُ مِّثُ لُهُ ، وَتِلْكَ ٱلْأَيَّامُ نُدَاوِلُهَا بَيْنَ ٱلنَّاسِ وَلِيعْلَمَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَيَتَّخِذَ مِنكُمْ شُهَدَآةً وَٱللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ فَ وَلِيمَحِصَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَيَمْحَقَ ٱلْكُنفِرِينَ فَي

139. So, do not become weak (against your enemy), nor be sad, and you will be superior (in victory) if you are indeed (true) believers. 140. If a wound (or killing) has touched you, be assured a similar wound (or killing) has touched the others (disbelievers). And so are the days (good and not so good), that We give to men by turns, that Allāh may test those who believe, and that He may take martyrs from among you. And Allāh likes not the Zālimūn (polytheists

and wrongdoers). 141. And that Allāh may test (or purify) the believers (from sins) and destroy the disbelievers.

ؽؘ	اً لَأَعَلَوْ	ر و م	يَزَنُوا وَأَنْتُم			وَلَا	بنوا	وَلَاتَهِ			
(will be)	ll be) upper-handed and you nor be grieved and (do) not						become weak				
ئے ہو قرح			ئگ	يمسك	إِن			ر مُّؤُ مِنِينَ شَ	إِن كُنْتُم		
a wou	nd	if	has to	ouched	you		if	you are (true)	) believers		
وَ تِلْكَ	بع الم	مِّتُ	ره وو مرح	ق			قوم	فَقَدُ مَسَّ ٱلْ			
and these	simila	r to that	a wo	und s	lieving) people						
عُلِّهُ عُلِيلًا	لِيعُلَمَا	و		لنَّـاسِ	Ĩ	یُنَ	بَ	نُدَاوِلُهَا	ٱلأَيَّامُ		
[and] that	Allah n	nay know	[th	ie] pec	ple	amo	We turn ther	n days			
م شَهِدَاءَ		مِنگُمَ		وَيَتَّخِذَ				َ عَامَنُواْ وَ			
martyrs	from	(among)	you	and	(that)	He ma	y take	those who	(realy) believe		
9			() E	لِمِينَ ﴿	بُّ ٱلظَّا	لأيح	وَٱللَّهُ				
[and] th	rge	(does) not like the wrongdoers and Allah					and Allah				
			كنفري	ر بر مور حق آل	ويم		نها	ٱلَّذِينَ ءَا هَ			

اَلَّذِينَ ءَا مَنْوُا وَيَمْحَقَ ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ هِا and may destroy the disbelievers those who believed

أَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ أَن تَدُخُلُواْ ٱلْجَنَّةَ وَلَمَّا يَعْلَمِ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ جَهَكُواْ مِنكُمْ وَيَعْلَمَ الصَّهِ بِينَ فَي وَلَقَدْ كُنتُمْ تَمَنَّوْنَ ٱلْمَوْتَ مِن قَبْلِ أَن تَلْقَوْهُ فَقَدْ رَأَيْتُمُوهُ وَأَنتُمْ لَا الصَّهِ بِينَ فَي وَلَقَدْ رَأَيْتُمُوهُ وَأَنتُم الصَّالِ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللللللْمُ الللللْمُ الللَّهُ اللللْمُ الللللْمُ اللللللْمُ الللَّهُ اللللْمُ الللْمُ الللْمُ الللللْمُ

142. Or do you think that you will enter Paradise before Allāh tests those of you who fought (in His Cause) and (also) tests those who are *As-Sābirūn* (the patient)? 143. And you had indeed longed for death (*Ash-Shahādah*-martyrdom) before you met it. Now you have seen it openly with

your own eyes. 144. And Muhammad () is no more than a Messenger, and indeed (many) Messengers have passed away before him. If he dies or is killed, will you then turn back on your heels (as disbelievers)? And he who turns back on his heels, not the least harm will he do to Allāh; and Allāh will give reward to those who are grateful.

9 T	بعكراد	وَلَمَّايَ			á	خُلُواْ ٱلۡجَنَّا	يَدُ -	أَن	ي سم	أمرتحسب	
while Allah ha	s not	yet tried	(knov	wn)	that yo	u would er	nter F	Paradise	or (d	id) you think	
(ILI	برين	مَ ٱلصَّب	وَيَعَلَ			مِنگُمْ		ندُواْ	(8)	ٱلَّذِينَ ﴿	
and (has	and (has not ) tried the steadf							those	who s	trove hard	
أَن تَلْقُوهُ	مِن قَبْلِ أَن تَلْقَوَهُ						وَلَقَدُ كُنتُمْ تَمنُّونَ ٱلْمَوْتَ				
[that] you m	[that] you met it before					[the] deat	h	and in	deed	you used to	
هر راه محمد	وَمَا			(ièr	نظرُونَ <u>ا</u>	فَقَدْ رَأْيُتُمُوهُ وَأَنتُمْ نَنظُرُونَ					
and Muhamn	nad (i	s) not	and	yοι	ı were o	bserving (i	it)	so verily	you h	nave faced it	
أَفَإِين مَّاتَ	Í	هر و و <sup>ج</sup> رسک	آل	عِلِ	مِن قَبَ	تُ	ـ خَلَد	قَا	رو ب	إِلَّارَسُوا	
then if he die	d? N	Messeng	gers	befo	ore him	[indeed]	pass	ed away	but a	a Messenger	
عَلَىٰ عَقِبَيْهِ		يَنقَلِبُ	وَمَن		· (	أَعَقَابِكُ	مُ عَلَيَ	ٱنقَلَبُتُ		أُوَقُٰتِلَ	
on his heels	on his heels and who turns back					ou turn ba	ick o	n your he	els?	or is killed	
کرین ١	ئَيْجْزِي ٱللَّهُ ٱلشَّاكِرِينَ ﴿					شيئا		اَللَّهُ	يضر	فَكَن	
and Allah wi	and Allah will give reward to the g					at all	the	en he will	neve	r harm allah	

وَمَاكَانَ لِنَفْسٍ أَن تَمُوتَ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ ٱللَّهِ كِنَبَا مُّوَجَّلًا وَمَن يُرِدُ ثُوَابَ ٱلدُّنِيَا نُوْتِهِ عِنْهَا وَمَن يُرِدُ ثُوَابَ ٱلْآخِرَةِ نُوْتِهِ عِنْهَا وَسَنَجْزِى ٱلشَّكِرِينَ فَ وَكَأْيِن نُوْ تَهِ عِنْهَا وَمَن يُرِدُ ثُوابَ ٱلْآخِرَةِ نُوْتِهِ عِنْهَا وَسَنَجْزِى ٱلشَّكِرِينَ فَ وَكَأْيِن مِن نَبِيِّ قَنَالَ مَعَدُهُ رِبِّيُّونَ كَثِيرُ فَمَا وَهَنُواْ لِمَا أَصَابَهُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا ضَعُفُواْ وَمَا أَسَتَكَانُوأٌ وَٱللَّهُ يُحِبُّ ٱلصَّبِرِينَ فَي

145. And no person can ever die except by Allāh's Leave and at an appointed term. And whoever desires a reward in (this) world, We shall give him of it;

and whoever desires a reward in the Hereafter, We shall give him thereof. And We shall reward the grateful. 146. And many a Prophet (i.e. many from amongst the Prophets) fought (in Allāh's Cause) and along with whom (fought) large bands of religious learned men. But they never lost heart for that which did befall them in Allāh's way, nor did they weaken nor degrade themselves. And Allāh loves *As-Sābirūn* (the patient).

: نِ ٱللَّهِ	بإذ		اً لِا		أَن تَمُوتَ		نَفْسِ	ال	انَ	وَمَاكَ	
by (the) Leave	e (of)	Allah	but	tł	nat he dies	fo	r a pe	rson	an	d it is not	
ٱلدُّنيَا	ثُوَابَ ٱلدُّنَيَ			وَمَن يُرِدُ تُو				وَجَّلاً وَجَّلاً	ا م	كِئْبًا	
(of) the worl	d a reward			an	d whoever de	esire	res appointe			a term	
ٱلْآخِرَةِ	ثُوَابَ ٱلْأَخِ				وَ مَن يُرِدُ		نَهَا	4	د م	نُؤَتِهِ	
(of) the Herea	of) the Hereafter a rewa			and v	whoever <mark>desi</mark>	res	of it We s			shall give him	
وَكَأَيِّن			لشَّلَكِرِي	جَرِٰی ٱ	وكسنك	ء کا	مِنْهُ		دم	نُؤْتِ	
and many	an	d We s	hall rev	nall reward the grateful				We	shall	give him	
وَهُنُواْ	فَمَاوَ		م کر هو	كَثِ	رِبِّيُّونَ	ر ا <b>ک</b> و	قَلْتُلُ مَعْهُ			مِّن ٽَجِيِّ	
but they neith	er los	t heart	num	erous	godly men	fou	ght wi	ith him	[of	a Prophet	
وَمَاضَعُفُواْ				ِ ٱللَّهِ	فيسبيل		28.	أَصَا		لِمَآ	
nor (did) the	aken	in (the) way (of) Allah				befell them			for what		
	<u>ش</u> ز	<u></u>	نُحِبُّ ٱلْ	وألله	<u>د</u> ا	كأذه	اً سُتَ	هَ مَا			

وَمَا ٱسۡتَكَانُواٞ وَٱللَّهُ يُحِبُّ ٱلصَّدِينَ هَا and Allah loves the steadfast nor they abased themselves

وَمَا كَانَ قَوْلَهُمْ إِلَّا أَن قَالُواْ رَبَّنَا اُغَفِرْلَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَإِسْرَافَنَا فِي آَمْرِنَا وَثَيِّتُ أَقَدَامَنَا وَأَنصُرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ اللَّهُ أَن قَالُواْ رَبَّنَا الْغَهْمُ اللَّهُ ثُوابَ الدُّنْيَا وَحُسْنَ ثَوَابِ الْآخِرَةِ وَانصُرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْقَوْمِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَالَ عَلَى الْعَلَالَ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَمُ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَمُ عَلَى الْعَلَمُ عَلَى الْعَلَمُ عَلَى الْعَلَمُ عَلَى اللَّهُ الْعَلَمُ عَلَى الْعَلَمُ عَلَى الْعَلَمُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَمُ عَلَى الْعَلَمُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَم

147. And they said nothing but: `Our Lord! Forgive us our sins and our transgressions (in keeping our duties to You), establish our feet firmly, and

give us victory over the disbelieving folk." 148. So Allāh gave them the reward of this world, and the excellent reward of the Hereafter. And Allāh loves *Al-Muhsinūn* (the good-doers). 149. O you who believe! If you obey those who disbelieve, they will send you back on your heels, and you will turn back (from Faith) as losers.

دُنُوبَنَا دُنُوبَنَا		ٱغۡفِرۡلَنَا	رَبَّنَا	نَا لُواْ رَ	أَن		ٳؖڵۜ		لَهُمَ	وَمَاكَانَ قَوْ
our sins	for	give [for] us	that they	said	our Lo	rd	except	and	their	saying was not
اً نصر فا	9	أَقَدَامَنَا	وَثُبِّتُ	نَا	فِيَّ أَمْرِ			نا	سركافك	وَإِ
and help	us	and set firml	nly our feet in our affairs ar			and our excesses (transgress				
ٱلدُّنيا	•	ثُوَابَ	مُ ٱللَّهُ	انكه	فَّعُ	(1EV	<u> </u> کفرین	ٱلۡ		عَلَى ٱلْقَوْمِ
(of) this w	orld	(the) rewar	d so Allah	so Allah gave them [the] d					aga	inst the people
لَهُ أَيُّهُا		لُحُسِنِينَ	ٱلْآخِرَةِ وَأُللَّهُ يُحِبُّ					ب	ثُوَا	وَحُسَنَ
O (you)	and	Allah loves t	he good-d	oers	(of) th	ne F	lereafte	rev	vard	and excellent
المراجعة الم	ود	يرد	كَفَكُرُواْ	<u></u>	ٱلَّذِيرَ	Í	وطيعو	إِن	موس	ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَ
they will	drive	e you back	those who	disb	elieve		if you o	oey	٧	vho believe
		िंहिंगें	وأخسري	نقَلِبُ	فَتَ		200	نکبِک	حَ أَعْنَ	عَلَيَ
	and you will turn back (from Faith as) losers on your heels								els	

150. Nay, Allāh is your *Maulā* (Patron, Lord, Helper, Protector), and He is the Best of helpers. 151. We shall cast terror into the hearts of those who disbelieve, because they joined others in worship with Allāh, for which He had sent no authority; their abode will be the Fire and how evil is the abode of the *Zālimūn* (polytheists and wrongdoers).

سَـُنُلِقِي	ٱلنَّاصِرِينَ	مير حير	وهو	مُولَدُكُمُ	بَلِ ٱللهُ
We shall cast	(of) the helpers	(is the) Best	and He	(is) your Protector	but Allah

	بِمَا أَشْرَكُواْ			ُلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا	ĺ,	ه ه قُلُوبِ	فِي
(becau	(because) of what they associated			terror (of) those who disbelieved in			
د و <del>) م</del>	شُلْطَانًا وَمَأْوَلَهُمُ			نَالَمْ يُنَزِّلُ	Á	للَّهِ	بِٱ
and t	heir abode	any sanction	with it	that which He did r	not send	with	Allah
	(101)	ٱلظَّالِمِي	وَی	وَبِئْسَ مَتْ	سَّارُ	ٱڵ	
	(of) the w	vrongdoers	[and] how	bad is (the) abode	(is) the	Fire	

وَلَقَكُدُ صَكَدَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ وَعُدَهُ وَإِذْ تَحُسُّونَهُم بِإِذْ نِهِ ۚ حَقَى إِذَا فَشِلْتُ مُ وَتَنَازَعْتُمْ فِي الْأَمْرِ وَعَصَلِيْتُم مِّنْ بَعْدِما آرَىكُم مَّا تُحِبُّونَ مِنكُم مَّن يُرِيدُ الدُّنْ يَك وَمِنكُم مَّن يُرِيدُ الْآخِرَةَ ثُمَّ صَرَفَكُمْ عَنْهُمْ لِيَبْتَلِيكُمُ وَلَقَدُ عَفَا عَنكُمْ وَاللَّهُ ذُو فَضَلٍ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ هَ

152. And Allāh did indeed fulfil His Promise to you when you were killing them (your enemy) with His Permission; until (the moment) you lost your courage and fell to disputing about the order, and disobeyed after He showed you (of the booty) which you love. Among you are some that desire this world and some that desire the Hereafter. Then He made you flee from them (your enemy), that He might test you. But surely, He forgave you, and Allāh is Most Gracious to the believers.

تَحُسُّونَهُم		ٳۮٛ	ر ر ک ہ ج	وَعَا	عُلِّلُهُ عُلِيلًا	حُمُ ٱ	كدق	وَلَقَـُدُمَ	
you were destroying	them	when	His Pr	omise	and	indeed Al	lah fulfilled to you		
وَتَنَازَعْتُمْ			لتُم	اَ فَشِـ	تق عِ إِذَ	<u></u>		بِإِذْنِهِۦ	
and you fell to disp	uting	unti	l when y	ou sho	owed we	akness	wit	h His Leave	
أَرَكُم	وماً	نُ بَعَ دِ	<b>A</b>	١	كيث	وَعَهُ	ڔ	فِي ٱلْأَمَ	
He showed you		after		and	you dis	obeyed	abo	ut the order	
ا وَمِنكُم	ٱلدُّنيَ		ن يُرِيدُ	مَّر	ع م	مند	<u>.</u>	مَّاتُحِبُّورَ	
and of you (some) ti	nis world	d v	who des	ire	of you (a	are some)	wh	at you love	
لِيَتَكِيكُمُ	ا م	2	المحرقة	كرف	الم الم	خرة	ٱلْآ	مَّن يُرِيدُ	
that He may test you	from t	them th	nen Heir	nade y	ou flee	the Here	after	who desire	

عَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ١	ذُو فَضَّ لِ	وَٱللَّهُ	عَنْ وَ اللَّهِ اللَّلَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّلَّ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ ا	وَلَقَدُعَفَا
to the believers	(is) Most Gracious	and Allah	you	and indeed He forgave

إِذْ تُصَعِدُونَ وَلَا تَكُوْرِنَ عَلَىٰ أَحَدِ وَٱلرَّسُولُ يَدْعُوكُمْ فِيَ أَحَدِ وَٱلرَّسُولُ يَدْعُوكُمْ فِيَ أَخْرَكُمْ فَأَتُبَكُمْ غَمَّا بِغَمِّ لِيَكَيْلا تَحْزَنُواْ عَلَى مَا فَاتَكُمْ وَلَامَا أَصَبَكُمْ فَأَتُبَكُمْ وَٱللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ هَا وَكَامَا أَصَبَكُمْ وَٱللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ هَا

153. (And remember) when you ran away (dreadfully) without even casting a side glance at anyone, and the Messenger (Muhammad ) was in the rear calling you back. There did Allāh give you one distress after another by way of requital to teach you not to grieve for that which had escaped you, nor for that which had befallen you. And Allāh is Well-Aware of all that you do.

ر ر. ا	وَلَاتَكُ		إِذْ تُصَعِدُونَ					
and you were n	ot paying a heed	(and rem	(and remember) when you were climbing (the					
أثبكم	أُخْرَكُم فَ	عُمْ فِي	رِ وَٱلرَّسُولُ لِيَدْعُوكُمْ فِي					
then He rewarde	d you in your re	ar was calli	ng you	and the M	essenger	to	anyone	
فأتكثم	عَلَىٰ مَا	يَحْ زَنُواْ	فَيْلًا تَ	لِّڪَ	غم	)	عَمّاً	
escaped you	for that which	so that you n	nay neith	ner grieve	for gri	ef	grief	
مَلُونَ اللهِ	خَبِيرُ بِمَاتَعٌ	وَٱللَّهُ	ع ق	أَصَنبَ	مَآ	Ž.	9	
(is) Well-Awa	re of what you do	and Allah	bef	fell you	nor (for)	that	which	

ثُمَّ أَنزَلَ عَلَيْكُم مِّنَ بَعْدِ ٱلْعَدِّ أَمْنَةً نُعَاسًا يَعْشَىٰ طَآبِفَةً مِّنكُمُ وَطَآبِفَةٌ قَدَّ أَهُمَّ أَنفُسُهُمْ يَظُنُّونَ بِٱللَّهِ غَيْرَ ٱلْحَقِّ ظَنَّ ٱلْجَهِلِيَّةِ يَقُولُونَ هَل لَّنَا مِنَ الْأَمْرِ مِن شَيْءٍ قُلُ إِنَّ ٱلْأَمْرِ كُلَّهُ لِللَّهِ يُخَفُونَ فِي آنفُسِهِم مَّالاً يُبَدُونَ لَكَ الْأَمْرِ مِن شَيْءٍ قُلُ إِنَّ ٱلْأَمْرِ شَيْءٌ مَّا قُتِلْنَا هَلَهُنَا قُلُ لَوْ كُنتُم فِي بُيُوتِكُمْ لَبَرْزَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ لَوْكَانَ لَنَا مِنَ ٱلْأَمْرِ شَيْءٌ مَّا قُتِلْنَا هَلَهُنَا قُلُ لَوْ كُنتُم فِي بُيُوتِكُمْ لَبَرْزَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ لَوْكَانَ لَنَا مِنَ ٱلْأَمْرِ شَيْءٌ مَّا قُتِلْنَا هَلَهُنَا قُلُ لَوْ كُنتُم فِي مُدُورِكُمْ لَبَرْزَ ٱلَّذِينَ كُرْبَ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْقَتَلُ إِلَى مَضَاجِعِهِم وَلِيبَتَلِي ٱللَّهُ مَا فِي صُدُورِكُمْ وَلِيمُحِصَ كُرْبَ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْقَتَلُ إِلَى مَضَاجِعِهِم وَلِيبَتَلِي ٱللَّهُ مَا فِي صُدُورِكُمْ وَلِيمُحِصَ مَا فِي صُدُورِكُم وَلِيمُحِصَ مَا فِي قُلُوبِكُم وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمُ إِنَا اللَّهُ دُورِ فَى مَلْكُونُ مَا فِي صُدُورِكُم وَلِيمُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَى اللَّه مُ الْقَتَلُ إِلَى مَضَاجِعِهِم وَلِيبَتَلِي ٱللَّهُ مَا فِي صُدُورِكُم وَلِيمَ عَلَيْهُ مَا فِي صُدُورِكُم وَلِيمَ عَلَيْهُ مِنَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمُ إِنِدَاتِ ٱلصَّاعِعِمِم مُ وَلِيمُونَ اللَّهُ مَا فِي صُدُورِكُم وَلِيمُ وَلِيمَ اللَّهُ مُلُولُ اللَّهُ عَلِيمُ إِنِذَاتِ ٱلصَّاحِعِهِم مُ الْقَتَلُ إِنَا اللَّهُ عَلِيمُ إِنَّا اللَّهُ عَلَيْمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَلَهُ وَلَا لَا اللَّهُ الْمَالِقُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْلُنَا عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ الْمَالِقُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللْهُ الْمَالَقُولُ اللْعَلَالُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللْهُ الْمُؤْمِلُ اللْهُ الْمُؤْمِلُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ الْمُؤْمِلُ اللْهُ الْمُؤْمِ اللْهُ الْمُؤْمِلُهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ الْمُؤْمِ الللْهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِلُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ الْمُؤْمِ اللللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِ اللللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْهُ اللَ

154. Then after the distress, He sent down security upon you. Slumber overtook a party of you, while another party was thinking about themselves (as how to save their ownselves, ignoring the others and the Prophet (as how to save their ownselves, ignoring the others and the Prophet (as how to save their ownselves, ignoring the others and the Prophet (as how to save their ownselves, ignoring the others and the Prophet (as how thought wrongly of Allāh—the thought of ignorance. They said, "Have we any part in the affair?" Say (O Muhammad ): "Indeed the affair belongs wholly to Allāh." They hide within themselves what they dare not reveal to you, saying: "If we had anything to do with the affair, none of us would have been killed here." Say: "Even if you had remained in your homes, those for whom death was decreed would certainly have gone forth to the place of their death," but that Allāh might test what is in your breasts; and to purify that which was in your hearts (sins), and Allāh is All-Knower of what is in (your) breasts.

ä	أَمْنَةً				ألغمِ		با	مرہ بن بع	<b>8</b>	کُم	عَلَيْ			ثُمَّ أَنزَل
an inr	ner p	peace	th	e gri	ief (di	istress)	á	after		upo	n you		then H	e sent down
		عُف	رَطَآ إِ	9			وسلح م	يَغْشَىٰ طَآبِهِٰكَةً مِّنكُمُ				يغَثُ	نعاساً	
and (	mer	nbers (	of an	othe	r) gro	oup	of yo	u	C	verta	akes a	gı	oup	slumber
ظَنَّ	بِأُللَّهِ غَيْرَٱلْحَقِّ ظَنَّ				يَظُنُّورَ	م	د و و نسم	أنف			و د ۲	أهمتر	كُو	
thoug	ht	wron	gly	thir	nking	of Alla	h the	emse	lves	cert	ainly <b>\</b>	vei	re conce	erned (about)
الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	مِن	ږ	ٱلْآمَ	مِنَ	-	لَّنَا							مِلِيَّةِ مِلِيَّةِ	
THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE		And the second second second				or us	and the latest the lat	hey say (is there)? (of						
مَّا		Li	أَنْفُ	نَ فِي	خفو	2		<u>لله</u>		ي م م	كُلُّ		رُحُمْرَ	قُلُ إِنَّ ٱ ٱ
what	th	ey hid	e witl	nin t	hems	elves	(is) f	or Al	llah	all	of it	Sã	ay inde	ed the affair
ئىگە قۇ ئىمى ئۇ	لث	، ممر	نَالَهُ	4	لَنَا	$\varepsilon$	لَوْكَارُ		لُونَ	يقو	ا کے	Í	ِنَ	لايبدو
anythii	ng	from t	he af	fair	for u	s if (th	ere) w	as	they	say	to yo	u	they (d	lo) not reveal
1		في بير				لَّوۡ كُنْكُمْ			_			<u>قلے</u> ک	ناهنه	مَّاقُتِلُ
in yo	our l	houses		(ev	en) if	you ha	d beei	n	sa	У	we	We	ere not	killed here
كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْقَتَلُ									ِ الَّذِينَ		•			
the c	the death for whom was decr				decreec		sur	rely <mark>v</mark>	vould	have	g	one fort	th those	
ع م	مَافِی صُدُورِےُم			وَلِيَبْتَلِي ٱللَّهُ					لے	اجعهم	إِلَىٰ مض			
your	your breasts what (is) in ar				and t	hat Al	lah n	nay t	est	to th	ne	places o	of their death	

عَلِيهُ	وَاللَّهُ	قُلُوبِكُمْ	مَافِي	وَلِيْمَحِّصَ
(is) All-Knower	and Allah	your hearts	what (is) in	and that He may purge
	(	ٱلصُّدُورِ ١	بِذَاتِ	
		the breasts	of what (is in)	

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ تَوَلُّواْ مِنكُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْتَقَى ٱلْجَمْعَانِ إِنَّمَا ٱسۡتَزَلَّهُمُ ٱلشَّيْطَنُ بِبَعْضِ مَا كَسَبُوا ۗ وَلَقَدُ عَفَا ٱللّهُ عَنْهُم ۗ إِنَّ ٱللّهَ عَفُورٌ حَلِيمٌ ﴿ يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تَكُونُوا كَسَبُوا ۗ وَلَقَدُ عَفَا ٱللّهُ عَنْهُم ۗ إِذَا ضَرَبُوا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ أَوْ كَانُوا غُزَّى لَوْ كَانُوا عِندَنَا كَالُونِ وَكَانُوا عُزَّى لَوْ كَانُوا عِندَنَا مَا مَا تُوا وَمَا قُتِلُوا لِيحْعَلَ ٱللّهُ ذَلِكَ حَسْرَةً فِي قُلُوبِهِم ۗ وَٱللّهُ يُحْتِى وَيُمِيتُ وَٱللّهُ بِمَا مَا قُتِلُوا وَمَا قُتِلُوا لِيحْعَلَ ٱللّهُ ذَلِكَ حَسْرَةً فِي قُلُوبِهِم ۗ وَٱللّهُ يُحْتِى وَيُمِيتُ وَٱللّهُ بِمَا عَنْهُ وَاللّهُ مُنْ وَاللّهُ مُعَلِي اللّهُ مِنْهُ وَاللّهُ مِنَا مَا قُولُونِ بَصِيرُ ﴿

155. Those of you who turned back on the day the two hosts met (i.e. the battle of Uhud), it was *Shaitān* (Satan) who caused them to backslide (run away from the battlefield) because of some (sins) they had earned. But Allāh, indeed, has forgiven them. Surely, Allāh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Forbearing. 156. O you who believe! Be not like those who disbelieve (hypocrites) and who say about their brethren when they travel through the earth or go out to fight: ``If they had stayed with us, they would not have died or been killed," so that Allāh may make it a cause of regret in their hearts. It is Allāh that gives life and causes death. And Allāh is All-Seer of what you do.

ٱلجُمَعَانِ	يَوْمَ ٱلْتَقَى ٱلْجَمْعَانِ			مِنكُمْ		إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ تَوَلَّوْاْ				
the two hosts met (on the)			day	of	you	surely	those	who turned t	heir backs	
مَاكَسَبُواً			ں	بِعُضِ	. (	الم	ٱلتَّ	سَتَزَلَّهُمْ	إِنَّمَا ٱ،	
(of) what they had earned			for some Satan				only made them slip			
طيم الم	-		عَفُورُ		علّاً	إِنَّا	و و ق	ć	يُعَفَا ٱللَّهُ	وَلَقَادُ
All-Forbear	ing	(is)	All-Forgiv	ing	verily	y Allah	ther	n b	out indeed Alla	ah forgave
وَقَالُواْ	زِینَ گَفَرُواْ			كَٱلَّذِ		<u>ه</u> و	لَاتَكُو	ĺ	ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُو	يَدَأَيُّهَا
and said	like those who di			sbelie	eved	b	e not	V	vho believe	O (you)

نُواْغُزَّى	أُوْكَا		ٱلْأَرْضِ	ضَرَبُواْ فِي		إِذَا	لِإِخْوَانِهِمْ	
or they were	fighting	they were	e travellin	g through the	earth	when	to their brethren	
وَمَا قُتِلُواْ				مَامَاتُوا		لَّوۡكَانُواْعِندَنَا		
nor they wou	nor they would have been killed			uld neither ha	ve died	if they	had been with us	
سره هره لله یمجی ے	وَٱدَّ	وبرم	فِيقً	رور بر حسرة	_	لِكَ	لِيَجْعَلَ ٱللَّهُ ذَا	
and Allah gi	ves life	in their	hearts	a cause of r	regret	so th	at Allah makes it	
	مَلُونَ بَصِيرُ اللهِ		بِمَاتَعَ	وَٱللَّهُ	قال ﴿	ويُمِيتُ		
(is) All-Seer of what you			t you do	and Allah	and ca	auses d	eath	

وَلَيِن قُتِلْتُمْ فِي سَكِيلِ ٱللَّهِ أَوْمُتُّمْ لَمَغُفِرَةُ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَرَحْمَةُ خَيْرٌ مِّمَّا يَجُمَعُونَ فَ وَلَيْن قُتِلْتُمْ أَوْقُتِلْتُمْ فَإِلَى ٱللَّهِ تَحْشَرُونَ فَي فَيِمَا رَحْمَةٍ مِّن ٱللَّهِ لِنتَ لَهُمَّ وَلَوْكُنتَ وَلَا كُنتَ مَظًا غَلِيظَ ٱلْقَلْبِ لَا نَفَضُّوا مِنْ حَوْلِكً فَاعُفُ عَنْهُمْ وَٱسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ وَشَاوِرُهُمْ فِي ٱلْأَمْرِ فَظًا غَلِيظَ ٱلْقَلْبِ لَا نَفَضُّوا مِنْ حَوْلِكً فَاعُفُ عَنْهُمْ وَٱسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ وَشَاوِرُهُمْ فِي ٱلْأَمْرِ فَإِذَا عَنْهُمْ وَاسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ وَشَاوِرُهُمْ فِي ٱلْأَمْرِ فَإِذَا عَنْهُمْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَحِبُ ٱللَّهُ يَعْفِرُ اللَّهُ يَعِينَ فَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ يَعِبُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَهُ الللَّهُ الللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللْهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

157. And if you are killed or die in the way of Allāh, forgiveness and mercy from Allāh are far better than all that they amass (of worldly wealths). 158. And whether you die or are killed, verily, to Allāh you shall be gathered. 159. And by the Mercy of Allāh, you (Muhammad ) dealt with them gently. And had you been severe and harsh-hearted, they would have broken away from about you; so pass over (their faults), and ask (Allāh's) forgiveness for them; and consult them in the affairs. Then when you have taken a decision, put your trust in Allāh, certainly, Allāh loves those who put their trust (in Him).

لَمَغْفِرةً	أَوْمُتُّمْ	راً للَّهِ	في سَيِيلِٱللَّهِ			وَكَبِن قُتِلْتُمْ			
surely forgiveness	or die	in (the)	in (the) way (of) Allah		and if [indeed			ou are killed	
وَلَيِن مِّتَمَّ		يجُمْعُونَ	مِّمًا يَجُمَعُورَ		-	رُحْمَةً	9	مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ	
and if [indeed] you o	die than	what they a	hat they amass		etter	and mer	су	from Allah	
رَحْمَةٍ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ	فَبِمَا		نَ (أَنْهُ)	لَّهِ شَحْشُرُو	لَى ٱللَّا	Ą		أَوْقُتِلْتُمْ	
(the) Mercy of Allah	and b	y surely	you w	ill be gat	hered	to Allah	0	r are killed	

ٱلْقَلْبِ	غَلِيظَ	كُنتَ فَظًا	وَلَوْ		لِنتَ لَهُمُ	
(of) heart	(and) fierce	and had you be	en rough	you dealt gently with th		
عنام	فَأَعَفُ	مِنْ حَوْلِك		لَا نَفَضُّوا		
them	so pardon	from about you	surely	they w	ould have broken away	
وسل المسلم	فِياً	<u>وَشَاوِرُهُمُ</u>	79	Á	واستغف	
in the (pub	lic) matters	and consult them	for tl	nem	and ask forgiveness	
إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ	عَلَى ٱللَّهِ	فَتَوَكَّلُ			فَإِذَاعَزُمُّتَ	
verily Allal	n in Allal	then put your	trust but when you have resolve			

يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُتَوَكِّلِينَ اللهِ loves those who put their trust (in Him)

160. If Allāh helps you, none can overcome you; and if He forsakes you, who is there after Him that can help you? And in Allāh (Alone) let believers put their trust. 161. It is not for any Prophet to take illegally a part of the booty (*Ghulul*), and whosoever deceives his companions as regards the booty, he shall bring forth on the Day of Resurrection that which he took (illegally). Then every person shall be paid in full what he has earned, and they shall not be dealt with unjustly. 162. Is then one who follows (seeks) the good Pleasure of Allāh (by not taking illegally a part of the booty) like the one who draws on himself the Wrath of Allāh (by taking a part of the booty illegally – *Ghulul*)? – his abode is Hell, and worst indeed is that destination!

فَمَن	وَإِن يَخَذُلُكُمُ فَمَن			(غَالِبَ	فَلَ	9 i	إِن يَنصُرُكُمُ ٱللَّهِ
then who	and if He forsakes you	you	then	none (can)	overcome	if A	Allah helps you
نَ الله	فَلْيَتُوَكِّلِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُو	ألله	وَعَلَى	مِّنْ بَعُدِهِ ع	المُحْرُكُم	یٰ	ذَاٱلَّذِي
let the bel	ievers put (their) trust	and in	n Allah	after Him	can help y	you	(is there) that

يَأْتِ	يَغُلُلُ	مَن	9	و فکل	أَن يَ	(	لنَجِ	i	وَمَاكَادَ
will bring forth	and whosoev	ver c	defrauds	that he	defrauds	for a	Prophet	and	l it was not
وقي	هِ مِي مُم تَّر		يَمَةِ	ٱلُقِيَ	رور بوم	يَوْمَ		مَاغَلَّ	
then shall be fully recompense			(of) Res	urrection	(on the)	Day	what he	had	defrauded
لَا يُظُلِّمُونَ ١			و ه	تُ	مَّاكْسَبَ		فَقُسِ	Ś	ڪُلُ
shall not be w	ronged	and	they	what he	e has ear	ned perso		n	every
رم من باء	5		للّهِ		أَفَمَنِٱتَّبِعَ				
like (the one) who is laden (the			e) good F	Pleasure (	asure (of) Allah (is		(is) then (one) v		followed?
صِيرُ اللهُ	وَبِيْسَ ٱلْمُصِيرُ ١			- 2	وَمَأُونٌ		مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ		بِسَخَطِ
and worst is the destination			(is) He	ll and	his aboo	de	of Allah	W	ith Wrath

هُمْ دَرَجَنَّ عِندَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرُ بِمَايَعْمَلُون ﴿ لَقَدْمَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ إِذْ بَعَثَ فِيمِمْ وَرَبَعَ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ إِذْ بَعَثَ فِيمِمْ وَسُولًا مِّنْ أَنفُسِهِمْ يَتَلُواْ عَلَيْهِمْ ءَايَتِهِ وَيُزَكِّيهِمْ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ الْكِئنِ فِيمِمْ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ الْكِئنِ وَالْحِكَمَةُ وَإِن كَانُواْ مِن قَبْلُ لَفِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ ﴿ أُولَمَّا أَصَلَبَتُكُمُ مُّصِيبَةُ قَدُ وَالْحِكَمَةُ وَإِن كَانُواْ مِن قَبْلُ لَفِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ ﴿ أَولَمَّا أَصَلَبَتَكُمُ مُّصِيبَةٌ قَدُ وَالْحَرَامُ مِنْ عَندِ أَنفُسِكُمُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرُ ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرُ ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرُ ﴿ اللَّهُ مَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرُ ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرُ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرُ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللْعَلَالُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعُلْقُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللْعَلَى اللْعُلِي اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللْعُلِي عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الللْعُلِي اللْعُلِي الللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللْعُلِي اللَّهُ الْعُلِي اللَّهُ عَلَى الللْعِلَى الللْهُ اللَّهُ اللْعُلْمُ الللْعُلِي الللللْعُلُولُ الللْعُلِي الللْعُلِي اللللْعُلِي الللللْعُلِي الللْعُلِي الللْعُلِي اللللْعُلِي الللْعُلُولُ اللللْعُلِي الللْعُلِي الللْعُلِي الللْعُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْعُلْمُ اللْ

163. They are in varying grades with Allāh, and Allāh is All-Seer of what they do. 164. Indeed, Allāh conferred a great favour on the believers when He sent among them a Messenger (Muhammad ) from among themselves, reciting to them His Verses (the Qur'ān), and purifying them (from sins by their following him), and instructing them (in) the Book (the Qur'ān) and Al-Hikmah [the wisdom and the Sunnah of the Prophet (i.e. his legal ways, statements and acts of worship)], while before that they had been in manifest error. 165. (What is the matter with you?) When a single disaster smites you, although you smote (your enemies) with one twice as great, you say: `From where does this come to us?'' Say (to them), `It is from yourselves (because of your evil deeds).'' And Allāh has power over all things.

بَصِيرُ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ	وَٱللَّهُ	عِندَاُللَّهِ	ۮڒؘڿؘٮڷؙ	هم
(is) All-Seer of what they do	and Allah	with Allah	(have different) grades	they

رَسُولًا		تأميا	ف	إِذْ بَعَثَ		ىنىن	لَيُ ٱلْمُؤْدِ	10			و الله	قَدْ مَنَّ أُ	Ì	
a Messeng	jer	in the	em v	when He se	ent	on th	e believe	ers	indeed Allah conferred a favo				ed a favo	ur
تِيمِم	ءَايَكتِهِ وَيُزَ			ءَايَتِهِ		يَتُلُواْ عَلَيْهِمْ				مِّنۡ أَنفُسِهِمۡ				
and purifi	es tl	hem	His	verses	who recites unto them				m	from	(ar	nong) tl	hemselv	es
مِن قَبَلُ			كانوأ	وَإِن	والحكمة			و	ٱلْكِئْب		ٱڒٙ	وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ		
before (tha	at)	and i	ndee	d they wer	e	and th	ne Wisdo	m	the Book		k	and tea	ches the	m
قَدَّ	g d	عِيبَ	20	بَتَّكُم	صک	أ	وَلَمَّآ	آ		بِينٍ	8 B	لَالِ	كَفِئ	
[indeed]	a	calam	ity	has befal	llen	len you or		n?	manifest		st	[certainly] in erro		or
هَندُا		٢	بنجأ	قُلُ				بها	ثُلَيُ	به و بنتم <u>ه</u>	أص		500 - CO C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
(is) this	yo	ou say	fror	n where	у	ou ha	ve (alread	dy) i	inflicted (to t		o th	nem) twi	ce to tha	t
يرُّش	قَلِ	\$	شَیُ	عَلَىٰ كُلِّ		للَّهُ	إِنَّ ٱ	وقاء	بِ	أَنفُ	ب	مِنُعِن	نَلُهُوَ	я <b>Э</b>
(is) All-Powerful thing over every			ry	inde	ed Allah	yo	urse	elves		from	say it (i	is)		

وَمَا أَصَكِكُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْتَقَى ٱلْجَمْعَانِ فَيَإِذْنِ ٱللَّهِ وَلِيَعْلَمَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ وَلِيعْلَمَ ٱلَّذِينَ نَافَقُواْ وَقِيلَ لَمُمْ تَعَالَوُا قَنْتِلُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ أَوِادُفَعُوا قَالُواْ لَوْ نَعْلَمُ قِتَالَا لَا تَبَعْنَكُمْ اللَّهِ مُوادِينًا فَالُواْ لَوْ نَعْلَمُ قِتَالَا لَا تَبَعْنَكُمْ اللَّهِ هُمْ لِلْكَ فَعُولُونَ فَا لَوْ اللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ مِا يَكْتُمُونَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ مِا يَكْتُمُونَ فَي

166. And what you suffered (of the disaster) on the day (of the battle of Uhud when) the two armies met, was by the Leave of Allāh, in order that He might test the believers. 167. And that He might test the hypocrites, it was said to them: ``Come, fight in the way of Allāh or (at least) defend yourselves." They said: ``Had we known that fighting will take place, we would certainly have followed you." They were that day, nearer to disbelief than to Faith, saying with their mouths what was not in their hearts. And Allāh has full knowledge of what they conceal.

ٱلجُمْعَانِ	يوم ٱلْتَقَى	أَصَابُكُمْ	وَمَآ
two hosts (armies)	(on the) day (when) met	befell you	and what

					فَبِإِذْ نِ ٱللَّهِ					
[and] th	[and] that He might know (test) the (true) believers (was) by (the) L									f) Allah
هُمْ	(	وَقِيلَ			لَّذِينَ نَافَقُواْ	ÍĨ		مَ	وَلِيعًا	,
to them	and it	t was s	aid t	hose w	ho were tainted	with hy	pocrisy	and that H	łe mig	ght know
لَ سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ أَوِ ٱدْفَعُوا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْوَا لَوْنَعُلُمُ						نَتِلُواْ فِي سَبِ	ق	تَعَالُوْا		
had we k	had we known they sai				efend (yourselve	s) figh	t in (th	e) way (of)	Allah	come
م فر	لِلْه	و د هم		لاتبعنكم				Ž	قِتَا	
to disbe	lief	they	cert	tainly <mark>v</mark>	ve would have f	ollowed	<mark>/ed you</mark> fighting (wi			e place)
48 V	بِأَفُوكِ		<u>ر</u> ن	يَقُولُو	لِلْإِيمَانِ	7	مِ	أَقُرَبُ		يَوْمَيِذٍ
with their mouths they sa				say	(than) to Faith	[from t	them]	(were) nea	rer 1	that day
نَ (الله	مِكَايَكُتُمُونَ ﴿				والله أعكم			فِي قُلُو بِ	ر	مَّالَيْسَ
of what they conceal				and Al	lah has full kno	wledge	1 - 7			at is not

ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُواْ لِإِخْوَنِهِمْ وَقَعَدُواْ لَوْ أَطَاعُونَا مَا قُتِلُواً قُلُ فَادُرَءُواْ عَنْ أَنفُسِكُمُ ٱلْمَوْتَ إِن كُنْتُمْ صَلِدِقِينَ ﴿ وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ قُتِلُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ أَمُواَتَأَ بَلُ أَحْيَا اللَّهِ عَندَ رَبِّهِمْ يُرْزَقُونَ ﴿ وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ ٱللَّهُ مِن فَضَلِهِ وَكِيسَتَبْشِرُونَ بِٱلَّذِينَ لَمُ عِندَ رَبِّهِمْ مِّنْ خَلْفِهِمْ أَلَّا خَوْفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴾ يَلْحَقُواْ بِهِم مِّنْ خَلْفِهِمْ أَلَّا خَوْفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴾

168. (They are) the ones who said about their killed brethren while they themselves sat (at home): ``If only they had listened to us, they would not have been killed." Say: ``Avert death from your ownselves, if you speak the truth." 169. Think not of those who are killed in the way of Allāh as dead. Nay, they are alive, with their Lord, and they have provision. 170. They rejoice in what Allāh has bestowed upon them of His bounty and rejoice for the sake of those who have not yet joined them, but are left behind (not yet martyred) that on them no fear shall come, nor shall they grieve.

لَوْ أَطَاعُونَا	<u>و</u> َقَعَدُوا	لإِخْوَانِهُم	ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُواْ
had they followed us	while they sat (at home)	to their brethren	those who said

لْمُوْتَ	Ĩ	مع م	عَنَّأَنفُسِ		فَأَدْرَءُوا	هر قال		4	مَاقُتِلُوا	
the deat	th	from your	ownselv	es	then avert	say	they	would	not have been killed	
	ĵ	ٱلَّذِينَ قُتِلُو			در این محسابن	2	9	إِن كُنتُمُّ صَلِدِقِينَ ۞		
tl	nos	e who <mark>are k</mark> i	illed		and you think not if you a				ou are truthful	
			با	أَمُواتًا بِلُ أَحْيَ			فِيسَبِيلِٱللَّهِ			
their Lo	their Lord with nay (the			he	y are) alive	(a	s) dead	in (	the) way (of) Allah	
	a a	ءَاتَنْهُمُ ٱللَّ			بِمَآ	3	فَرِحِينَ		يُرْزَقُونَ ﴿	
Allah ha	as b	estowed up	on then	า	for what jubilant			they	are well-provided	
Lie		مَّ يَلُحَقُواْ	لَ		بِٱلَّذِينَ	ینَ	تَبْشِرُو	وَيَسَ	مِن فَضَّ لِهِ ۽	
them	them have not (yet) joined			f	or those who	an	d they r	ejoice	of His bounty	
	وَلَاهُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ				عَلَيْنِ		و وف	أَلَّاخَ	مِّنَ خَلْفِهِمْ	
nor	nor they will grieve			(sh	nall be) on the	em that no fear		no fear	[of] left behind	

يَسْتَبْشِرُونَ بِنِعْمَةِ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَفَضْلِ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُضِيعُ أَجْرَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسْتَجَابُواُ لِلَّهِ وَٱلرَّسُولِ مِن كَبِعْدِمَا أَصَابَهُمُ ٱلْقَرِّحُ لِلَّذِينَ أَحْسَنُواْ مِنْهُمْ وَٱتَّقَوْا أَجْرُ عَظِيمُ ﴿
لِلَّذِينَ قَالَ لَهُمُ ٱلنَّاسُ إِنَّ ٱلنَّاسَ قَدْ جَمَعُواْ لَكُمُ فَأَخْشَوْهُمْ فَزَادَهُمْ إِيمَنَا وَقَالُواْ حَسْبُنَا ٱللَّهُ وَنِعْمَ ٱلْوَكِيلُ ﴿

171. They rejoice in a grace and a bounty from Allāh, and that Allāh will not waste the reward of the believers. 172. Those who answered (the Call of) Allāh and the Messenger (Muhammad ) after being wounded; for those of them who did good deeds and feared Allāh, there is a great reward. 173. Those (i.e. believers) to whom the people (hypocrites) said, ``Verily, the people (pagans) have gathered against you (a great army), therefore, fear them." But it (only) increased them in Faith, and they said: ``Allāh (Alone) is Sufficient for us, and He is the Best Disposer of affairs (for us)."

وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ	وَفَضَّلِ	مِنَ ٱللّهِ	يَسْتَبْشِرُونَ بِنِعْمَةِ
and that Allah	and (His) bounty	of Allah	they rejoice in favour

والله	لَّذِينَ ٱسۡتَجَابُ	ĺ	مِنِينَ	ُوج مو	ٱلْ		و ا	لايضيعاً		
those who	responded t	Allah	(of) the be	(of) the believers will not waste (the) rev						
ٱلْقَرْحُ		بَعْدِ مَا أَ			ر ر.	مِر	وَأَل			
the injury	the injury befell them (they ha				after ar			ind the Me	ssenger	
عَظِيمُ	أَجْرُ عَظِيمُ ۞				مِنْهُمْ وَأَتَّ			ينَ أَحْسَنُو	لِلَّذِ	
great	(is) a rewa	d an	d feared (Allah	1)	of the	em	for th	iose who <mark>c</mark>	lid good	
بعوا	قَدْجَ	نَ	إِنَّ ٱلنَّاسَ		لنَّاسُ	ĺ	و و هم	قَالَكُو	ٱلَّذِينَ	
certainly ha	ave gathered	verily	the people	t	he peo	ple said		to them	those	
إيمَانَا	إدَهُم إيمَانَا				فأخشؤهم		فأ		Í	
(in) Faith	n but	sed them		so fea	r the	m	again	st you		
	وَيْغُمُ ٱلْوَكِيلُ ١				نَا ٱللَّهُ	ر ۔ ہ <b>ح</b> سب	قَالُواْ۔	وَهَ		

and they said Allah (is) sufficient for us

and He is Excellent Guardian

174. So, they returned with grace and bounty from Allāh. No harm touched them; and they followed the good Pleasure of Allāh. And Allāh is the Owner of Great Bounty. 175. It is only *Shaitān* (Satan) that suggests to you the fear of his *Auliyā'* [supporters and friends (polytheists, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allāh and in His Messenger, Muhammad ); so fear them not, but fear Me, if you are (true) believers. 176. And let not those grieve you (O Muhammad ) who rush with haste to disbelieve; verily, not the least harm will they do to Allāh. It is Allāh's Will to give them no portion in the Hereafter. For them there is a great torment.

و په وو سوء	لَّمْ يَمْسَمُهُمْ	وَفَضَّلِ	مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ	بِنِعْمَةٍ	فَٱنقَلَبُواْ
any harm	touched them not	and bounty	of Allah	with favour	so they returned

سلٍ	ذُو فَضَ	والله	9			ناح	إُرِضُونَ ٱللَّا	بعو	وأت	, )
(is) Owne	r (of) Bou	inty and All	ah	and they followed (the) good Pleasure (of) Alla						
	وُلِياآءَهُ,	يُخوِّفُ	مخي			إِنَّمَاذَ لِكُمْ		إنَّهُ		عظيم
suggest	s fear (to	you) of his all	ies	Sat	an		(it is) only	/ tha	t	Great
ۇ زىنك	وَلايَحَ	ينَ ا	ه مؤمِّد	إِن كُنْكُم مُّ			وَخَافُونِ		٩٥	فَلا تَخَافُو
and let no	ot grieve y	ou if you are	true (true	e) believ	ers	bı	ıt fear Me	S	o fe	ar them not
الشيئ	عَلَّا اللهُ	لَن يَضِّرُوا	7	إنه		3	فِي ٱلْكُفْرِ		ونَ	ٱلَّذِينَ يُسَكِرِعُ
the least	will neve	er harm Allah	veri	erily they to		owards disbelief			th	ose who rush
ر <u>ا</u> خرة	فِي ٱلْمَا	حَظَّا	حَظّا			لاَيجُعَلَ				يُرِيدُ ٱللَّهُ
in the He	in the Hereafter any portion			to them	1	that He will not g		ot gi	ive	Allah wills
				عَذَابُ			وَهُمْ			
		great	(is)	a torm	ent	and for them		n		

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱشْتَرَوُا ٱلْكُفْرَ بِٱلْإِيمَانِ لَن يَضُرُّواْ ٱللَّهَ شَيْعًا وَلَهُمْ عَذَابُ ٱلِيمُ اللَّهُ وَلا يَحْسَبَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ ٱنَّمَا نُمُلِي لَهُمْ خَيْرٌ لِآنَفُسِمِمْ إِنَّمَا نُمْلِي لَهُمْ لِيَزْدَادُواْ إِثْمَا فُولِم يَحْسَبَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ ٱنَّمَا نُمُلِي لَهُمْ خَيْرٌ لِآنَفُسِمِمْ إِنَّمَا نُمْلِي لَهُمْ لِيَزْدَادُواْ إِثْمَا فَوَلا يَحْسَبَنَ ٱللَّهُ عَذَابُ ثُمُهِينُ اللَّهُ

177. Verily, those who purchase disbelief at the price of Faith, not the least harm will they do to Allāh. For them, there is a painful torment. 178. And let not the disbelievers think that Our postponing of their punishment is good for them. We postpone the punishment only so that they may increase in sinfulness. And for them is a disgraceful torment.

عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ	لَن يَضُ رُّواْ		بِٱلْإِيمَانِ			ٱلۡ	إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱشۡ تَرَوُا۟			
they will	never harm Al	ah at th	e price of Faith disbelief indeed thos			se who have	purchased			
وروا	ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَ	سبن ا	وَلا يَحْسَ		أَلِيمٌ	ي و	عَذَاثْ	وكهم	شيئا	
those wh	no disbelieved	and let	let not think		nful	(is) a	torment	and for them	the least	
إِنَّمَانُمْ لِي		الم	نفسم			بردوه حاير	ا هم	نُمُّلِي	أنما	
to them only We give respit		respite	for thems	selves	s (is	) goo	d to the	n that We gi	ve respite	

ي هين ١		عَذَابُّ	وكمم	إِثْمَا	لِيزَدُادُواْ
	humiliating	(is) a torment	and for them	(in) sinfulness	so that they may grow

مَّاكَانَ ٱللَّهُ لِيَذَرَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَىٰ مَا أَنتُمْ عَلَيْهِ حَتَّىٰ يَمِيزَ ٱلْخَبِيثَ مِنَ ٱلطَّيِّبِ وَمَا كَانَ ٱللَّهُ لِيُعْلِعَكُمْ عَلَى ٱلْغَيْبِ وَلَكِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَجْتَبِى مِن رُّسُلِهِ عَن يَشَأَهُ فَعَامِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَإِن لِيُطْلِعَكُمْ عَلَى ٱلْغَيْبِ وَلَكِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَجْتَبِى مِن رُّسُلِهِ عَن يَشَأَهُ فَعَامِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَإِن يُطُلِعَكُمْ عَظِيمُ اللَّهَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَظِيمُ اللَّهُ عَظِيمُ اللَّهُ عَظِيمُ اللَّهُ عَظِيمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَظِيمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللللهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللهُ اللَّهُ اللهُ اللَّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللَّهُ اللهُ اللَّهُ اللهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الل

179. Allāh will not leave the believers in the state in which you are now, until He distinguishes the wicked from the good. Nor will Allāh disclose to you the secrets of the *Ghaib* (Unseen), but Allāh chooses of His Messengers whom He wills. So believe in Allāh and His Messengers. And if you believe and fear Allāh, then for you there is a great reward.

م عَلَيْهِ		عَلَىٰ مَا	لِيَذَرَٱلْمُوَّمِنِينَ			,	مَّاكَانَ ٱللَّهُ		
(are) on it you		on what	that He	that He leaves the believers				Allah is not	
لِيُطْلِعَكُمْ		وَمَاكَانَ ٱللَّهُ	مِنَ ٱلطَّيِّبِ		حَتَّىٰ يَمِيزُٱلْخَبَيتَ				
وَتَتَقُوا		and Allah is no	t from the	from the good till He dis			istinguishes the wicked		
		بِی مِن رُّسُلِهِ۔ بِی مِن رُّسُلِهِ۔	يَجُدُ	وَلَكِكِنَّ ٱللَّهَ			عَلَى ٱلْغَيْثِ		
		ooses of His Me	ssengers	engers [and] but Alla		ah about the Unseen			
		وَ إِن تُؤْمِنُواْ	ć.	ورس لِمِ		عِلْقَالِهِ		فَعَامِنُواْ	
		nd if you believe	and Hi	and His Messe		in Allah		so believe	
			6 /		9//				

قَلَكُمْ عُظِيثٌ قَ great (is) a reward then for you

وَلَا يَحْسَبَنَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَبْخَلُونَ بِمَا ءَاتَنَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ مِن فَضَلِهِ مُو خَيْراً لَمُّمَ بَلْ هُو شَرُّ لَهُمَ اللَّهُ مِن فَضَلِهِ مُو خَيْراً لَمُّمَ بَلْ هُو شَرُّ لَهُمَ اللَّهُ مِن فَضَلِهِ مُو خَيْراً لَمُّمَ بَلَ هُو شَرُّ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا سَيُطَوَّقُونَ مَا بَخِلُواْ بِدِ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيكَ مَةِ وَلِلَّهِ مِيرَثُ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ فَ لَقَادُ سَمِعَ ٱللَّهُ قَوْلَ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُواْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ فَقِيرٌ وَخَنُ أَغْنِياتًهُ سَنَكُمْ أَلُوا وَقَتْلَهُمُ ٱلْأَنْ بِيكَآءَ بِغَيْرِحَقِّ وَنَقُولُ ذُوقُواْ عَذَا بَ ٱلْحَرِيقِ فِي اللَّهُ مَا لُواْ وَقَتْلَهُمُ ٱلْأَنْ بِيكَآءَ بِغَيْرِحَقِّ وَنَقُولُ ذُوقُواْ عَذَا بَ ٱلْحَرِيقِ فِي اللَّهُ مَا لَوا وَقَتْلَهُمُ الْأَنْ بِيكَآءَ بِغَيْرِحَقِّ وَنَقُولُ ذُوقُواْ عَذَا بَ ٱلْحَرِيقِ فِي

180. And let not those who covetously withhold of that which Allāh has bestowed on them of His bounty (wealth) think that it is good for them (and so they do not pay the obligatory  $Zak\bar{a}t$ ). Nay, it will be worse for them; the things which they covetously withheld, shall be tied to their necks like a collar on the Day of Resurrection. And to Allāh belongs the heritage of the heavens and the earth; and Allāh is Well-Acquainted with all that you do. 181. Indeed, Allāh has heard the statement of those (Jews) who say: ``Truly, Allāh is poor and we are rich!'' We shall record what they have said and their killing of the Prophets unjustly, and We shall say: ``Taste you the torment of the burning (Fire).''

مُ اللَّهُ	تاها	اَدُ	مَآ	ب		ز	نَ يَبْخُلُونَ	ٱلَّذِي		بَنَّ ا	وَلايَحْسَ	
Allah has g	ırantı	ed ther	n of w	hat	those	wh	o covetou	ısly withho	old	and (d	o) not think	
لَّهُ وَ الْمُعْمَ	٩	سُرُّ	بَلُ هُوَ		آم صلح		خَيْراً	مُو	1 <b>b</b>	دم	مِن فَضَّلِ	
for them	(is)	) bad	nay it	f	or them	1	(is) goo	d (that	) it	of H	lis bounty	
يُوْمَ		بلم		مَا بَخِلُواْ	à			زَ	يُطوَّ قُو	, u		
(on the) Da	ay	[of it]	what they covetously withheld will be hu							ng about their necks		
ٱلْأَرْضِ	9	وَلِلَّهِ مِيرَاثُ السَّكَوَتِ							<u>ق</u>	ٱلْقِيكَ		
and the ea	rth	(of) t	ne heav	ens	and for Allah (is the) heritage (of) Res						esurrection	
قَوْلَ		مِعَ ٱللَّهُ	لَّقَدُ سَ			(	خَبِيرٌ	كاتعُمَلُونَ	5		وَٱللَّهُ	
(the) saying	inde	eed Alla	h has h	eard	d (is) Well-Acquainted with what					ou do	and Allah	
نَكْتُبُ	<u>_</u>	المج آ	أُغْنِي	و ن	إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ فَقِيرٌ وَنَحُن					.قَالُوا	ٱلَّذِينَ	
We shall re	ecord	(ar	e) rich	an	d we	VE	rily Allah	(is) poor	(	of) thos	e who said	
حَقِّ	:	بِغَيْرِ		بِيكآءَ	ٱلأن		80	وَقَتَاهُ		لُوا	مَاقَا	
(of) right	in c	defianc	e (of)	the	Prophe	ts	and the	eir killing	W	hat the	y have said	
		رِيقِ	ٱلْحَ	,	وَنَقُولُ ذُوقُواْعَذَابَ							
	(of) burning Fire taste (the) torment and We shall say											

ذَلِكَ بِمَا قَدَّمَتْ أَيْدِيكُمْ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَيْسَ بِظَلَّامِ لِلْعَبِيدِ شَهِ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُوٓا إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَهِدَ إِلَيْنَآ أَلَّا نُوَْمِنَ لِرَسُولٍ حَتَّى يَأْتِينَا بِقُرْبَانِ تَأْكُلُهُ ٱلنَّارُّ قُلْ قَدْ جَآءَكُمْ رُسُلُ مِّن قَبْلِي بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ وَبِٱلَّذِى قُلْتُمْ فَلِمَ قَتَلْتُمُوهُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ صَدِقِينَ ﴿ وَلَا لَكُن اللَّهُ مِن قَبْلِكَ جَآءُو بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ وَٱلزُّبُرِ وَلَا لَيْ بُرُ لَا لَيْ مِن قَبْلِكَ جَآءُو بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ وَٱلزُّبُرِ وَٱلْكِتَابِ ٱلْمُنِيرِ ﴾
وَٱلْكِتَابِ ٱلْمُنِيرِ ﴾

182. This is because of that (evil) which your hands have sent before you. And certainly, Allāh is never unjust to (His) slaves. 183. Those (Jews) who said: `Verily, Allāh has taken our promise not to believe in any Messenger unless he brings us an offering which the fire (from heaven) shall devour." Say: ``Verily, there came to you Messengers before me, with clear signs and even with what you speak of; why then did you kill them, if you are truthful?" 184. Then if they deny you (O Muhammad ﷺ), so were Messengers denied before you, who came with *Al-Baiyyināt* (clear signs, proofs, evidences) and the Scripture and the Book of Enlightenment.

بِظَلّامِ	ی	للهَ لَيْسَ	وَأَنَّ أَوْ	)		:	أَيۡدِيكُمُ	لـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	بِمَا قَ			ذَالِكَ
unjust	and th	at Alla	h is n	ever	(is beca	ause)	of wha	t your	hands s	ent befo	ore	that
					إِنَّ ٱللَّ		كَالُوا	ين قَ	ٱلَّذِ		بيا	لِّلْعَبَ
has take	n our p	romis	e	ver	ily Allah		thos	e who	said	to (Hi	s) sl	aves
تَأْكُلُهُ	ئرَبَانِ	بِق	بَنَا	ِّى يَأْتِ كى يَأْتِ	يَّ حَدِي		كُسُولٍ	لر	٠	ۇ ۋەرىك	لَّا ذُ	٩
devours it	an offe	ering u	ıntil he	brin	gs to us in any Messenger that we shall no						ot b	elieve
كِيِّنَاتِ	بِٱلۡبَ	لِٰٰٰی	مِّن قَبُ		رُسُلُ	2	ۇ ئىم	_جَآءَ كُ	قَا	قُلُ	قا و ر	ٱلنَّا
with clear	signs	befo	ore me	e 1	Messengers verily came to you say t						th	e fire
دِقِينَ	نُمْ صَك	نگُن	<u> </u>	مُ	لتُمُوهُ	مر قت	فَا		تو و	لَّذِي قُلْ	وَ بِأَ	
if you a	are trut	hful	th	nen w	hy (did)	you l	kill then	n and	d with w	hat you	spe	eak of
يِّن قَبُلِكَ	رَسُلُ مِّن قَبُلِكَ					ف			بَ بُوكَ	ن ڪَ	فَإِر	
before yo	before you so indeed were					rs rej	ected	then	if they h	nave reje	ecte	<mark>d</mark> you
نِيرِش	ٱلْمَا	ب	كِتَ	وَٱلْ	جَآءُو بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ وَٱلْزُّبُرِ وَ							
(the) illum	(the) illuminating and the Boo						ripture	who l	nad com	e with o	lear	signs

كُلُّ نَفْسِ ذَآبِقَةُ ٱلْمُوْتِّ وَإِنَّمَا تُوَفَّوْنَ أُجُورَكُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيكَمَةِ فَمَن زُحْزِحَ

عَنِ ٱلنَّارِ وَأُدْخِلَ ٱلْجَنَّةَ فَقَدْ فَازُّ وَمَا ٱلْحَيَوْةُ ٱلدُّنْيَآ إِلَّا مَتَكُ ٱلْغُرُودِ فَ لَتُبْلَوُكُ فِي ٱلنَّابِينَ أَوْتُواْ لَتُبْلَوُكُ فِي أَمْوَلِكُمْ وَأَنفُسِكُمْ وَلَسَنْمَعُنَ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ الْمُركُواْ أَذَكُ كَثِيبَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ وَمِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُواْ أَذَكَ كَثِيبَ أَقْوَا وَإِن تَصَبِرُواْ وَتَعَلِيمُ وَمِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَلْمُودِ فَي وَتَنْ مَنْ عَرْمِ ٱلْأُمُودِ فَي وَتَنَقُواْ فَإِنَّ ذَلِكَ مِنْ عَرْمِ ٱلْأُمُودِ فَي

185. Everyone shall taste death. And only on the Day of Resurrection shall you be paid your wages in full. And whoever is removed away from the Fire and admitted to Paradise, he indeed is successful. The life of this world is only the enjoyment of deception (a deceiving thing). 186. You shall certainly be tried and tested in your wealth and properties and in your personal selves, and you shall certainly hear much that will grieve you from those who received the Scripture before you (Jews and Christians) and from those who ascribe partners to Allāh; but if you persevere patiently, and become *Al-Muttaqūn* (the pious) then verily, that will be a determining factor in all affairs (and that is from the great matters which you must hold on with all your efforts).

يُوْمَ	المراجعة الم	أُجُورَد	رُ ک	م ياتوق	وَ إِنَّ	لُوَّتِ	Ñ	ذَآيِقَةُ	نَفْسِ	حُكُلُّ كُلُّ	
(on the) Day	and only	you shall	l be pa	aid you	r reward	ls death	(sł	nall) taste	person	every	
اَجُنَّةً	أُدِّخِلَ ٱلْ	و	کارِ	عَنِ ٱلذَّ		زُحْزِحَ	فَمَن		بكمة	ٱلْقِ	
and was adm	nitted to F	Paradise	from	the Fir	e then v	who was	draw	n away (	of) Resur	rection	
المتاغ كالمتاغ	T d	هر د نیا	ٱ	ه	ٱلۡحَيَوْ	وَمَا		قار پاز	فَقَدُ		
except (the) er	njoyment	(of) this v	nis world and (is) nothing the life then inde						ed he is successful		
نَفُسِكُمْ	وَأَ	29	مُوَالِه	في	<u>لۇ</u> رىپ	لَتُ			لَغُرُورِ الْ	Ĩ	
and your live	s you w	ould cert	ainly k	oe put	to test i	n your we	(of) illus	sory (dec	eption)		
نقبُّلِكُمْ	<u>م</u>	ٱلْكِتَارَ	هر هر أوتوا		زِينَ	مِنَ ٱلَّهُ		ر الم	وَلَتَسَمَعُ		
before you	have b	een give	n the	Book	from th	ose who	and	and you shall c		y hear	
تَصَبِرُواْ	وَإِن	شيرا	5	نح	أذ	كُوا	أثر	بین	وَمِنَ ٱلَّذِ		
and if you rem	ain patier	nt many	y hu	urtful tl	nings ar	nd from tl	nose	who prac	ticed poly	theism	
	ٱلْأُمُو	عكزم	مِنَ		ذَالِكَ	فَإِنَّ		تَ قُوا	وَزَ		

then indeed that

and become pious

(is) from great

matters

وَإِذْ أَخَذَ ٱللَّهُ مِيثَقَ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْكِتَبَ لَتُبَيِّنُنَّهُ, لِلنَّاسِ وَلَا تَكْتُمُونَهُ, فَنَبَذُوهُ وَرَآءَ ظُهُورِهِمْ وَٱشۡتَرُواْبِهِ عَمَّنَا قَلِيلًا فَيِئُسَ مَا يَشْتَرُونَ هَ لَا تَحْسَبَنَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَفْرَحُونَ بِمَا أَتَوا وَيُحِبُّونَ أَن يُحْمَدُوا بِمَا لَمْ يَفْعَلُواْ فَلا تَحْسَبَنَهُم بِمَفَازَةٍ مِّنَ الْعَرَضُونَ بِمَا أَتُوا وَيُحِبُّونَ أَن يُحْمَدُوا بِمَا لَمْ يَفْعَلُواْ فَلا تَحْسَبَنَهُم بِمَفَازَةٍ مِّنَ الْعَدَابُ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابُ أَلِيمٌ هَا لَهُ اللّهُ مَا يَشْعَلُواْ فَلا تَحْسَبَنَهُم بِمَفَازَةٍ مِّنَ

187. (And remember) when Allāh took a covenant from those who were given the Scripture (Jews and Christians) to make it (the news of the coming of Prophet Muhammad and the religious knowledge) known and clear to mankind, and not to hide it, but they threw it away behind their backs, and purchased with it some miserable gain! And indeed worst is that which they bought. 188. Think not that those who rejoice in what they have done (or brought about), and love to be praised for what they have not done, – think not you that they are rescued from the torment, and for them is a painful torment.

كِتَابَ	رأأل	أُوتُو	<u>ز</u> ین	ٱڒؖ	قَ	مِيثَ			أُللَّهُ	َ إِذْ أَخَذَ `	•
were given	the S	Scripture	e (of) thos	se who	a co	venant	an	d (rer	nemb	er) when	Allah took
۔ وہ	فَنَبَذُ		مرور مونه،	وَلَاتُكُ		بَّاسِ	Ų			لَتْبَيِّنْهُ,	
but they th	rew i	t away	and you h	nide it n	ot	to peop	ole	(tha	t) you	ı certainly	explain it
فَبِئْسَ		قَلِيلًا	مُّنَّا	دخ	ڔ	تروا	ٱش	وَ	هم	ظُهُورِه	وَرَآءَ
and worst	tis	little	a gain	with	it	and b	oug	ght	the	ir backs	behind
فرحون	ڍ		لَّذِينَ	يُسكِنَّ أ	ŹÝ				(IAV)	تَرُونَ ا	مَايَثُ
rejoice	9	)	ou think no	ot (that	) tho	se who			٧	vhat they	buy
لَمِ		حَدُوا	أَن يُح	وَنَ	2 2	وّ			وَا	بِمَآأَذَ	
for what	that	t they a	re praised	and t	hey l	ove i	what they have brought (d			ht (done)	
مَذَابِ مَذَابِ	مِّنَ ٱلَّ		بِمَفَازَةٍ		م	فسبت	فُلاتَحُ			لَمْ يَفْعَلُواْ	
from the t	orme	ent (v	vill) escape	so )	you tl	hink no	t (tl	nat) <b>t</b> l	ney	they (di	id) not do
		Ó	أَلِيمُ	ابُ	عَذَ		7	وَلَهُ			
			painful	(is) a to	orme	nt ar	nd f	or the	m		

وَلِلّهِ مُلْكُ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءِ قَدِيرُ اللَّهِ إِنَّ فِي خَلْقِ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْآرْضِ وَٱخْتِلَافِ ٱلْآرْضِ وَٱخْتِلَافِ ٱلْآرْضِ وَٱخْتِلَافِ ٱلْآرْضِ وَٱخْتِلَافِ ٱلْآرْضِ وَٱلْآرُضِ وَٱلْآرُضِ وَالنَّهَارِ لَايَتِ لِلْأُولِي ٱلْآلْبَبِ اللَّهَوَتِ وَٱلْآرُضِ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهَ مَوَتِ وَٱلْآرُضِ رَبَّنَا مَا خَلَقْتَ هَلَذَا بَطِلًا سُبْحَنِكَ فَقِنَا عَذَابَ ٱلنَّارِ اللَّهُ مَا خَلَقْتَ هَلَذَا بَطِلًا سُبْحَنِكَ فَقِنَا عَذَابَ ٱلنَّارِ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْمُ الللللَّةُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللللللللْفُلِي اللللللللْفُولُولُ الللللْمُ اللللْمُلْمُ اللللَّهُ اللللللللللْمُ الللللللْمُ الللللللْمُ اللللللَ

189. And to Allāh belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth, and Allāh has power over all things. 190. Verily, in the creation of the heavens and the earth, and in the alternation of night and day, there are indeed signs for men of understanding. 191. Those who remember Allāh (always, and in prayers) standing, sitting, and lying down on their sides, and think deeply about the creation of the heavens and the earth, (saying): `Our Lord! You have not created (all) this without purpose, glory to You! (Exalted are You above all that they associate with You as partners). Give us salvation from the torment of the Fire.

عَلَيْ كُلِّ	9	وَٱللَّهُ	فق	ٱلأر	وَ	تِ	سَّمَاوَا	ĬĨ		ع ع	وَلِلَّهِ مُلْل	
over every	and	d Allah	and t	he ea	irth	(of) t	he heav	/ens	and	for Alla	h (is the)	dominion
وَٱلْأَرْضِ		وَاتِ	لسكما	Ĩ	(	خَلْقِ	فِي	(	نِّالِ		قَدِيرُ	شىء
and the ear	nd the earth (of) the						reation	ind	deed	(is) All-Power		ul thing
لُبَنِ	ولي ٱلأَلْبَبِ			لَيْلِ وَٱلنَّهَارِ لَأَيْنَتِ لِل				ٱلَّيْلِ	,	تِلَافِ	وَٱخْ	
(of) understa	of) understanding for r			are) v	erily s	signs	and da	ay (c	of) nig	ht and	(in the)	alternation
فَكُ رُونَ	ويتا	وم ا	م جنوب	عَلَىٰ۔	9	دًا	وَقعُو وَقعُو	لمَا	قِيَ	آللّه	ِذَكُرُونَ بَذَكُرُونَ	ٱلَّذِينَ
and they ref	lect	and (lyi	ng) or	their	rside	sanc	sitting	stan	ding	those w	ho reme	mber Allah
تَ هَندَا	فَلَقَد	مَاخَ	Ĺ	رَبّ	(	﴿ رُضِ	وَٱلْهِ	ي ،	مكوات	ٱللَّـ	لِّقِ	فِي خُ
You (did) no	ou (did) not create this			Lord	an	d the	earth	(of)	the heavens		on (the	creation
ٱلتَّارِشَ	ب ٱلتَّارِش		<u>۔</u> کاب	É	eir sides and sitting standing those who reme ق السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ rd and the earth (of) the heavens on (the		بَطِلًا					
(of) the Fi	(of) the Fire (from the			torm	ent	th	en save	e us	Glo	ory be t	o You	(in) vain

رَبَّنَا ٓ إِنَّكَ مَن تُدِّخِلِ ٱلنَّارَ فَقَدْ ٱخۡزَيْتَهُۥ وَمَا لِلظَّلِمِينَ مِنْ أَنصَارِ ۚ رَبَّنَا وَالْتَا وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَلَيْنَا وَاللَّهُ وَلَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّالَةُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّالِي وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّالِمُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِمُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّالِمُ اللَّاللَّالِمُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّالِمُواللَّاللَّاللَّالِلَّا اللَّاللَّالِمُولَا اللَّاللَّالِمُولَا اللَّاللَّاللَّالِمُ

## وَكَ فِرْ عَنَا سَيِّعَاتِنَا وَتُوفَّنَا مَعَ ٱلْأَبْرَارِ شَ رَبَّنَا وَءَانِنَا مَا وَعَدَّنَنَا عَلَى رُسُلِكَ وَلَا تُخُزِنَا يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيكُمَةِ إِنَّكَ لَا تُخُلِفُ ٱلْمِيعَادَ شَ

192. `Our Lord! Verily, whom You admit to the Fire, indeed, You have disgraced him; and never will the *Zālimūn* (polytheists and wrongdoers) find any helpers. 193. `Our Lord! Verily, we have heard the call of one (Muhammad ) calling to Faith: `Believe in your Lord,' and we have believed. Our Lord! Forgive us our sins and expiate from us our evil deeds, and make us die (in the state of righteousness) along with *Al-Abrār* (the pious believers of Islamic Monotheism). 194. ``Our Lord! Grant us what You promised to us through Your Messengers and disgrace us not on the Day of Resurrection, for You never break (Your) Promise.''

,	وروره خزیته	فَقَدُأَ			اک	ٱلنَّ	تُدُخِلِ	مَن		إِنَّكَ	رُبَّنَا
then sure						lmit	to the Fire	who	m '	verily [You]	our Lord
سَمِعَنَا						مِنَ	لِمِينَ	لِلظَّا		مَا	و
indeed w	e heard	d our l	ord	an	y helpe	ers	for the wr	ongdo	ers	and (there	will be) not
الله الله	كُمْ فَعَامِنَا كُمْ				بر	وأ	أَنْءَامِنُ	كنِ	لٍيهَ	يُنَادِي لِلْإِ	مُنَادِيًا
so we ha	o we have believed in yo				Lord	a crier					
إعاتينا	عَنَّا سَيِّعَاتِنَا				ڪ	و	ذُنُو بَنَا	نَا	Í	ٱغۡفِرۡ	رُبُّنَاهُ
our evil	deeds	from	us	and	d expia	expiate our sins [for] us our Lord					
مَا	نَا	وَءَانِ	150	نا	رَبّ		لأَبْرَارِ ١	ĺ	نع	ناً ﴿	وَتُوفّ
what	[and]	grant (	ıs	our	Lord	th	e truly virtu	ous	wit	th and m	ake us die
يوم	النَّخْزِنَا يَوْمَ						بسُلِكَ	عَلَىٰ وُ		نَا	وَعَد
(on the)	on the) Day and (do) not o				race us	th	rough Your	Mess	enge	ers You pr	omised us
	فُ ٱلِّمِيعَادَ ١						إِنَّكَ		ر صلح مقر	ٱلْقِيكَ	
	never violate (You					е	indeed You	(of	) Re	ssurection	

فَاسْتَجَابَ لَهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ أَنِي لَآ أُضِيعُ عَمَلَ عَمِلِ مِّن ذَكَرٍ أَوَ أُنثَى لَا تَضُكُم مِّن اللهُ مَ رَبُّهُمْ أَنِي لَآ أُضِيعُ عَمَلَ عَمِلِ مِّن كُم مِّن ذَكَرٍ أَوَ أُنثَى لَا يَعْضُكُم مِّن اللهُ عَمْلَ عَمِلِ مِّن ذَكِرِهِمْ وَأُوذُواْ فِي سَبِيلِي وَقَنتَلُواْ وَقُتِلُواْ بَعْضُ

# لَأُكُفِّرَنَّ عَنْهُمْ سَيِّعَاتِهِمْ وَلَأَدْ خِلَنَّهُمْ جَنَّتٍ تَحْرِى مِن تَحْتِهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ ثَوَابًا مِنْ عَنْهُمْ مَنْ تَعْتِهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ ثَوَابًا مِنْ عِنداهُ، حُسَّنُ ٱلثَّوَابِ اللَّهِ عِنداهُ، حُسَّنُ ٱلثَّوَابِ اللَّهَ عِنداهُ، حُسَّنُ ٱلثَّوَابِ

195. So, their Lord accepted of them (their supplication and answered them), "Never will I allow to be lost the work of any of you, be they male or female. You are (members) one of another, so those who emigrated and were driven out from their homes, and suffered harm in My Cause, and who fought, and were killed (in My Cause), verily, I will expiate from them their evil deeds and admit them into Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise); a reward from Allāh, and with Allāh is the best of rewards."

عَمِلٍ	(	يعُ عَمَلَ	لَآأُخِه	نِي	م	رجو ربع	2	8	عَابَ	فُأسْتَجَ		
(of) a worker	(do) not	let go to	o waste labo	our tha	I the	eir Lord	[to]	them	so ar	rswered		
، ها جَرُوا	فَٱلَّذِينَ	<u>د</u>	مِّنْ بَعۡضِ	کُم	بعض	هر رصا انتی	أُوَ	: کړ	مِّن دَ	مِّنكُم		
so those who	those who emigrated (is) from (the) o					or fen	nale	2				
في سَيِيلِي		وذُواْ	وَأَهْ	مَيْ	دِيَرِه	مِن		وَأُخْرِجُواْ				
in My Cause	and	were pe	ersecuted	from	from their homes and were driven							
سيِّعاتِه	1	- 6 -	<b>ڎ</b> ۠ػڣؚۜۯڹؘۜۜۘٛؖ	Í		وَ قُٰتِلُواْ	)		لتَلُوا	وَقَ		
their evil dee	eds su	rely I wi	ll remit fror	n them	and	were k	illed	and	d who	fought		
كَرُ ثُوابًا	ا ٱلْأَنْهَ	رَخَّةِ ن	بَجُـُرِی مِ	:َّنْتِ	وَلَأَدْ خِلَنَّهُمْ جَنَّاتٍ							
a reward [the]	rivers	flow und	der them	(to) Gai	dens	and wo	uld c	ertain	ly adm	nit them		
ٱلتَّوَابِ	مِندَهُ, حُسَنُ ٱلتَّوَابِ						يرقك ل <b>ك</b>	مندِٱلْ	مِّنَ عِ			
(of) rewards	(of) rewards (is the) best with H					from (	the)	Prese	nce (o	f) Allah		

لَا يَغُرَّنَكَ تَقَلُّبُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ فِي ٱلْبِلَدِ هَا مَتَعُ قَلِيلٌ ثُمَّ مَأُوَ هُمْ جَهَنَّمُ وَ وَبِثْسَ ٱلْمَهَا وَيَهُمْ هَمُ مَكَعُ قَلِيلٌ ثُمَّ مَأَوَ هُمْ جَهَنَّمُ وَبِيثَ اللَّهُ وَبِيثَ اللَّهُ وَمَا عِندَ ٱللَّهِ خَيْرً لِلْأَبْرَادِ هَا خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا نُزُلًا مِّنْ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا عِندَ ٱللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لِلْأَبْرَادِ هَا خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا نُزُلًا مِّنْ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا عِندَ ٱللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لِلْأَبْرَادِ هَا

196. Let not the free disposal (and affluence) of the disbelievers throughout the land deceive you. 197. A brief enjoyment; then their ultimate abode is Hell; and

worst indeed is that place for rest. 198. But, for those who fear their Lord, are Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise); therein are they to dwell for ever, an entertainment from Allāh; and that which is with Allāh is the best for *Al-Abrār* (the pious believers of Islamic Monotheism).

رُوا _	نَ كَفَ	ٱلَّذِيرَ			َقَالُّبُ عَقَلُّبُ	ś			لايَغُرَّنَّكَ
(of) those v	who	disbelie	ved	(the) fluo	ctuation (f	ree dis	posal)	le	t not deceive you
جهنم جهنم		رَنْهُ مَ	ر مَأْوَ	تُمُّ	قَلِيلُ		مَتْعُ		فِي ٱلْبِلَادِ ﴿
(is) Hell					brief	an e	njoymeı	nt	in the land
جَنَّتُ	مُ هُمُ جَنْتُ			ٱتَّقَوَّا رَبَّ	نِ ٱلَّذِينَ	لَكِرِ		اد	وَبِئْسَ ٱلْمِهَ
(are) Garder	ns fo	r them	fear	their Lord	but thos	e who	and wo	rst i	s the resting place
نُزُلًا		فيهكا		دين	خَلِ	و و	ٱلْأَنْهَا	١	تَجُرِی مِن تَحْتِهَ
a hospitality	a hospitality therein			/ (would) d	well forev	er the rivers		flowing under them	
ر براد ١	خَيْرٌ لِلْأَبْرَادِ			وَمَا عِندَاُللَّهِ		و		مِّنَ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ	
for the right	for the righteous (is) best (			s) with Allah	and that which from (the) Presence (of)		Presence (of) Allah		

وَإِنَّ مِنْ أَهْلِ ٱلْكِتَٰبِ لَمَن يُؤْمِنُ بِٱللَّهِ وَمَآ أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ وَمَآ أُنزِلَ إِلَيْهِمَ خَن خَشِعِينَ لِلَّهِ لَا يَشْتَرُونَ بِعَايَتِ ٱللَّهِ ثَمَنَا قَلِيلاً أُوْلَيَهِكَ لَهُمْ أَجُرُهُمْ عِن كَرَبِهِمْ أَوْلَيَهِكَ لَهُمْ أَجُرُهُمْ عِن كَرَبِهِمْ أَإِن اللَّهَ سَرِيعُ ٱلْحِسَابِ فَي يَتَأَيّنُهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱصْبِرُواْ وَصَابِرُواْ وَرَابِطُواْ وَاتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ لَعَلَكُمْ تُفُلِحُونَ فَي

199. And there are, certainly, among the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians), those who believe in Allāh and in that which has been revealed to you, and in that which has been revealed to them, humbling themselves before Allāh. They do not sell the Verses of Allāh for a little price, for them is a reward with their Lord. Surely, Allāh is Swift in account. 200. O you who believe! Endure and be more patient (than your enemy), and guard your territory by stationing army units permanently at the places from where the enemy can attack you, and fear Allāh, so that you may be successful.

لَمَن	ٱلۡكِتَٰبِ	مِنْ أَهْلِ	وَ إِنَّ
surely (there are those) who	(of) the Scripture	among (the) people	and certainly

وَمَآ أُنزِلَ	إِلَيْكُمْ			آأنزِل	وَمَ		للّهِ	يُؤْمِنُ بِأ
and what has been revealed	to you	and	wha	t has b	een re	vealed	d belie	ve in Allah
بِعَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ	يَشَّتَرُونَ	Ý V		لَّهِ	عِينَ لِ	خَسْ		إكثم
(the) Verses (of) Allah	iey (do) not	sell	the	y bow	ow to Allah i		umility	to them
دَ رَبِّهِمْ إِنَّ ٱللهَ	هُمْ عِن	اَج اَجر	٢	ر و د	<u>_</u>	أُوْلَيْمِ	قَلِيلًا	ثمنكا
indeed Allah their Lord wi	th (is) thei	r rewar	d for	r them	tho	se	little	(at) a price
صَبِرُوا وَصَابِرُوا	ءَا مَنُواْ	بين	ٱلَّذِ	أيها	يَدُ الله	اب	ٱلۡحِسَ	سَرِيعُ
and [be] patient be steadf	ast who	believe	eve O (		u) (to	o take	) account	(is) Swift
كُمْ تُفُلِحُونَ	لَعَكَ	أُللَّهُ	ي و	وَأَو	وَرَا بِطُواْ			
so that you may be su	iccessful	and fe	ear A	llah	and s	stand	firm as g	uards



### بِسْ لِللَّهِ ٱلرَّمْزِ ٱلرَّحِيدِ

#### Sūrah An-Nisā' (The Women) 4

In the Name of Allāh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

1. O mankind! Be dutiful to your Lord, Who created you from a single person (Adam), and from him (Adam) He created his wife [Hawwa (Eve)], and from them both He created many men and women; and fear Allāh through Whom you demand (your mutual rights), and (do not cut the relations of) the wombs (kinship). Surely, Allāh is Ever an All-Watcher over you. 2. And give to the

orphans their property and do not exchange (your) bad things for (their) good ones; and devour not their substance (by adding it) to your substance. Surely, this is a great sin.

٠,	ألرتجي					ألرهكين				الله الله			ب	
the Mo	st Me	erciful		t	he Mo	st Grad	iou	S		In the	Nam	e (of)	Allah	
وَخَلَقَ	جِدَةِ	وَدَ	نَّفَسِ		قَكُمُ مِّر	خَلَ	ی	ٱلَّذِ	خُمُ	ٱتَّقُواْرَبِّ	(	ٱلنَّاسُ	يَّا يُّي	
and created	sing	le a p	oerson	crea	ted yo	u from	W	ho	fear	your Lord	d m	ankin	d O	
وَ نِسَاءً	ثِيرًا	ُ کَنِ	رِجَالًا					9	جَهَا	زُو		مِنهَا		
and women	ma	iny	men	from	them	both	and	d sp	read	his m	his mate		from him	
نَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ	<u> </u>	م /ع	الأرْحَا	وَا		بِلْمِ			ءَ لُونَ	ٱلَّذِي تَسَا		لله	وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱ	
indeed Alla	h is	and	the wo	ombs	thro	ugh H	im	Wł	nom )	ou dema	and	and f	ear Allah	
الْخَبِيثَ	بَدَّلُو	وَلَاتَة	)	ا المح المحم	أُمُوَ		کی	ٱلۡيَٰٺَ	ءَا تُواْ	و		رَقِيبًا	عَلَيْكُمْ	
and (do) not	exch	nange	bad -	their v	wealth	and g	give	unto	the	orphans	Wat	tchful	over you	
ر ج آ	وَلِكُمُ	إِلَىٰ أَمُ			مُ	وَالْمُهُ	اً أَمْ	رَّةً مُورِ تَأْكُلُو	وَلَا		<u>ا</u>	بِٱلطَّيِّبِ		
(by adding	g it) t	o you	ır wea	lth	h and devour not their wealth for g					or good				
			Ć.	كَبِيرًا ﴿	بًا أ	څو		کَانَ	إِنَّهُ					

وَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ أَلَّا نُقَسِطُواْ فِي ٱلْمِنْهَى فَأَنكِحُواْ مَاطَابَ لَكُمْ مِّنَ ٱلنِّسَآءِ مَثَنَى وَثُلَثَ وَرُبَعَ فَإِنْ خِفْنُمُ أَلَّا نَعُولُواْ فَوَحِدةً أَوْمَا مَلَكَتُ أَيْمَنْكُمُ ذَلِكَ أَدْنَى آلَّا تَعُولُواْ ﴿ وَءَاتُواْ ٱلنِّسَآءَ صَدُقَنْهِنَّ خِلَةً فَإِن طِبْنَ لَكُمْ عَن شَيْءٍ مِّنْهُ نَفْسًا فَكُلُوهُ هَنِيَاً مَّرَيْعَا ﴾

a sin

great

indeed this is

3. And if you fear that you shall not be able to deal justly with the orphan girls then marry (other) women of your choice, two or three, or four; but if you fear that you shall not be able to deal justly (with them), then only one or (slaves) that your right hands possess. That is nearer to prevent you from doing injustice. 4. And give to the women (whom you marry) their *Mahr* (obligatory bridal-money given by the husband to his wife at the time of marriage) with a good heart; but if they, of their own good pleasure, remit any part of it to you,

take it, and enjoy it without fear of any harm (as Allāh has made it lawful).

كِحُوا	فَأَنَ		ر کی	فِي ٱلْيَكَ				طُوا	لَّا نُقَسِ	É			مح	وَإِنْ خِفْ
then m	narry	wit	h the o	orphan (g	irls)	that	ou wi	ll not	be able	to do	just	ice	and	if you fear
مِفْنَمَ	<u>فَإ</u> ِنَ خِ		ور سا ربع	لَكْثُ وَ	و څ	ئى ئ	á	نِّسَآءِ	مِّنَٱل	3	Ú		<i>ب</i>	مَاطَاه
but if y	ou fe	ar	or fo	ur or th	ree	two of [the] women to yo			you	wha	at se	eems good		
ذَالِكَ		ج گم	أَيْمُكُ	مَلَكَتَ		مَا	أَوَّ	لَـُ ةً	فَواجِ			ء هره عَدِلُوا	للان	ĺ
that	your right hands posse					oossess or what then one that					t you can not do justice			
عَلَّحُ	بِنَّ	قَائِرٍ	صَدُ	يآءَ	ألنِّسَ	ءَاتُواْ	9		(*)	عُولُوا	أُلَّاذَ			أَدۡنَى
happily	/ the	eir d	ower	and giv	e to	the w	omen	th	at you v	will no	ot op	pres	SS	(is) nearer
وه	فَكُلُ			نَفْسًا		مِنه	ب سیءِ	عَن	لَكُمْ			بَنَ	نطِ	فإ
then y	you eat it (on their) own				1 (	of it	any p	part to you		u bı	ut if t	hey	willi	ngly remit
					آب سِ	<u>u</u>		عَا	هَنِيَ					
					, ",				(with) wholesomeness					

5. And give not to the foolish your property which Allāh has made a means of support for you, but feed and clothe them therewith, and speak to them words of kindness and justice. 6. And try the orphans (as regards their intelligence) until they reach the age of marriage; if then you find sound judgement in them, release their property to them, but consume it not wastefully and hastily, fearing that they should grow up, and whoever (amongst guardians) is rich, he should take no wages, but if he is poor, let him have for himself what is just and reasonable (according to his labour). And when you release their property to

them, take witness in their presence; and Allāh is All-Sufficient in taking account.

جُعَلَاللّهُ		ٱلَّتِي	ٛػٛؠٛ	أَمُواَ			آهَ	ٱلسُّفَ	ا تُؤَتُّوا	وَا	
Allah has ma	ade	which	your	wealth	and giv	/e n	ot to	the w	eak of ι	unde	erstanding
كُسُوهُمُ	وَآ		فيها	م	ۅۘٲڔٙڔ۬ڡؙۅ <b>ۿ</b>			مًا	قِيدَ		لگن
and clothe	then	n fr	om it	but	feed them	1	me	eans c	f supp	ort	for you
حَقَّےۤ إِذَا		نَامَىٰ	ِ مِنْ لُواْ اَلَٰدِ بِنْلُواْ اَلَٰدِ	واً	رُوفًا ۞	24	قَوۡلَا		عور م	,	وَقُولُواْ
until when	a	nd test	the or	phans	(of) go	od	wo	ords	to the	em	and speak
ۯؙۺؙۮؘٵ		بود مهم	٩	م يو	فَإِنَّءَانَ				لنِّكَاحَ	هر فواآ	بَك
mature min	ded	[of] tl	nem	then if y	ou percei	ve	they	/ reac	h (the a	age	of) marriage
إِسْرَافَا		ها	تَأْكُلُو	وَلَا	رُهُمُ مُ	أُمُو		لميا	إِلَيْ		فَأَدُفَعُوا
wastefully		but yo	ou eat i	at it not their we			th	to t	hem	th	nen deliver
غَنِيًّا	انَ	وَمَنَ كَا			ع گَبرُواْ	أَرَ				<u>وَب</u> ِدَارًا	
rich	and	who is		(fearing	g) that the	y w	ould	grow	ow up and hasti		
فَقِيرًا	نَ	وَمَن كَا				<u>ا</u>	ئفةً	رو برو پست	فَلَ		
poor	an	d who i	S	then he	should a	bsta	ain ei	ntirely	(from	taki	ng wages)
أُمُوالْهُمُ	ام ا	إِلَيْ	فَلْيَأْكُلُ بِٱلْمَعُرُونِ فَإِذَا دَفَعَتُمْ					فَلْيَا			
their wealth	n to	them	and v	when you	ı deliver		fairl	у	then let him eat (of i		
سِيبًا۞	چ	غ	بِٱللَّا	ي	وَكُوْ		ي الم	عَلَ		ر دُوا	فَأَشْرِ
(as) a Reck	(as) a Reckoner Allah			and suf	and sufficient is or			on them then take witness		e witnesses	

### وَلْيَقُولُواْ قَولًا سَدِيدًا ۞ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَأْكُلُونَ أَمُولَ ٱلْيَتَنَمَىٰ ظُلْمًا إِنَّمَا يَأْكُلُونَ فِي بُطُونِهِمْ نَازًا وَسَيَصْلَوْنَ سَعِيرًا ۞

7. There is a share for men and a share for women from what is left by parents and those nearest related, whether, the property be small or large – a legal share. 8. And when the relatives and the orphans and *Al-Masakīn* (the needy) are present at the time of division, give them out of the property, and speak to them words of kindness and justice. 9. And let those (executors and guardians) have the same fear in their minds as they would have for their own, if they had left weak offspring behind. So, let them fear Allāh and speak right words. 10. Verily, those who unjustly eat up the property of orphans, they eat up only fire into their bellies, and they will be burnt in the blazing Fire!

وَٱلْأَقْرَبُونَ	زلِدَانِ	تَركَ ٱلْوَ		Ú	W W W			نَصِيبُ		لِّلرِّجَالِ
and near relative	s is left (b	y) pare	nts	from	ı wl	nat	(ther	e is) a s	hare	for men
وَٱلْأَقْرَبُونَ	لُوَالِدَانِ	تَرَكَ ٱ		مِمّا			وو ميب	نَصِ		وَلِلنِّسَاءَ
and near relatives	is left (by)	parents	fro	from what		(ther	e is) a	share	and	for women
وَ إِذَا حَضَرَ	رُوضًا ﴿	سَّ جَهِ مَفْرُ	بـًا	أَوْكُثُرُ نَصِيبً		قُلِّ مِنْهُ		Ś	هما	
and when come	ordained (by	y Allah)	lah) a share			much	n is	little o	fit	from what
نُ فَأَرَزُفُو هُم	ألمسك	ن و	لينكمح	وأأ	ن	ٱلۡقُرۡ	أُوْلُواْ		هَمَ	ٱلْقِسَ
then feed them	and the needy	and t	the or	rphans	ohans the		he relatives		time	e of) division
بَخْشُ ٱلَّذِينَ	ا ﴿ وَأَ	نَعُرُوفَ	4	قَوۡلَا		2	2	لُوا	و قو	مِّنَّهُ
and let fear those	who (of) I	kindnes	S	words	S	to tl	nem	and	say	out of it
	خَافُواْ							خَلْفِهِ	مِنْ	لَوۡتَرَكُوا
they would have f	eared about	them	wea	k (	offs	pring	a <sup>-</sup>	fter the	m	if they left
بديدان	سَدِيدًا			وَلُواْ قَ	لُيقً	وَ		علّا	م قوا أ	فَلَيَتَ
well-directed (right and fair) ar			let th	em sp	eak	word	ls	so let t	them	fear Allah
إِنَّمَا يَأْكُلُونَ	لَمَى خُطْلُمًا إِنَّمَا يَأْكُلُونَ			أُمُوٰلَ		أُمُّو	، يَأْكُلُونَ		إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ	
only they eat up				ns (the) wealth		indeed those w			who eat up	

وَسَيَصْلُوْنَ سَعِيرًا ۞	نَارًا	فِي بُطُونِهِمَ
and they will be burnt in blazing Fire	fire	in their bellies

يُوصِيكُو الله فِي اَوْلَا حَكُمُّ لِلذَّكِرِ مِثْلُ حَظِّ الْأُنشَيْنَ فَإِن كُنَّ نِسَآءً فَوْقَ اَثَنتَيْنِ فَلَهُمَا اللَّمُ الله فَي اللَّه وَاللَّه وَاللَّهُ وَاللّهُ وَالْ

11. Allāh commands you as regards your children's (inheritance): to the male, a portion equal to that of two females; if (there are) women (only daughters), two or more, their share is two-thirds of the inheritance; if only one (daughter), her share is a half. For parents, a sixth share of inheritance to each if the deceased left children; if no children, and the parents are the (only) heirs, the mother has a third; if the deceased left brothers or (sisters), the mother has a sixth. (The distribution in all cases is) after the payment of legacies he may have bequeathed or debt. You know not which of them, whether your parents or your children, are nearest to you in benefit; (these fixed shares) are ordained by Allāh. And Allāh is Ever All-Knower, All-Wise.

۾ ررو <sup>ع</sup> نشياين	ٱلّٰا	حَظِ	مِثُلُ	)	َکَرِ	لِلذَّ	وسط	دِڪُ	فِيَّأُوْك	و الله	يۇصِيا
(of) two fe	males	share	equal	to	for the	mal	e ii	n your c	hildren	Allah er	njoins you
م ثُلُثًا		و آ <del>ه</del> ن	فَلَوْ		ٱثُنْتَيْنِ		فُوَّقَ		Ś	كُنَّ نِسَا	فَإِنَ
(is) two-th	nirds	then fo	r them		two	m	ore (	(than)	but if (	there) <mark>ar</mark>	e women
لِنِّصُفُ	Ĩ	6	فَلَ		كة	<u>ک</u>	نَتُ وَ	وَإِنكَا		<u>صد</u> رک	مَاةَ
(is) the h	alf	then fo	r her		and if (	ther	e) is (	(only) o	ne	(of) wha	t he left
كَانَلَهُ.	إِن	ئاترك		و س	ٱلسَّكُدُ	آما	مِنْ	وَاحِدِ	لِكُلِّ	يُدِ	وَلِأَبُوهَ
for him is	if	of what l	ne left	a	sixth	of t	hem	one	for eac	h and f	or parents
أَبُواهُ		ِ تُه	وَوَدِ		وَلَدُّ		بَعْرَ	يَكُن	لَّهُ	فَإِن	وَلَدُّ وَلَدُّ
his paren	its	and inh	and inherit him		a child		for him is		not	and if	a child

ه ه ه ۶ سُّـدُسُ	ٱلد	ځ <u>م</u> ّ	فَالِ	جر م <u>ع</u> خوة	<u> </u>	كَانَ لَهُوَ	ن	فا	اَلثَّلْثُ	عِمْ	فَلِأ
a sixtl	h th	en for his	mother	brothe	rs	for him is	and	d if	a third	then for h	is mother
ُؤُكُم <u>ً</u>	ءَابَآ	رة قا ين	أُوَّدُ	7	آخ.	يۇرچى			يّةِ	وَصِ	مِنْ بَعَدِ
your p	arents	or (an	y) debt	of whicl	h] h	ne bequeath	ned	(pa	ayment o	f) bequest	after
أي الم	فَ	لگو	أَثْرِ هِ قَرَبُ	Í		نَ أَيُّهُمْ	د <u>ُ</u> رُو	ک ت	ĺ	ُؤُكُم <u>ً</u>	وَأَبْنَا
(in) be	nefit	to you	(is) nea	rer yo	u (c	do) <mark>not kno</mark>	w w	hich	of them	and you	children
		حَكِيـ	لِيمًا	كَانُعَا		نَّ ٱللَّهَ	1		َ اللهِ	يضَكةً مِّر	فرِ
	All-	Wise	is All-	Knowing	ing indeed Allah			1	prescribed by Allah		

12. In that which your wives leave, your share is a half if they have no child; but if they leave a child, you get a fourth of that which they leave after payment of legacies that they may have bequeathed or debt. In that which you leave, their (your wives) share is a fourth if you leave no child; but if you leave a child, they get an eighth of that which you leave after payment of legacies that you may have bequeathed or debt. If the man or woman whose inheritance is in question has left neither ascendants nor descendants, but has left a brother or a sister, each one of the two gets a sixth; but if more than two, they share in a third, after payment of legacies he (or she) may have bequeathed or debt, so that no loss is caused (to anyone). This is a Commandment from Allāh; and

#### Allāh is Ever All-Knowing, Most Forbearing.

كُن لَّهُ كَان لَّهُ كُن لَّهُ	ریکا	ن لَّهُ	و م	جُ ﴿	كِ أَزُوا	تر		مَا	نِصُفُ		وَلَكُمْ and for you	
for them i	is n	ot if		left you	ır wives	;	(of)	what	(is)	half	and for you	
											وَلَدُّ فَإِن	
of what the	ey left	a f	ourth	then	for you	a	child	for t	hem is	a	nd if a child	
		-									مِنْ بَعْدِ	
											iest after	
فَإِن	رَ رَلُدُ		نُلُّ	يَڪُ	ن لَّمْر	مِمَّا تَرَكَّتُمُ إِن لَيْ not if of what you have left					ٱلرُّبُعُ	
and if	a chi	ld	for yo	ou is	not	if	of v	vhat yo	u have	eleft	a fourth	
ك يُح	تَرَكَ	مِمّا		م و و من	ٱلشُّ		فَلَهُنَّ	9.	وَلَدُ	المحرية	كَانَ لَه	
of what you	what you have left behind (is)					ther	n for th	nem a	child		for you is	
أُوديْنِ		E	ے بھ	و صور	توء			تيَّةِ	وَصِ		مِّنْ بَعْدِ	
or debt		of w	hich] <mark>y</mark>	ou beq	عَدِ وَصِيَّةِ تُوْم ueath (payment of) bequest af						after	
											وَإِن كَانَ	
but he has	or	woma	an te	stator h	aving n	о ра	rents a	and chil	dren	n and if man is		
الله و م	ĺ	هُ مَا	ز مِّ	وَحِدِ	(	لِکُلِّ	فَ	رو ت	وأخنا		أخ	
(is) a sixtl	h	of tw	0	one	ther	n for	each	or	a siste	er	a brother	
											فَإِن كَانُوا	
after	after in a third (are) part					the	y tha	n that	bu	t if th	ey are more	
ضَادِّ	إِ غَيْرً مُضَارِّ						^	ئى جها	يُوُم		وَصِيَّةِ	
being har	being harmful without or				debt	[01	which	n] was l	oeque	athed	bequest	
					وَصِيَّةً مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ							
All-Forbea					g and Allah (this is) a Commandment fr			nt from Allah				

تِـلُّكَ حُـدُودُ ٱللَّهِ وَمَن يُطِعِ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ. يُدْخِلَهُ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِي

مِن تَحْتِهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا وَذَالِكَ ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ اللَّهُ وَمَن يَعْضِ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ, وَيَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَهُ, يُدْخِلُهُ نَارًا خَلِدًا فِيهَا وَلَهُ, عَذَابُ مُنْهِينُ اللَّهِ عَذَابُ مُنْهِينُ اللَّهِ عَذَابُ مُنْهِينُ اللَّهِ عَذَابُ مُنْهِينُ اللَّهِ عَذَابُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

13. These are the limits (set by) Allāh (or ordainments as regards laws of inheritance), and whosoever obeys Allāh and His Messenger (Muhammad ②), will be admitted to Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise), to abide therein, and that will be the great success. 14. And whosoever disobeys Allāh and His Messenger (Muhammad ③), and transgresses His (set) limits, He will cast him into the Fire, to abide therein; and he shall have a disgraceful torment.

نولَهُۥ	<u>وَر</u> َسُ	ألله	طِع	وَ مَن يُهُ			\$ <b>&gt;</b>	تِلْكَ		
and His M	esseng	er and wh	osoev	er obeys A	llah	(are tl	he) lin	nits (set	by) Allah	these
لِدِينَ	خُ	ٱلْأَنْهَارُ	تِهَا	مِنتُحُ	رِي	تُجُ	تِ	جَنَّك	خِلَّهُ	يُدُ
(to) abide f	abide forever the rivers			flow under	them	ı	(to) (	Gardens	He will a	dmit him
ر ٱللَّهَ	وَمَن يَعْصِ ٱللَّهَ			ٱلْعَظِيب		ء بر وز	ٱلۡفَ		وَذَالِكَ	فيها
and whoso	ever di	sobeys Allah	(	great	(wor	ıld be)	the s	uccess	and that	therein
نكارًا		يُدِّخِلُهُ		ر و ده و	م حُ <b>دُ</b> و	نعد	وَيَنَ		سُولَهُ.	وَرَ
(to) Fire	He v	vould admit	him	and trar	isgre	sses H	lis lim	its a	nd His Mes	ssenger
(1) See N	عَذَابٌ مُّهِيبُ			وَ لَهُۥ			فيها		خَالِدًا	,
disgrace	disgraceful a torment			and he (will) have			therein he (would) abide			forever

وَالَّتِي يَأْتِينَ الْفَحِشَةَ مِن نِسَآيِكُمْ فَاسْتَشْهِدُواْ عَلَيْهِنَّ أَرْبَعَةً مِّنكُمُ فَالْتَهُ هُوُنَ الْمَوْتُ أَوْيَجُعَلَ اللّهُ لَمُنَّ فَإِن شَهِدُواْ فَأَمْسِكُوهُ فَ فِي الْبُكُوتِ حَتَّى يَتَوَفَّاهُنَّ الْمَوْتُ أَوْيَجُعَلَ اللّهُ لَمُنَّ فَإِن شَهِدُواْ فَأَمْسِكُوهُ فَنَ اللّهُ لَمُنَّ اللّهُ لَمُنَّ اللّهُ لَمُوْتُ اللّهُ لَمُنَّ اللّهُ لَلّهُ لَلّهُ لَلَهُ لَلّهُ لَلّهُ لَلّهُ لَلّهُ لَلّهُ لِلّهُ لِللّهِ لِلّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ عَنْهُمَ أَلَّ إِنَّ اللّهَ لِلّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ اللّهُ وَلَا إِنَّ اللّهِ لِلّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهِ لِلّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ اللّهُ وَلَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ وَكَانَ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ وَكَانَ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ وَكَانَ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ وَكَانَ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ وَكَانَ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ وَكَانَ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ وَكَانَ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ وَكَانَ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ وَكَانَ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ وَكَانَ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ وَكَانَ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ أَلّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ ال

عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ١

15. And those of your women who commit illegal sexual intercourse, take the evidence of four witnesses from amongst you against them; and if they testify, confine them (i.e. women) to houses until death comes to them or Allāh ordains for them some (other) way. 16. And the two persons (man and woman) among you who commit illegal sexual intercourse, hurt them both. And if they repent (promise Allāh that they will never repeat, i.e. commit illegal sexual intercourse and other similar sins) and do righteous good deeds, leave them alone. Surely, Allāh is Ever All-Forgiving (the One Who forgives and accepts repentance), (and He is) Most Merciful. 17. Allāh accepts only the repentance of those who do evil in ignorance and foolishness and repent soon (i.e., afterwards); it is they whom Allāh will forgive and Allāh is Ever All-Knower, All-Wise.

عَلَيْهِنَّ	ېدُواْ	فَأَسْتَشَرِ	ع ا	نِّسَآيِ					وَٱلَّتِي يَأْتِينَ			
against them	so call	to witness	of yo	ur wome	n	lew	/dness	and t	those w	/ho (	commit	
َلْ <sup>ب</sup> ُيُوتِ	فِي	هُ نَّ	أمسكو	فَ	دُوا	شَهِ	فَإِن	صے ۔	ک	مِن	أَزْبَعَكَ	
to (their) h	ouses	then co	nfine the	em and	if the	y be	ar witne	ess .	of you	J	four	
وَٱلَّذَانِ	كِبِيلًا۞ وَٱلَّذَانِ d those two who a way								حَيِّ يَتُوفِّكُهُنَّ			
and those two				for them or Allah makes [the] death						nes t	o them	
أصلكا	ابكا وأصلكا				وهم	عَاذُو	ف	ے و ت	مِند	لها	يَأْتِيكِ	
and mend the	eir ways	then if the	ney repei	nt then p	unish	1 the	m both	ofy	you (	comi	mit that	
واباً	كانَة	<b>-</b>	عَلَّا	عَلَّا آَنَٰ إِ			عند		بموأ	عُرِظ	فَأَحْ	
is Acceptor o	of the r	epentance	inde	ed Allah	froi	from both of them				then turn away		
لِلَّذِينَ	1	عَلَى ٱللَّهِ		ع م	لتَّوْب	آآ	اِدّ		(ii	مًا لمّ	رَّحِي	
(is) for those	who	upon Alla	h only	(accepta	nce c	of) th	ne reper	ntance	Mos	st M	erciful	
فَأْوُلَيْهِكَ	مِن قَرِيبٍ فَأْوُلَتِهِكَ			ثُمَّ يَتُوبُونَ			عِلَهُجِ			و ر ون	يعَّمَا	
then those	then those soon			hen they repent			gnoran	ce	d	o ev	il	
ڪِيَا۞	عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ١			وَكَاكَ ٱللَّهُ			يَتُوبُ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم اللَّه عَلَيْهِم اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم اللَّه عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِم اللَّه عَلَيْهِم اللَّه عَلَيْهِم اللَّه عَلَيْهِم اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِم اللَّه عَلَيْهِم اللَّه عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِمِي اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّه عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِم اللَّه عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِمُ عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّه عَلَيْهِم ا			7:		
All-Wise		All-Knowir	ng ar	g and Allah is			Allah accepts repentance of theirs				theirs	

وَلَيْسَتِ ٱلتَّوْبَ أُلِلَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ ٱلسَّيِّاتِ حَتَّى إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَهُمُ ٱلْمَوْتُ

قَالَ إِنِّ تُبَتُ ٱلْكَنَ وَلَا ٱلَّذِينَ يَمُوتُونَ وَهُمْ كُفَّارُ أُوْلَتِهِكَ أَعْتَدُنَا لَهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا إِنِّ يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا يَحِلُّ لَكُمْ أَن تَرِبُّواْ ٱلنِّسَآءَ كَرُهَا وَلا يَعِلُ لَكُمْ أَن تَرِبُّواْ ٱلنِّسَآءَ كَرُهَا وَلا يَعِلُ لَكُمْ أَن تَرِبُواْ ٱلنِّسَآءَ كَرُهَا وَلا يَعَنُ لُوهُنَّ لِلاَ قَالِهُ اللهُ وَهُنَّ لِلاَ قَالِهُ اللهُ وَهُنَّ لِللهَ عَنْ لِللهَ عَنْ وَفَي اللهُ وَعَلَى اللهُ وَيَعِ خَيْرًا فَعَلَى اللهُ وَيَهِ خَيْرًا فَي اللهُ وَيهِ فَيْرَا فَي اللهُ وَي اللهُ وَيهِ فَيْرًا فَي اللهُ وَيهِ فَيْرًا فَي اللهُ وَيهِ فَيْرًا فَي اللهُ وَيهِ فَيْرًا فَي اللهُ اللهُ وَيهِ فَيْرًا فَي اللهُ اللّهُ وَيهِ فَيْرُولُولُ فَي اللّهُ وَلِهُ لَا لَهُ اللّهُ وَلِهُ لَا لَهُ اللّهُ وَلِهُ لَهُ اللّهُ وَلِهُ اللّهُ وَلِهُ اللّهُ وَلِهُ اللّهُ وَلِهُ اللّهُ وَلَا لَا لَا لَا لَا لَا لَا لَا لَا لَهُ لَا لَا لَا لَا لَا لَا اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلِهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلِهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللّهُ اللللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللللللللللللللللللّ

18. And of no effect is the repentance of those who continue to do evil deeds until death faces one of them and he says: ``Now I repent;" nor of those who die while they are disbelievers. For them We have prepared a painful torment. 19. O you who believe! You are forbidden to inherit women against their will; and you should not treat them with harshness, that you may take away part of the *Mahr* you have given them, unless they commit open *Fāhishah* (illegal sexual intercourse or disobey their husbands); and live with them honourably. If you dislike them, it may be that you dislike a thing through which Allāh brings a great deal of good.

ذَاحَضَرَ	حَقَّحَا	كيِّئاتِ	نَ ٱللهَّ	عَمَلُو	يَ	زِین	لِلَّ		بُـةُ	إِ ٱلتَّوَ	وَلَيْسَتِ
until when	faces	do e	vil dee	eds	1	for those	who	ar	nd the	repen	tance is not
وَهُمُ	ِثُون <i>َ</i>	لَّذِينَ يَمُو	وَلَا أ	ٱلْكَنَ	هر ت	إِنِّي تُلِّدُ	J	قَا	رُ ثُ	ٱلۡمَو	أحدهم
while they	nor(for)those who die				veril	y I repen	t he s	says	[the]	death	one of them
لَهُ يُتَالِيُّهُا	عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا ﴿ يَكَأَ				أُعْتَدُنَا لَمُحُمْ					1	كُفَّارُ
O (you)	(you) painful a torment We				pre	pared for	then	1 t	hose	(are	disbelievers
كَرَهَا		اُ ٱلنِّسَاءَ	ن تَرِثُو	Ť		لَكُمْ	هِ ل	يكحي	Ž	ننوأ	ٱلَّذِينَءَاهُ
by force	that yo	ou inherit	[the]	wome	n 1	for you	it is	not l	awful	W	ho believe
مَآ	يُعْضِ	٠.٠	هَبُوا	لِتَذَهُ		وَلا تَعْضُلُوهُنّ					
(of) what	(of) what a part that you take				<i>l</i> ay	and (de	o) not	not put const		raints	upon them
نِيرُوهُ نَ	نُحِشَةٍ مُّبَيِّنَةً وَعَاشِرُوهُنَ					أَن يَأْتِينَ		ِ پُلاَ		و الله	ءَاتَيْتُمُ
and live wi	and live with them open lewd			Iness	that they commit			exce	ot you	u have	e given them

رَهُواْ شَيْعًا	أَنتُكُ	7	فعسى	نَّ	فَإِن كَرِهُ تُمُوهُ	بِٱلۡمَعۡرُوفِ		
that you dislik	e a thing	then	it may be	and i	f you dislike them	in a	good manner	
	بيراڤ	ڪ	خَيْرًا	فيه	وَ يَجْعَلُ ٱللَّهُ			
	much		good	in it	and Allah has pla	ced		

وَإِنَّ أَرَدَتُمُ اسْتِبْدَالَ زَوْجِ مَّكَانَ زَوْجِ وَءَاتَيْتُمْ إِحْدَىٰهُنَّ قِنطَارًا فَلَا تَأْخُذُواْ مِنْهُ شَيْعًا أَتَأْخُذُونَهُ, بُهْتَنَا وَإِثْمًا مُّبِينَا فَ وَكَيْفَ تَأْخُذُونَهُ, وَقَدُ أَفْضَى بَعْضُ كُمْ إِلَى بَعْضِ وَأَخَذُنَ مِنكُم مِيثَنَقًا غَلِيظًا فَ وَلَا نَنكِحُواْ مَا نَكَحَ ءَابَ وَكُمُ مِّنَ النِسكَآءِ إِلَّا مَا قَدْ سَلَفَ إِنَّهُ, كَانَ فَاحِشَةً وَمَقْتًا وَسَاءَ سَبِيلًا

20. But if you intend to replace a wife by another and you have given one of them a *Qintār* (of gold, i.e. a great amount as *Mahr*), take not the least bit of it back; would you take it wrongfully without a right and (with) a manifest sin? 21. And how could you take it (back) while you have gone in to each other, and they have taken from you a firm and strong covenant? 22. And marry not women whom your fathers married, except what has already passed; indeed it was shameful and most hateful, and an evil way.

Z-	زَو	<u>ر</u>	مَّكَارَ		<i>ذَوْج</i>	تِبُدَالُ	َرَدَيِّمُ ٱسَّـِ اردَيِّمُ ٱسَـِ	وَإِنَّ أَ
(have a r	new) wife	(and	in her) plac	е	(your) wife	and if yo	u intend gi	ving up
مِنْهُ	<i>و</i> ا	تَأْخُذُ	فَلَا		قِنطَارًا	الهُنَّ	يُشَكِّمُ إِحْدُه	وَءَادَ
from it				a	heap of gold	d and you ha	ave given <mark>o</mark>	ne of them
كَيُّفَ		مُّبِيد	وَ إِثْمًا		بُهُ تَكنَّا	رُونَهُ.	أَتَأْخُذُ	شيئا
and hov	v man	ifest	and wror	ıg	by slande	r (would) y	ou take it?	anything
ئَضِ	إِلَىٰ بَعَ		3 2	2	أفضى بعض	وَقَدُ	ر م و نه	تَأَخُذُ
(in) to	another		when sure	ely	has gone on	e of you	you cou	uld take it
يحوأ	غَلِيظًا ٥ وَلَا نَنكِحُوا		مِّيثَاقًا		منثم		وَأَخَذُ	
and n	and marry not strong			a covenant		from you and they h		nave taken

	مَاقَدُ سَلَفَ	اً يُلا	ألنِّسَآء	مِّر	3	نَكُحَ ءَابِآ وَأُو	مَا
what	has happened before	except	of [the] wor	nen	your fa	athers married	whom
	وَسَاءَ سَبِيلًا ١	U	وَمُقَتَ	ä	فكحِشَ	إِنَّهُ,كَانَ	
	and an evil way	and a	bomination	lev	vdness	indeed it was	

23. Forbidden to you (for marriage) are: your mothers, your daughters, your sisters, your father's sisters, your mother's sisters, your brother's daughters, your sister's daughters, your foster mothers who suckled you, your foster milk suckling sisters, your wives' mothers, your stepdaughters under your guardianship, born of your wives to whom you have gone in – but there is no sin on you if you have not gone into them (to marry their daughters), – the wives of your sons who (spring) from your own loins, and two sisters in wedlock at the same time, except for what has already passed; verily, Allāh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

وَأَخُوا تُكُمُ		وَبَنَا ثُكُمُ			المنتكم	أُمَّا	حُرِّمَتُ عَلَيْكُمْ			
and your sisters		and y	our d	aughters	your moth	ners	forbidden to you are			
ٱلأَخ	<u>م</u> ت	وَبَنَادُ		وَخَالَاتُكُمْ			وعماتكم			
(of) brother and daug		laugh	ters	and your	mother's sist	ters	and your father's sisters			
أرْضَعْنَكُمْ	قِيَ	ٱكَّ		الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	ي وَأَمَّهَ		ٱلأُخَ	وَ بَنَاتُ		
gave you suck	( W	ho	and	your (foste	r) mothers	(of	) sister	and daughters		

نِسَآيِكُمْ		ور أمّ هات	į	الرَّضَاعَةِ				وَأَخَوا تُكُم			
(of) your wives		and moth	from milk			suckling		and your sisters			
مِّن نِسَآيِكُمُ		ورِڪُم	فِي	(	ٱلَّتِي		٩	وَرَبُيِّبُكُمُ			
from your wives		in your guar	ship	who (ar		e) a	and your step-daughte				
دَ خَلْتُ م بِهِ بَ		تَكُونُواْ	فَإِن		م بِهِ نَّ		ت و	دُخَا	ٱلَّاتِي		
gone in them		you have	but if	f	you had go		one	in them	whom		
كُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ		لُ أَبْنَآيِد		<u>ُ</u> حَكَمِ	9	عَلَيْكُمْ			فكالجنكاح		
who (are) (of)		your sons	and wive		S	on you		t	then (there is) no		
كَيْنِ إِلَّا	ٱلْأُخْتَيْنِ إِلَّا		مُوا بَيْنَ			وَأَن تَجْمَا			مِنْ أَصْلَىبِكُمْ		
except two sisters		[between] and that yo				u gather together			from your (own) loins		
رَّحِيمًا ۞		نَ غَفُورًا	5	اَللّهَ	بق	ق ا		<u>ن</u> قل	مَاقَدُ سَلَهُ		
Most Merciful		is All-Forgiv	indeed Allah			what has happened before					

